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BOARD OF EDITORS Mr. Horace E. Smith, Chief Clerk of Weather Bureau, Professors Henry A. Hazen, Thomas Russell, and Charles F. Marvin, and Mr. Edward B. Garriott, in charge of Review Room.

INTRODUCTION.

2,713 regular and voluntary observers. These reports are classified as follows: 158 reports from Weather Bureau stations; 107 reports from United States Army post surgeons; 1,774 monthly reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather service and voluntary observers; 30 reports from state weather services established in all states and territories, except Idaho, and international simultaneous observations. Trustworthy newspaper extracts reports from Canadian stations; 218 reports through the Cen- and special reports have also been used.

This REVIEW is based on reports for February, 1892, from tral Pacific Railway Company; 426 marine reports through the

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE WEATHER FOR FEBRUARY, 1892.

The month was warmer than usual, except in the Atlantic Colorado the monthly precipitation was the greatest, and on coast states south of the 40th parallel. The greatest departite middle Gulf coast, in northern Arkansas, and at Bandon, ure above the normal temperature was reported over the northern plateau region and on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, where it was 5° to 10°, and the most marked departure below the normal temperature was noted on the North Carolina coast, where it was more than 2°. The highest temperature reported by a regular station of the Weather Bureau was 89°, at Brownsville, Tex., on the 11th, and the lowest was -33°, at Saint Vincent, Minn., on the 15th. The principal cold wave of the month advanced from the Northwest to the Atlantic coast from the 13th to 16th. Frost occurred generally over the Florida Peninsula as far south as Jupiter on the 13th. In the Gulf States and Texas frost was not reported south of the 30th parallel.

PRECIPITATION.

The monthly precipitation was generally deficient. On the north Pacific and middle Gulf coasts the amount of rainfall was 4 to 5 inches less than the February average, and in western Oregon, western Washington, over a great part of the Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Florida Peninsula, and along the Atlantic coast north of the 40th parallel the defi-ciency was more than 2 inches. The monthly precipitation was in excess from southern California and the southern plateau region to the lower Missouri valley, over parts of the Lake region and extreme north-central valleys, and at stations on the Virginia and North Carolina coasts. The greatest excess was noted at flatteras, N. C., and Leavenworth, Kans., where it was more than 2 inches. At stations in eastern Texas, central Missouri, southeastern Kansas, and western large region of visibility occurred on the 13th.

Oregon, and Tatoosh Island, Wash., it was the least ever reported for February. An unusual depth of snow was reported in the Adirondack Mountains, New York. In nearly all parts of Iowa the snowfall was insufficient to protect crops, and wheat and other grains were injured. Heavy snow fell in central Arizona and northern New Mexico the early part of the month. A heavy fall of snow occurred generally over New York and New England on the 11th and 12th.

STORMS.

Northerly gales prevailed along the middle Atlantic and North Carolina coasts on the 5th. On the 6th destructive thunderstorms occurred in Missouri and Arkansas. A local storm damaged property to the extent of about \$2,500 in Wood county, Ohio, on the 7th. Gales attended a heavy snow and rain storm over the middle Atlantic and New England states during the 11th and 12th. During a thunderstorm at Palestine, Tex., on the 19th damage was caused by heavy rain.

RIVERS.

Ice in the Saint Clair River broke up the early part of the month. An unusually heavy ice gorge in the Allegheny River at Red Bank broke on the 20th. A channel opened in the ice in the Mississippi River at La Crosse, Wis., on the 26th. At Davenport, Iowa, ice ran out on the 4th. The Missouri River

Unusually brilliant auroral displays over an exceptionally

ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE (expressed in inches and hundredths).

and 8 p. m. (75th meridian time), is shown on Chart II by iso-

middle plateau region, where it rises above 30.20 about the tricts, and an increase of pressure in the northeast and north-Great Salt Lake region in Utah. In districts east of the Mis-west districts and over the British Possessions. sissippi and south of the Ohio rivers it is generally above

The distribution of mean atmospheric pressure for February, 30.15. The normal pressure for February is lowest over New-1892, as determined from observations taken daily at 8 a. m. foundland, where it is below 29.90, and it is below 30.00 over the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, eastern Nova Scotia, and on the Pacific coast north of Washington. There is usually a de-In February the mean pressure is usually highest over the crease of mean pressure over the interior and southern dis-

The distribution of mean pressure in February, 1892, was

peculiar. The pressure was highest from eastern Manitoba over the north Lake Superior region, where it was above 30.20. It was above 30.15 from the central part of the middle plateau region over the middle Missouri valley and the north part of the Lake region, and from the Saint Lawrence Valley southwestward over the interior of the Atlantic and east Gulf states. The mean pressure was lowest in the lower Colorado valley, where it was below 30.00, and it was below 30.05 on the extreme north Pacific coast, along the middle and south Pacific coasts, over the west and south parts of the southern plateau region, and over eastern Nova Scotia.

The abnormally high pressure over the extreme north-central districts marks the path of six of the ten high pressure areas traced for the month, and five of the nine low areas traced traversed the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, where the departure below the normal pressure was most marked.

A comparison of the pressure chart for February, 1892, with that of the preceding month shows a general decrease of pressure, except east of a line traced from the Saskatchewan Valley to the south Atlantic coast. The most marked decrease of pressure occurred over the middle and northern plateau regions, where it was more than .15, and the greatest increase was noted from the eastern Lake Superior region to the middle Saint Lawrence valley, where the mean pressure was more than .15 higher than for January, 1892.

On the Washington coast, and from Manitoba, the Dakotas, and the middle Missouri valley to the Atlantic coast north of the 37th parallel the mean pressure was above the normal; elsewhere it was generally below the normal. The greatest excess in mean pressure was noted over eastern New England and the middle and lower Saint Lawrence valley, and on the extreme north Pacific coast, where it exceeded .10, and the most marked departure below the normal pressure was shown on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, where it was .07 to .13. On the middle and south Pacific coasts and over the south part of the southern plateau region the departure below the normal pressure was more than .05.

HIGH AND LOW AREAS.

The paths of areas of high and low pressure over the United States and Canada during February, 1892, are shown on Charts IV and I, respectively, and some of the prominent characteristics of the areas are given in the table at the end of this chapter.

HIGH AREAS.

Ten high areas appeared, the average number traced for February during the last 17 years being 8. Of the high areas traced 6 appeared in the British Northwest Territory, one off the north Pacific coast, and 3 over the plateau region north of the 40th parallel. The high area that appeared on the north Pacific coast moved southeastward to Colorado, thence northeastward to Lake Superior, and thence to Nova Scotia. The general direction of movement of the high areas was east-southeast, and the average velocity was 27 miles per hour. The highest pressure reported for the month was 31.08, at Father Point, Quebec, at the morning report of the 27th. The following is a description of the high areas traced:

.-At the opening of the month high area X traced for January occupied the south Atlantic states, low area XI for January was central south of Newfoundland, low area I, a continuation of low area XIII for January, was central over Iowa, and the pressure was high and rising over the northern plateau region and on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains. The pressure continued to rise over the middle and northern plateau region and on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains until the morning of the 2d, when high area I was central over Kansas, with pressure above 30.30. On this date the temperature fell 10° to 20° from Texas to the Lake region. During the 3d the high area advanced east of the Mississippi River, with pressure above 30.30 in Kentucky and Tennessee, and a temperature fall of 10° to 20° in the Ohio and middle above 30.40. During the 13th there was a rapid decrease of

Mississippi valleys. On the 4th the center passed off the south Atlantic coast, with a temperature fall of 10° to 16° from eastern Tennessee to the Maryland and Virginia coasts.

II.—The morning of the 2d, when high area I was central over Kansas, this high area occupied eastern Washington and eastern Oregon, where the 12-hour increase of pressure was .14 to .16, and pressure above 30.40 was reported. By the morning report of the 3d the area was central over Wyoming, and the temperature had fallen 14° to 18° from western Colorado to eastern Montana. On the 4th the center advanced to the valley of the Red River of the North, with pressure above 30.20, and moved thence to the west lower lake region by the evening of the 5th, with pressure above 30.30. On the 5th the temperature fell 10° to 20° from the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains over the Lake region, and the 12-hour increase of pressure was .20 to .30 in the Ohio Valley. Moving southeast the area passed off the middle Atlantic coast on the 6th, with pressure above 30.40, temperature below freezing to South Carolina, and the lowest temperature of the month at Albany, N. Y., Washington, D. C., and Lynchburgh, Va., where the minimum was 0°, 6°, and 16°, respectively.

III.—Appeared north of North Dakota the morning of the

6th, with pressure above 30.30. The temperature had fallen 10° to 20° in 24 hours in that region, the line of freezing weather extended to southern New Mexico and western Texas, and the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .20 to .30 in the east Saskatchewan valley and Manitoba. During the 7th this high area disappeared by an increase of pressure north of the Lake

IV .- Appeared over Alberta the morning of the 8th, with pressure above 30.30, a 12-hour increase of pressure of more A 24-hour temperature fall of more than 20° was noted north of Montana, and freezing weather occurred to extreme western Texas. During the 9th the center advanced to the lower Missouri valley and thence to the middle Ohio valley, with pressure falling below 30.20, and freezing weather north of a line traced from central Texas to New York. morning of the 10th this area occupied the middle Atlantic states, with pressure below 30.20, and passed thence eastward, with slight pressure and temperature changes, and freezing weather to southern Virginia.

V .- Appeared north of Montana the morning of the 11th, with pressure above 30.30. A 12-hour increase of pressure of more than .30 occurred in Assiniboia, a 24-hour temperature fall of 10° to 30° was reported in the Red River of the North and middle and lower Missouri valleys, and freezing weather occurred to the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains and the Ohio River. During the 12th the area was central north of Lake Superior, with pressure above 30.20. temperature fell 20° to 30° in the Lake region and Ohio Valley, and freezing weather was noted in the Atlantic coast states to northern South Carolina and northern Georgia. the 13th and early part of the 14th the area was ill defined. but apparently passed southeastward over New York and disappeared off the south New England coast.

VI.—An area of high pressure extended from the Oregon and northern California coasts over the middle plateau region from the 8th to 11th. The morning of the 12th this area had apparently divided, one part remaining over the middle plateau region, and the other occupying Texas, where the pressure was above 30.30. Moving eastward over the north part of the Gulf of Mexico, with pressure above 30.20, the area disappeared east of Florida during the 13th. The passage of this high area was attended by the lowest temperature of the month in the Gulf and south Atlantic states, freezing temperature being reported as far south as Meridian, Miss., and Savannah, Ga., on the 13th.

VII .- This high area was attended by one of the principal cold waves of the month in central and northern districts. Its approach was shown by reports of the 13th, and the morning of the 14th it was central north of Montana, with pressure

pressure in the Northwest, the temperature fell 30° to 50° over and north of eastern Montana, and the line of freezing weather extended to northern Kansas. During the 14th the center advanced to North Dakota. An increase of pressure of more than .50 in 12 hours was noted in the middle Mississippi valley, the temperature fell 20° to 30° in 24 hours in the middle and northern central valleys, a minimum reading of —24° was recorded at Fort Buford, N. Dak., and the line of freezing weather extended to extreme northern Texas and the

Ohio Valley.

Moving slowly south of east the center reached the extreme upper Mississippi valley on the 15th, with pressure above 30.60. In the lower lake region the 24-hour increase of pressure was more than 1.00, the temperature fell 20° to 30° from the middle Mississippi valley to the lower lake region, the line of freezing weather extended from central Texas to the New England coast, and the lowest temperature of the month occurred in the middle and upper Mississippi, middle and lower Missouri, and the Red River of the North valleys, a reading of -33° being noted at Saint Vincent, Minn. On the 16th the center reached Chio, with pressure above 30.70. The temperature fell 10° to 20° in the Atlantic coast states, and more than 40° in eastern Ontario, the line of freezing weather extended to Tennessee and southern Virginia, and the lowest temperature of the month was noted at a number of stations in the Lake region. During the 17th the center reached eastern Virginia, with a decrease of central pressure, the temperature was below freezing to Augusta, Ga., and the lowest temperature of the month occurred at stations in New England, a minimum of -19° being noted at Northfield, Vt. During the 18th the area settled southward to the south Atlantic coast and passed thence to sea during the 19th, its movement after the 17th being unattended by noteworthy features

VIII.—Appeared over Alberta the morning of the 16th, with advanced to western Saskatchewan. The 12-hour increase of than 30° in the upper Saskatchewan valley during the 16th. On the 17th the center advanced to Manitoba, with pressure above 30.60, the pressure increase was .20 to .30 in 12 hours in the middle Missouri and Red River of the North valleys, the 24-hour temperature fall was more than 30° in the lower valley of the Red River of the North and eastern Montana, and the line of freezing weather extended to southwestern Kansas and central New Mexico. During the 18th the area was central north of Lake Superior, with pressure above 30.60, the temperature fell 20° to 30° from Kansas to the north-central Lake region, and the line of freezing weather extended to southern Kansas and central Missouri. On the 19th the area advanced to New England, with pressure below 30.40, and moved thence over the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, where the

pressure continued high until the 25th.

IX .- This was the only high area traced across the continent during the month. It appeared on the north Pacific coast on the 22d, with pressure above 30.30, and a 12-hour increase of pressure of more than .40 was shown on the Washington coast. During the 23d the center advanced to the east part of the middle plateau region, with pressure above 30.40. On this date the temperature fell 8° to 14° over the middle and northern plateau regions, and the minimum temperature fell below freezing over the middle plateau region and on the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains. On the 24th the center moved to the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, with pressure above 30.50, there was an increase of pressure of .20 to .30 from Manitoba to Texas, and the line of freezing weather extended from west-central Texas to Lake

During the 25th the center advanced to the lower Missouri center shifted position to the region north of the Great Lakes, Lake Superior the 12-hour increase of pressure was more than were traced across the continent during the month. The fol-

.70, and the 24-hour temperature fall exceeded 30°. During the 27th the area moved to the lower Saint Lawrence valley, with pressure above 31.00, a reading of 31.08 being noted at Father Point, Quebec, at the morning report, an increase of 1.02 in 24 hours. The temperature fell 20° to 30° in New England and the Canadian Maritime Provinces, and a fall of 48° was reported at Father Point. On the 28th the area settled southward over the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, with a decrease of central pressure, and the pressure continued high in the region about Nova Scotia until the close of the month.

X and Xa.—Appeared north of eastern Montana on the 27th, with pressure above 30.40, and at the evening report Xa occupied the northeast part of the middle plateau region, with pressure about 30.30. On this date the increase of pressure was .20 to .40 from the middle plateau region to North Dakota, the temperature fell more than 20° in the Dakotas, and the line of freezing weather extended to southern Nebraska. By the night of the 28th the high areas apparently united and formed an area of high pressure which occupied Manitoba and North Dakota, with pressure about 30.50. On this date the pressure increase was .30 to .40 from the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to Manitoba, the temperature fell 20° to 30° in the valley of the Red River of the North, 20° at Omaha, Nebr., and the line of freezing weather extended from westcentral Texas to southern Wisconsin. At the evening report of the 29th the area was central north of Lake Superior, with pressure above 30.60. The pressure increased .20 to .40 over the extreme upper Mississippi valley and the upper lake region, the temperature fell 10° to 20° over Lake Superior, and the line of freezing weather extended from northern Texas to northern Lower Michigan.

LOW AREAS.

The average velocity of low areas for January and February, pressure above 30.50, and by the evening of that date had 37 statute miles per hour, is the greatest noted for the year. A principal track of February storms east of the Rocky Mounpressure was more than .30, and the temperature fell more tains is from Montana eastward over the Lake region and middle Saint Lawrence valley to southern Newfoundland and the adjoining ocean, and less frequented paths are traced from the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains and the west Gulf states to the Lake region, and from the south Atlantic coast to Nova Scotia. An average of about two storms per month advance from the Pacific coast north of the 45th parallel and traverse the United States.

Nine low areas appeared during February, 1892, the average number traced for the corresponding month of the last 17 years being 8. Four of the low areas were first located on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, 3 apparently originated on the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, one, a continuation of low area XIII for January, was central over Iowa at the opening of the month, and one advanced from the north Pacific coast to Manitoba. The low areas from the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains moved southeastward over the central valleys and thence eastward, 3 to the Atlantic coast, and one to the Lake region where it dissipated. Two of the low areas from the Southwest moved eastward to the south Atlantic coast, one passed northeastward and disappeared north of the Saint Lawrence Valley, and one low area, not numbered, advanced east-northeast and dissipated over the Ohio Valley

The north Pacific coast low area moved north of east to Manitoba, where it disappeared. During the early part of the month the pressure was generally low off the north Pacific coast and rain fell throughout the Pacific coast states and over the west part of the plateau region. On the 8th and 9th a low area of slight energy moved northeastward off the west Gulf coast. During the latter part of the month the pressure was low off the south Atlantic coast under the influence of low valley, with pressure falling below 30.40. On the 26th the area VII and a storm which advanced northeastward from extreme southern Florida, and high north to northeast winds where the pressure rose above 30.90. On the north shore of prevailed from Hatteras to Cape Cod. No low pressure areas

plotted on Chart I:

I .- Was a continuation of low area XIII for January, and at the a. m. report of the 1st was central over Iowa, with pressure below 29.80, and rain from the middle Missouri valley over the Lake region and upper Ohio valley. By the evening report the low area had advanced to western Wisconsin, with a slight increase of central pressure, the pressure had decreased .22 in 12 hours at Pittsburg, Pa., rain was falling in the Southwest and from the Lake region to the south New England and New Jersey coasts, southerly winds of 30 to 40 miles per hour were reported over the southwest Lake region, and the 24-hour increase in temperature was 10° to 20° from the Ohio Valley over the interior of Virginia and the south Atlantic states.

During the 2d the center moved eastward over the Lake region, with pressure below 29.70, the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .30 to .40 over the east part of the lower lake region, the rain area extended over the Lake region and the Atlantic coast states north of the 40th parallel, with snow in New England and the northeastern Lake region, the wind velocities exceeded 30 miles per hour over the lower lakes, and rising followed by falling temperature was noted from the lower Mississippi valley to the lower lake region. By the morning of the 3d the center had advanced off the New England coast, with pressure below 29.70. This low area gained strength during its passage south of Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, the evening report of the 4th showing pressure

29.42 at Sydney, C. B. I.
II.—Appeared the morning of the 4th over extreme southwestern Kansas, with pressure below 29.90, and passed to southwestern Missouri by the evening report, with pressure below 29.80, rain from the middle and southeast slopes of the Rocky Mountains to the Lake region, and a 12-hour decrease of pressure of .30 to .40 in the middle Mississippi valley. Advancing rapidly eastward the center passed off the North Carolina coast during the afternoon of the 5th, attended by fog in the morning on the east Gulf coast, rain in the eastcentral districts, and high northerly winds in the evening on the North Carolina coast. The southerly course of this low area was caused by high area II, which occupied the extreme upper Mississippi valley and the Lake region during the 5th.

III.—This low area pursued a normal course from the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to eastern Ontario. From 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. of the 4th there was a decrease of pressure of .12 to .14 on the south Pacific coast and over the southwest part of the southern plateau, heavy rain fell on the south California coast, and light rain in southern Arizona. During the 5th heavy rain fell in parts of southern California and Arizona, and at the evening report the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .22 at El Paso, Tex. The morning report of the 6th showed a cyclonic area central over western Texas, which advanced to southern Kansas by 8 p. m., with pressure below 29.60. On this date the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .30 to .40 in the middle Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, the temperature rose 20° in 24 hours at Cairo, Ill., an area of rain extended from the Gulf to Manitoba and eastward to the 87th meridian, the precipitation assuming the form of snow in the middle and upper Missouri valleys, thunderstorms were reported in Missouri and Arkansas, and a wind velocity of 60 miles per hour from the southwest was recorded at Amarillo,

The morning of the 7th the area was central over Iowa, with pressure below 29.40, the pressure had decreased .40 to .50 in 12 hours over the southwestern part of the Lake region, and the 24-hour temperature rise was 20° to 30° from the Lake region to the east Gulf and south Atlantic states. At the evening report the storm was central near Saginaw Bay, Lower Michigan, with pressure below 29.50, the 12-hour decrease of pressure exceeded .40 from the lower lakes over New York

lowing is a description of the low areas whose tracks are Tennessee. On this date rain fell generally east of the Mississippi River, snow was reported in the Lake region, high winds, reaching a velocity of 55 miles per hour from the southwest at Chicago, Ill., prevailed over the Lake region, a destructive local storm was reported at Cygnet, Ohio, in the afternoon, and thunderstorms were noted in Lower Michigan During the 8th the center passed northeast and New York. of the Great Lakes beyond the region of observation, with snow in the Lake region, northern New York, and central and northern New England.

IV.-Followed the usual course of low areas from the British Northwest Territory to the upper Mississippi valley and thence eastward to New England. The center passed almost directly north from the east New England coast to the Saint Lawrence Valley, and thence southeastward over the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, with the lowest pressure of the month, 28.48, at Sydney, C. B. I. This low area appeared north of western Montana the morning of the 9th, with pressure 29.30 at Edmonton, and a 12-hour decrease of pressure of more than .60 and a 24-hour temperature rise of more than 20° in Alberta. By the evening report the center had advanced southeastward over Assiniboia. with pressure below 29.40, the 12-hour pressure decrease was more than .50 from Manitoba to South Dakota, and the 24hour rise in temperature was 20° to 30° in that region.

During the 10th the center advanced to Lower Michigan, with pressure below 29.40, and a 12-hour decrease of pressure of .40 to .50 in the upper Mississippi valley and the southwest part of the Lake region. The morning report showed a 24-hour temperature rise of 30° to 40° in the middle Missouri valley, and snow fell from the middle Missouri valley over the Lake region. Moving eastward the center of disturbance passed off the New England coast the evening of the 10th, with pressure below 29.00. On this date the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .50 to .80 on the middle Atlantic and New England coasts, the 24-hour temperature rise was 10° to 20° over northern New England and in the Canadian Maritime Provinces, east to northeast winds of 50 to 60 miles per hour prevailed along the New England coast in the evening, and heavy snow fell in the middle Atlantic and New England states.

The morning of the 12th the storm was central on the east Maine coast, with pressure 28.62 at Eastport, a decrease of .52 in 12 hours, and by the evening report the center had changed position to the lower Saint Lawrence valley with lowest pressure, 29.08, at Father Point, Quebec. On this date a decided fall in temperature occurred in the Atlantic coast states, with high northwest winds at coast stations from Florida northward. The morning of the 13th the center was located east of Cape Breton Island, with pressure 28.48 at Sydney, a decrease of .84 in 12 hours. In the Northeast the weather was colder and clearing, and high westerly winds prevailed north of Hatteras, N. C.

V .- The approach of this low area from the region north of western Montana was shown by the evening report of the 11th. The morning of the 12th it was central over Alberta, with pressure below 29.40, and at the evening report the center occupied northeastern Montana. On this date the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .40 to .60 from Alberta to the middle Missouri Valley, the 24-hour temperature rise was more than 30° from southern Assiniboia over western North Dakota. A "Chinook wind" was reported at Fort Assinaboine, Mont., until 6 p. m., when the temperature fell 30° in one hour. High south to southwest winds prevailed on the northwest coasts of

Washington, and a wind velocity of 52 miles per hour from the northwest was reached at Fort Assinaboine, Mont.

Moving southeastward the center reached the lower Missouri valley the evening of the 13th, with pressure below 29.50. The 12-hour decrease of pressure was .20 to .30 from the Lake region to the west Gulf states, the 24-hour temperature rise was 20° to 30° from the middle-eastern slope of the and western New England, and a decided temperature rise Rocky Mountains over the Ohio Valley, the wind velocity was noted east of the Mississippi River, except in eastern exceeded 50 miles per hour from the southwest at Abilene and

Amarillo, Tex., with thunder and lightning at Abilene, and over the north Pacific coast states and rain fell on the Pacific snow fell in areas in the Lake region. By the evening of the coast and over the middle and northern plateau regions. 14th the center reached the lower lake region, with pressure 29.30 at Buffalo, N. Y., a decrease of .36 in 12 hours. The 24hour temperature rise was more than 20° from the eastern lake region to the south Atlantic coast, and an area of precipitation extended over all districts east of the Mississippi River. Moving east-northeast with a marked loss of strength the center disappeared over the Gulf of Saint Lawrence during the 15th.

VI.—The evening report of the 15th showed a low area over Alberta, with pressure 29.76 at Edmonton, a decrease of .50 in 12 hours. The 24-hour temperature rise at that station was 32°. The morning of the 16th an area of relatively low pressure extended from northeastern Montana over eastern Assiniboia, where the 12-hour decrease of pressure was .20 to .30, and the 24-hour temperature rise was more than 30°. By the evening of the 16th this area occupied southern Montana, with pressure below 30.10. The 12-hour decrease of pressure was .30 to .40 in the Red River of the North Valley, the 24-hour temperature rise was 20° to 30° from the middle Missouri valley to Manitoba, and snow set in during the day in the Red River Valley. Moving eastward as an ill-defined low area of slight energy this disturbance dissipated over the Lake region the night of the 17th.

During the night of the 18-19th and the morning of the 19th a short-lived low area advanced from the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to the Ohio Valley, where it dissi-The passage of this area was attended with general rain in the central valleys, and thunderstorms and heavy rain on the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains.

VII.—Apparently developed over the west Gulf states, and the evening of the 20th was central over the interior of the east Gulf states, with pressure below 30.00. On this date the pressure and temperature changes were small in the east Gulf states, rain fell generally in the Gulf States, and the rainfall was excessive at points in the east Gulf states. During the 21st the center passed off the south Atlantic coast. Rain fell along the middle Atlantic and Gulf coasts, and the rainfall was excessive in parts of the south Atlantic states. The pressure continued relatively low off the south Atlantic coast during the 22d, 23d, and 24th, with wind velocities of 50 to 60 miles per hour from the north on the North Carolina coast.

VIII.—During the 19th an area of low pressure appeared coast.

pressure continued low, below 29.80, on the north Pacific coast during the 20th, and rain fell along the Pacific coast and over the middle plateau region. On the 21st the pressure fell below 29.70 on the north Pacific coast, the rain area extended from the Pacific coast north of the 40th parallel over the northern plateau region, and the wind reached a velocity of 60 miles per hour from the south at Fort Canby, Wash. The morning of the 22d the center had reached Assiniboia, with pressure below 29.90. The 12-hour decrease of pressure was .40 at Swift Current, the 24-hour temperature rise was 20° to 30° over southeast Alberta, southern Assiniboia, and northern Montana, and rain fell in areas from the north Pacific coast to the northeast slope of the Bocky Mountains. During the 23d this low area disappeared north of the Lake region. On this date fog was reported from the middle Missouri valley over the Lake region.

-Apparently developed on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains during the 24th and 25th. The evening report of the 24th showed a 12-hour decrease of pressure of more than .30 over Alberta. On the 25th the 12-hour decrease of pressure was more than .10 over the eastern plateau and Rocky Mountain regions, and snow fell in Assiniboia. evening report of the 26th locates the center over eastern Wyoming, with pressure below 29.90. The 12-hour decrease of pressure was .20 to .30 over the Dakotas, rain fell in areas over the east part of the plateau region, and snow in the Northwest. By the evening of the 27th the center had advanced to the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, its eastward advance being prevented by prevailing high pressure over the Lake region and east of the Mississippi River. Recurving to the east-northeast the center of disturbance reached. the Ohio Valley the evening of the 28th, with pressure about 30.00. Rain fell generally east of the 100th meridian, followed in the Southwest by clearing weather. ward the center reached the Virginia coast by the evening ward of the 29th with pressure below 29.80. The 12-hour report of the 29th, with pressure below 29.80. The 12-hour decrease of pressure was .20 to .30, and the 24-hour temperature rise was 10° to 20° in the Atlantic coast states north of the 35th meridian, rain fell from the Missouri Valley to the Atlantic coast, and wind velocities exceeding 30 miles per hour were noted from the Carolinas to the south New England

Tabulated statement showing principal characteristics of areas of high and low pressure.

		Firs			rved.		r hour.	Maximum pressure cha	inge in	12 ho	ours, maximum temperatur	e chai	nge i	n 24 hours, and maximum w	vind ve	elocit	у.
Barometer.	Date.	Lat. N.	Long. W.	Lat. N.	Long. W.	Duration.	Velocity per	Station.	Rise.	Date.	Station.	Fall.	Date.	Station.	Direction.	Miles per hour.	Date.
High areas. II	2 6 8 11 11 14 16 22	e 38 46 53 52 53 37 53 54 48 53	100 118 104 116 107 103 108 116 125	36 38 52 39 42 30 33 48 48 51	83 78 93 77 71 80 80 66 61 87	Days. 2.0 4.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 2.0 4.5 4.0 6.0 2.5	Miles. 22 26 19 48 27 35 26 26 15	Milwaukee, Wis Wilmington, N. C. Prince Albert, N. W. T. Calgary, N. W. T. Sydney, C. B. I. Corpus Christi, Tex Erie, Pa Qu'Appelle, N. W. T. White River, Ont Port Arthur, Ont	· 34 · 34 · 72 · 32	2 6 6 8 13 12 15 17 26 29	Dodge City, Kans Saugeen, Ont Saint Vincent, Minn Duluth, Minn Huron, S. Dak Corpus Christi, Tex Swift Current, N. W. T Prince Albert, N. W. T Father Point, Quebec Saint Vincent, Minn	24 26 28 34 16 52 44 48	1 4 6 9 11 12 13 17 27 28	Charlotte, N. C. Kitty Hawk, N. C. Saint Vincent, Minn Eureka, Cal Bismarck, N. Dak El Paso, Tex Key West, Fla Huron, S. Dak Amarillo, Tex Duluth, Minn	n. n. n. nw. nw. ne. n.	30 36 26 32 36 34 36 30 48 28	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Mean					*****	3.0	27		-48			33			*****	34	
Low areas.	4	43 37 32 54	93 102 102 115	42 36 47 49	69 84 77 68	1.0 1.0 2.5 3.5	28 39 28 36	Oswego, N. Y	Fall. -38 -38 -52 -84	2 4 7 13	Nashville, Tenn	24 36 42	2 5 8 10	Buffalo, N. Y	n. sw.	42 50 60 60	
V	8	52	113	46	71	3.0	38	Swift Current, N. W. T	.66	12	Northfield, Vt	-	15	Amarillo, Tex	aw.	54 54	I,
VI		47	110	44	88	1.0	46	Edmenton, N. W. T	- 50	15	White River, Ont	-	17	Saint Vincent, Minn (Hatteras, N. C	n.	60	21
VII		32	89	34	75	1.5	24	Augusta, Ga	. 16	21	Knoxville, Tenn		20	Kitty Hawk, N. C Fort Canby, Wash	n.	60	2
VIII		48	126	52 37	96 75	3.0	38	Swift Current, N. W. T Minnedosa, Man Father Point, Quebec	.40 .38 .38	22 26 28	Saint Vincent, Minn		27	Sandy Hook, N. J		60	21
Mean						2.2	34		-47			34		*****************		52	

NORTH ATLANTIC STORMS FOR FEBRUARY, 1892 (pressure in inches and millimeters; wind-force by Beaufort scale).

Chart I. These paths have been determined from reports of observations by shipmasters received through the co-operation of the Hydrographic Office, Navy Department, and the "New

York Herald Weather Service."

In February there is usually a decrease of pressure over the north Atlantic Ocean, except near Newfoundland and in an area south of the Azores, the decrease being most marked from the British Isles westward to the 40th meridian where it varies from .05 to .10. A decrease of more than .05 occurs in an area south of the Banks of Newfoundland. In the area of higher pressure south of the Azores the increase is less than .05. The principal track of February storms over the north Atlantic Ocean is traced from south of Newfoundland north of east to the 40th meridian, where the track divides, one branch being traced northeastward toward Iceland, and the other east-northeast to the region north of the British Isles. An average of 2.6 storms per month traverse the ocean from the American continent to Europe in February, and the average velocity of storms for that month, about 23 statute miles per hour, is the greatest noted for the year.

In the first decade of February, 1892, stormy weather prevailed along the trans-Atlantic steamship routes from coast to coast, and 2 storms from the American continent, low area XIII for January and low area I for February, apparently reached the European coast. From the 10th to the 14th there was a succession of hard gales over the western part of the ocean, the storms of the 13th attending low area IV being especially severe. From the 12th to 14th the pressure was high over mid-ocean, and high pressure continued over the British Isles from the 9th to 14th. During the 15th and 16th, and from the 19th to 28th the pressure was high off the middle Atlantic and New England coasts, and this condition extended eastward over the Banks of Newfoundland after the 20th.

From the 16th to 23d low pressure prevailed from west of the Azores to the British Isles, causing a prevalence of north to east gales along the steamship tracks east of the 40th meridian. A heavy snowstorm, with hard gales, set in over the British Isles the night of the 15th-16th, and the weather continued stormy in that region until the 23d. From the 17th until the close of the month the weather was unsettled over the southwest part of the ocean. From the 24th to 29th a storm of considerable energy passed from western Cuba to the region east of Bermuda, and low area VII caused unsettled weather off the south Atlantic coast preceding the appearance of this storm. At the close of the month low area IX was central off the mid-

dle Atlantic coast.

The morning of the 1st low area XIII for January was central east of Cape Breton Island, with pressure below 29.40 (747). Passing northeastward over Newfoundland and thence north of east over the ocean this storm disappeared north of the British Isles after the 4th, its passage being unattended by disturbances of marked intensity. On the 1st the pressure was low over the British Isles, with strong westerly winds, and unsettled weather continued in that region until the 7th. On the 4th low area I was central southeast of Nova Scotia, with pressure below 29.40 (747) and hard gales. On the 5th the center had reached the Grand Banks attended by north-west gales of force 9 to 10. By the 6th it had advanced to mid-ocean, with strong to whole gales from the 30th to 50th meridians, and by the 7th it was central north of the British

On the 7th a storm of considerable strength appeared northeast of the Banks of Newfoundland, and southwesterly gales reaching force 11 were reported in that region. By the 8th this storm had moved northeast to mid-ocean, where it disappeared after the 9th. The morning of the 8th a storm of marked energy appeared off the New England coast. By the

The paths of storms that appeared over the west part of the sure below 29.40 (747), and westerly gales of force 8 to 10, and north Atlantic Ocean during February, 1892, are shown on passing thence northeastward disappeared north of the region of observation after the 11th. The evening of the 11th low area IV moved off the New England coast, with northwest gales of force 10 in the steamship tracks west of the 65th meridian. Under the influence of this low area strong westerly gales continued west of the 50th meridian during the The morning of the 13th the center was east of Cape Breton Island, with the lowest pressure noted for the month, 28.48 (723), at Sydney, C. B. I., and gales of force 10 to 11 in the southern quadrants. By the 14th the center of disturb-

ance had disappeared north of Newfoundland.

On the 15th low pressure was reported over the British Isles, and high winds and heavy snow set in at night. On the 16th a low area appeared near the Azores and the pressure was low thence over the Bay of Biscay and Great Britain, with east to northeast gales along the steamship routes east of the 40th meridian. On the 17th the pressure continued low from the Azores over the British Isles, and a storm appeared central southeast of Nova Scotia. Pressure 29.10 (739) was reported in the Hebrides, and a snowstorm prevailed in Wales and the Highlands of Scotland. On the 18th low pressure continued from the Grand Banks to the Azores and thence over the Bay of Biscay and the British Isles. Pressure 28.90 (734) was reported at the Scilly Islands. Northeasterly gales of force 10 to 11 were encountered east of the 30th meridian, and northwesterly gales of force 8 to 9 were reported west of the 50th meridian. On the 19th the pressure conditions remained materially unchanged. Pressure below 29.00 (737) was noted in the Bay of Biscay. Northeasterly gales of force 8 to 10 prevailed east of the 30th meridian, and fresh northerly gales were reported south of Newfoundland and Nova Scotia. Heavy snowstorms prevailed over Great Britain, and a number of marine disasters were reported on the British coasts.

On the 20th a trough of low pressure extended from south of the Banks of Newfoundland to the British Isles, and the pressure fell to 28.75 (730) in Ireland. Fierce gales swept the English Channel and heavy snow continued over England. On the 21st the western end of the trough of low pressure had swung southward and it extended from west-southwest of the Azores to the British Isles, and the position of this elongated area of low pressure was materially unchanged on the 22d. when heavy gales prevailed throughout the British Isles, and disastrous storms were reported in Spain. On the 23d the low pressure area had contracted, a storm was central southwest of the Azores, and the pressure was 29.10 (739) in southwestern Ireland. Many vessels were reported wrecked off the English coast. On the 23d the pressure increased rapidly over

and near the Azores.

The low pressure area over the British Isles apparently shifted position to the westward from the 24th to the 27th, and at the close of the month was central west of the Bay of Biscay. The night of the 21st low area VII moved off the south Atlantic coast, where the pressure continued low until the arrival of a storm which advanced from south of the Florida Peninsula to the region east of Bermuda from the 24th The morning of the 29th the presence of a cyclonic area of slight energy was indicated off the south Atlantic coast, and the evening of that date low area IX passed off the Virginia coast.

OCEAN FOG.

The limits of fog belts west of the 40th meridian, as reported by shipmasters, are shown on Chart I by dotted shading. East of the 55th meridian fog was reported on 9 dates; between the 55th and 65th meridians on 2 dates; and west of the 65th meridian on 4 dates. Compared with the corresponding month of the last 4 years the dates of occurrence of fog east of the 55th meridian numbered 2 less than the average; between the 55th and 65th meridians 4 less than the average; and west of 9th the center had advanced to the Grand Banks, with prest he 65th meridian 1 less than the average. The occurrence of fog along the steamship tracks west of the 40th meridian and water. 16th, N. 47° 59', W. 48° 38', several small floes of ice. at stations of the Weather Bureau along the middle Atlantic and New England coasts generally attended the approach or passage of general storms.

OCEAN ICE.

The region in which ice was reported for the current month is shown on Chart I by ruled shading. The southernmost ice reported, a small iceberg observed on the 11th in the position given, was nearly 4° north of the average southern limit of Arctic ice for February, and the easternmost ice noted, 2 small bergs sighted on the 8th in the position given in the table, was nearly 3° west of the average eastern limit of ice for February. Ice was reported during the month as follows: 8th, N. 49° 05′, W. 46° 20′, 2 small icebergs; N. 48° 34′, W. 48° 36′, several small bergs. 9th, N. 47° 48′, W. 52° 10′, 5 miles of field ice. 11th, N. 47° 25′, W. 47° 55′, a small berg. 12th, 10 miles east-northeast from Saint Johns, N. F., field of ice. 15th, N. 47° 40′, W. 48° 40′, an iceberg 25 feet out of

The following table shows the southern and eastern limits of the region within which icebergs or field ice were reported for February during the last 10 years:

Southern	limit.				Eastern limit.						
Month.	Lat.	N.	Long.	w.	Month	Lat.	N.	Long. W			
	0	,	0	,		0	,	0 /			
February, 1883	42	OI	52	46	February, 1883	46	IO	45.4			
February, 1884		00		00	February, 1884	46	50	43 4			
February, 1885	41	50	51	12	February, 1885		53	42 0			
February, 1886	46	IO	47	15	February, 1886	48	00	44 4			
February, 1887	40	00	48	15	February, 1887	46	26	41 5			
February, 1888	44	59	45	08	February, 1888	44	59	45 0			
February, 1889	45	35	48	00	February, 1889	45	35	48 0			
February, 1890	41	12	50	12	February, 1890	44	30	35 3			
February, 1891	44	20	48	00	February, 1891	44	33	44 5			
February, 1892	47	25	47	55	February, 1892		05	46 3			
Mean	43	33	48	50	Mean	46	24	43 4			
	4.9	-		0-		4-					

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR (expressed in degrees, Fahrenheit).

Many of the voluntary stations do not have standard thermometers or shelters

normal are given for regular stations of the Weather Bureau. period of observation and the years of occurrence: The figures opposite the names of the geographical districts in the columns for mean temperature and departure from the normal show, respectively, the average for the several districts. The normal for any district may be found by adding the departure to the current mean when the departure is below the normal and subtracting when above. The monthly mean temperature for regular stations of the Weather Bureau represents the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures.

The mean temperature was highest over the southern part of the Florida Peninsula, where it was above 65; it was above 60 over a great part of the Florida Peninsula, along the mid-dle and west Gulf coasts, in Texas south of the 30th parallel, and at stations in the Colorado Desert in southeastern California; and was above 50 in the Gulf States, southern and western Arizona, southern California, and in California west of the Sierra Nevada Mountains and south of the 41st parallel. The lowest mean temperature was noted in Manitoba, where it was below zero; the mean readings were below 20 along the northern border of the country east of the 110th meridian, and in the Red River of the North and middle Missouri valleys; and values below 30 were reported north of a line traced from the south New England coast westward to the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, thence to northern New Mexico, and thence irregularly northwestward to north-central Washington.

DEPARTURES FROM NORMAL TEMPERATURE.

The mean temperature was generally above the normal, except in the Atlantic coast states from Virginia over the Florida Peninsula. The greatest departure above the normal temperature, 10, was reported at Helena, Mont., and the excess was more than 5 over the northern plateau region, on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, from Minnesota and Wisconsin over the lower Missouri valley, from northeastern Ontario to the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, and in the interior of eastern Texas. The most marked deficiency in temperature occurred along the North Carolina accept when it ture occurred along the North Carolina coast, where it was

DEVIATIONS FROM NORMAL TEMPERATURE.

The following table shows for certain stations, as reported by voluntary observers, (1) the normal temperature for February for a series of years; (2) the length of record during which

The distribution of mean temperature over the United States | the observations have been taken, and from which the normal and Canada for February, 1892, is exhibited on Chart II by has been computed; (3) the mean temperature for February, dotted isotherms. In the table of miscellaneous meteorological 1892; (4) the departure of the current month from the normal; data the monthly mean temperature and the departure from the (5) and the extreme monthly mean for February during the

	for the Feb.	f record.	r Feb.,	re from	(5) Ex	treme mo Febru	nthly me	ean for
State and station.	(1) Normal for t month of Feb.	(2) Length of record	(3) Mean for J 1892.	(4) Departure normal.	Highest.	Year.	Lowest.	Year.
Arizona,		Years		0	0		0	
Fort Apache Fort Mohave Whipple Barracks Arkansas.	39-6 56-2 39-1	20 20 20	40.9 57.7 36.6	‡ 1.3 - 2.5	43.6 62.0 46.1	1879 1879 1879	32·4 50·2 30·0	1882 1882
Lead Hill	41.1	10			49-9	1882	32.2	1885
Fort Bidwell	33-2 52-1	10	35·2 53·8	‡ 2.0 1.7	42.8 58.0	1886 1886	25·3 48·0	1874
Las Animas	30-9	10	34.2	+ 3.3	37-9	1888	22.2	1883
Merritts Island	66.2	10	63.9	- 2.3	72.6	1883	58.0	1889
Forsyth	52.4	18	54-9	+ 2.5	59.6	1890	44-5	1885
Boise Barracks Fort Sherman	34.1	18 9	29-9	- 4.2	40-3 37-0	1888 1886	21.3	1883 1887
Centralia	33.0	13	38.0	+ 5.0	44-0	1880	22.0	1885
La Fayette	28-8	12	35.0	+ 6.2	38.0	1882	14-7	1885
Indian Territory. Fort Supply	36.5	13	38.8	+ 2.3	44-I	1882	32.0	1883
Iowa. Cresco	15.4	20	23.3	+ 7-9	31.3	1878	1.0	1875
Eureka Ranch	29-8	9	35.6	+ 5.8	37.6	1888	25.8	1885
Independence	35-5	20	41- I	- 5- D	45-7	1882	25-2	1885
Salina	30- I	9	34-9	+ 4.8	37.0	1886	23-4	1885
Grand Coteau	59-3	9	60-6	+ 1.3	64-6	1887	52.4	1865
Orono	19-0	22	22.9	+ 3.9	25.0	1877	13.3	1885
Cumberland	31-4	33	34-5	+ 3.1	40.0	1890	19-4	1868
Kalamazoo	26.0	16	30.2	+ 4.2	35-0	1882	11.2	1885
Chillicothe	30.9	8	41-2	+10.3	41.2	1892	23.0	1885
Sedalia	33-4	9	37-4	+4.0	45-9	1882	20.7	1885
Fort Custer	19.2	11			30-2	1886	2.4	1887
Fort Robinson	24-4	8	27.2	+ 2.8	33.7	1886	15-9	1891
Genoa (near)	22.0	16	26.0	‡ 2.8 4.0	33-7	1877	13.2	1891
Browns	37-6	21	39.8	+ 2.2	49-0	1872	24-8	1881
Carson City	34-0	15	34-2	+ 0.2	42.2	1886	23.9	1883
Hanover	18.7	55	23.0	+ 4.3	27.2	1840	20.8	1885
	47.8	10	50-4	+ 2.6	51.3	1887	41.8	1880
Fort Wingate	33-4	31	36.0	+ 2.6	40.0	1879	26.0	1880

Deviations from normal temperature-Continued.

	for the Feb.	frecord.	r Feb.	re from	(5) Ex	Extreme monthly mean for February.			
State and station.	(1) Normal f	(2) Length of record.	(3) Mean for 1892.	(4) Departure normal.	Highest.	Year.	Lowest.	Year.	
New York.		Years							
Cooperatown	21.2 18.3	38	23-2 19-2	1 2.0	31·7 25·7	1857 1877	7-2	1885 1885	
Lenoir Oklahoma.	40.5	19	41.8	+ 1.3	49-0	1890	30.3	1875	
Fort Reno	38.5 42.5	9 20	47.8	+ 5-3	45-2 47-8	1890 1892	33.0 35.6	1885 1885	
Bandon Eola	44-0 39-6	8	44-3 41-6	\$ 2.0	49-2 46-5	1889 1885	38.8 31.0	1887	
Dyberry		27 27 12	25.6 28.5 26.9	‡ 3·1 3·5 0·1	30-1 33-8 34-0	1890 1890	13.3	1868 1885 1885	
Statesburgh	50-4	71	48.8	- 1.6	56.6	1890	41-8	1885	
Fort Sully	17-2	31	18.0	+ 0.8	33-4	1877	2-2	1887	
Austin	54·7 46·4	20 6	57·1 47·8	‡ 2.4 1.4	60-6 47-9	1886	48.9 41.0	1885	
Terrace	30-4	19	33.6	+ 3.2	40-7	1886	16.0	1882	
Strafford	18-4	18	21.1	+ 2.7	25-7	1877	11.0	1885	
Dale Enterprise Washington.	37-1	12	35.6	- 1.5	44-8	1890	23-9	1885	
Fort Townsend West Virginia.	40- I	20	39-9	- 0-2	47.0	1885	31.7	1887	
Parkersburgh	38-3	11	37.3	- 1.0	48-0	1882	30-1	1889	
Embarrass	16.5	30	21-4	+ 4.9	30.7	1877	- 2.7	1875	
Madison	20-8	25	24.8	+4.0	32.8	1878	3.2	1875	
Fort Washakie	21.9	9	26.9	+ 5.0	35-8	1886	- 1.0	1883	

YEARS OF HIGHEST MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR FEBRUARY.

The highest mean temperature for February occurred at Jacksonville, Fla., in 1891; in the middle and south Atlantic and south New England states, in the interior of the east Gulf states, generally in Louisiana, and on the west Gulf coast in 1890; over the northern plateau region in 1888; on the middle Gulf coast in 1887; on the middle and south Pacific coasts in 1886; on the north Pacific coast in 1885; from the east part of the Lake region southwestward over the Ohio, middle Mississippi, and lower Missouri valleys to east-central Texas, and in the lower Rio Grande valley in 1882; in northern Wisconsin and Upper Michigan in 1878; and in the middle Missouri valley, Minnesota, and on the Maine coast in 1877

YEARS OF LOWEST MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR FEBRUARY.

The lowest mean temperature for February occurred at Valentine, Nebr., in 1891; along the south part of the Atlantic coast in 1889; on the middle and north Pacific coasts, and from the north Pacific coast to the Dakotas in 1887; from the Rocky Mountain slope eastward, south of the 40th parallel, to the Atlantic coast (save along the south part of the south Atlantic coast), and in New York and south New England in 1885; in the Red River of the North Valley in 1884; in northern Utah and Wyoming and thence to western Kansas and western Nebraska in 1883; from the south Pacific coast over the southern plateau region in 1882; and from the middle Missouri valley over the Lake region and northern New England in 1875.

MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE.

At Galveston, Tex., the maximum temperature for the current month, 75, was the highest ever reported for February, and the maximum at Brownsville, Tex., and Valentine, Nebr., was as high as previously reported for February.

The highest temperature reported at a regular station of the Weather Bureau, 89, was noted at Brownsville, Tex., on the 11th. Reports of voluntary observers show temperature 90 and above in the lower Rio Grande valley and in south-central Arizona and southeastern California. The maximum temperature was above 80 over the southern half of the Florida Penin- Atlantic states, attended by the highest temperature of the

sula, over a great part of east and southeast Texas, and in the Gila and lower Colorado valleys. The maximum temperature was lowest in the lower Red River of the North valley, northern Lower Michigan, and eastern Upper Michigan, where it was below 40, and the maximum readings were below 50 north of a line traced from southeastern New York westward to the middle Missouri valley, and thence northwestward to eastern Montana. The maximum readings were also below 50 at more elevated stations in the middle and northern Rocky Mountain regions.

MINIMUM TEMPERATURE.

The lowest temperature reported at a regular station of the Weather Bureau was —33, at Saint Vincent, Minn., on the 15th. The minimum temperature was below zero north of a line traced from the Maine coast to the north part of the middle plateau region and thence northeastward to western Montana, at elevated stations in the middle and northern Rocky Mountain and plateau regions, and at mountain stations in Virginia and West Virginia, and was below 20 north of a line traced from North Carolina to southern Illinois, thence to southeastern Arizona, and thence along the Sierra Nevada and Cascade mountain ranges to north-central Washington. The minimum temperature was highest over extreme southern Florida and in the lower Rio Grande valley, where it was above 50, and it was above 40 over the southern half of the Florida Peninsula, along the middle and west coasts of the Gulf of Mexico, in the San Joaquin valley in California, and on the middle California

LIMITS OF FREEZING WEATHER.

The southern limit of freezing weather is shown on Chart V by a line traced from Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga., westward to east-central Mississippi, thence northwestward to about the mouth of the Arkansas River, and thence westsouthwest to the Rio Grande River. The western limit of freezing weather is shown by a line traced from south-central Arizona north-northwest along the Sierra Nevada Mountain range to northern California, and thence along the Oregon and Washington coasts.

TEMPERATURE, JANUARY AND FEBRUARY.

For the period January 1 to February 29, 1892, the mean temperature averaged about normal in the middle Atlantic states, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, and the lower lake region. In the extreme northwest and over the northern plateau region the mean temperature averaged about 5, on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains about 4, in the Missouri valley about 3, in New England, the upper lake region, the upper Mississippi valley, on the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, and on the north and middle Pacific coasts about 2, and in the west Gulf states, on the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, over the southern plateau region, and on the south Pacific coast about 1 above the normal temperature for the period named. In the south Atlantic states and at Key West, Fla., the mean temperature was about 2 deficient, and in the east Gulf states and over the middle plateau region the deficiency for that period was about 1.

RANGES OF TEMPERATURE.

The greatest daily range of temperature is shown in the table of miscellaneous meteorological data. The greatest monthly range of temperature, 74, was noted at Bismarck, N. Dak., and Fort Assinaboine, Mont. From the north-central districts the monthly ranges decreased eastward to less than 40 on the south New England coast and at Hatteras, N. C., southeastward to less than 30 over extreme southern Florida and along the Louisiana and east Texas coasts, and westward to less than 30 along the immediate Pacific coast from San Diego, Cal., to Tatoosh Island, Wash.

PERIODS OF HIGH TEMPERATURE.

On the 1st and 2d a warm wave advanced from the Lake region and upper Mississippi valley to the middle and south

month in the districts named. The morning report of the 5th on the 9th. The temperature fell more than 20 in the Northshowed a 24-hour temperature rise of 10 to 20 over the middle and east Gulf states, and the highest temperature of the month was noted in the Gulf States on the 5th and 6th. During the 6th a warm wave advanced from the Lake Superior region over the Ohio Valley and reached the Atlantic coast on the 7th, with a temperature rise of more than 20 from New England to Florida.

A warm wave appeared in the Northwest on the 9th, advanced to the Lake region and the Ohio Valley by the 10th, with a temperature rise of 30 to 40 in 24 hours in the middle Missouri valley, and extended over New England and the Canadian Maritime Provinces during the 11th. The morning report of the 12th showed a 24-hour temperature rise of more than 30 in the Northwest. The warm wave extended over the Missouri Valley during that date, over the Ohio Valley during the 13th, with a temperature rise of 20 to 30 from the upper Mississippi valley over Tennessee, reached the Atlantic coast on the 14th, and the morning of the 15th the 24-hour rise was 20 to 50 in New England. A marked rise in temperature occurred in the Northwest on the 15th; the morning report of the 16th showed a rise of more than 30 in Assiniboia and northeastern Montana; a rise of 30 to 50 occurred from the extreme upper Mississippi valley over the Lake Superior region by the morning of the 17th; and the warm wave reached the middle Atlantic and New England states during the 18th. No well defined warm waves traversed the districts east of the Rocky Mountains after the 18th.

PERIODS OF LOW TEMPERATURE.

On the 1st the temperature fell more than 20 in Kansas; during the 2d the cool wave advanced over the middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys, with a temperature fall of more than 20 in Oklahoma Territory and southern Missouri, and temperature below freezing to northern Texas and central New Mexico; and on the 3d reached the middle Atlantic coast, with a temperature fall of 20 in western Tennessee. The morning of the 5th a temperature fall of more than 20 was shown on the middleeastern and southeast slopes of the Rocky Mountains, with zero temperature at North Platte, Nebr., and temperature below freezing in western Texas; during the 5th the tempera-ture fell thence eastward to the middle Atlantic and New England coasts, and the morning of the 6th the temperature was below freezing in eastern Tennessee and along the Atlantic coast to South Carolina. On the 6th the temperature fell more than 20 in Manitoba and 10 to 14 over the southern Rocky Mountain region.

areas from the western Lake region to Texas, and freezing weather was reported north of a line traced from northern Lower

west on the 10th; the cold wave extended to the Ohio Valley by the 11th, with temperature below zero in the eastern Dakotas and Minnesota, and freezing weather to southern Arkan-sas and central Texas; and reached the Atlantic coast states, on the 12th, with a temperature fall of more than 20, and freezing weather to central Georgia and northern South Carolina.

The most important cold wave of the month appeared in the Northwest on the 13th, where the temperature fell 40 to 50, and was below zero in North Dakota, Manitoba, and the Saskatchewan Valley. During the 14th the cold wave advanced over the western Lake region and the lower Ohio valley, the temperature fell 20 to 30 from the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to Manitoba and the western Lake Superior region, and the line of freezing weather extended from southern New Mexico to the southern Lake region. On the 15th the temperature fall was 20 to 30 from the lower Mississippi valley over the Lake region, zero temperature was noted in northern Missouri and northern Illinois, the line of freezing weather extended from central Texas to Virginia, and the lowest temperature of the month occurred in north-central districts, the minimum being -20 to -30 in North Dakota and northern Minne-By the evening of the 15th the cold wave reached the middle Atlantic coast. The morning of the 16th a 24-hour temperature fall of more than 20 was noted along the middle Atlantic and New England coasts, and the line of freezing weather extended from Arkansas to the Virginia coast.

From the 16th to 19th a cold wave advanced from the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to the west Gulf states, with temperature falls of 20 to 30 during the 16th, 17th, and From the 25th to 27th a cold wave advanced from the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to New England and the Canadian Maritime Provinces, with temperature falls of 20 to 30, and in the lower Saint Lawrence valley the 24-hour fall in temperature was more than 40. From the 27th to 29th a moderate cold wave advanced from the Northwest over the central valleys.

FROST.

Frost was noted generally over the Florida Peninsula north of the 27th parallel on the 13th, and along the immediate middle coast of the Gulf of Mexico on the 1st, 13th, 17th, 26th, and 27th. No frost was reported in Texas south of the 30th Frost was reported on a number of dates in the parallel. mountains of central and northern New Mexico and eastern Frost was reported on the Pacific coast as follows: Arizona. In the Santa Lucia Mountains in Monterey Co., Cal., 7th; and During the 7th a temperature fall of 10 to 20 occurred in 9th to 12th; at Alvarado, Alameda Co., Cal., on the 11th; at Sacramento, Cal., on the 2d, 3d, and 7th; at Eureka, Cal., on the 2d, 8th, 9th, and 14th; at Roseburgh, Oregon, on the 1st, Michigan to southern New Mexico. Advancing eastward the cold wave reached the Ohio Valley on the 8th, with a temperature fall of more than 20 along the middle Ohio River, and reached the middle Atlantic coast unattended by severe cold East Sound, Wash., on the 2d to 8th, 13th, 14th, and 24th.

PRECIPITATION (expressed in inches and hundredths).

of miscellaneous meteorological data the total precipitation and the departure from the normal are given for regular stations of geographical districts in the columns for precipitation and departure from the normal show, respectively, the averages for the several districts. The normal for any district may be found by adding the departure to the current mean when the precipitation is below the normal and subtracting when above.

In February the monthly precipitation is usually greatest on

The distribution of precipitation over the United States and the 42d parallel, and along the line of the Central Pacific Rail-Canada for February, 1892, as determined from the reports of road crossing the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains in about 2,000 stations, is exhibited on Chart III. In the table California, the average precipitation for February exceeds 8.00, and it is 4.00 to 6.00 generally along the Pacific coast, and in the central valleys of California north of the 38th parallel. the Weather Bureau. The figures opposite the names of the In an area extending southward over central Utah, and in the mountains of north-central Colorado the normal amount is 2.00 to 4.00. East of the Rocky Mountains the greatest precipitation is noted over a great part of the Gulf States east of the 95th meridian, and in parts of southern Tennessee, where it is more than 6.00, and the normal amount is generally greater than 4.00 in the Gulf States, Kentucky, Tennessee, the interior the extreme north Pacific coast, where it exceeds 11.00 at Neah of the south Atlantic states, over the southwest and northern Bay, Wash. In areas on the immediate Pacific coast north of parts of the Florida Peninsula, and along the Atlantic coast

from North Carolina to the Gulf of Saint Lawrence. Over the February, 1892; (4) the departure of the current month from precipitation is less than 1.00, and in large areas in those districts the normal amount for February is less than 0.50. The average amount is less than 2.00 from the Lake Superior region westward and southwestward to the eastern Rocky Mountain slope, and thence southward to the Rio Grande River.

In February, 1892, the greatest monthly precipitation, 11.13, was reported at Felton, Cal.; at Boulder Creek, Cal., a depth of 9.51 was noted; and the amount reported exceeded 8.00 at Georgetown, Cal., Huntingburgh, Ind., and Appleton City, Mo. Precipitation to exceed 6.00 was noted at Neah Bay, Wash., and Astoria, Oregon, on the California coast between Eureka and San Francisco, at stations on the Central Pacific Railroad in the Sierra Nevada Mountains, at Julian, San Diego Co., Cal., in an area extending from southwestern Kansas over central Missouri, in northeastern South Carolina, and at Hatteras, N. C. Less than 0.50 fell in central Washington east of the Cascade Mountain range, over a great part of southeast-ern California, in large areas of the eastern plateau and Rocky Mountain regions, from northeastern North Dakota over the northern Lake Superior region, on the middle Gulf coast. and over the Florida Peninsula between the 39th and 40th parallels. Less than 1.00 fell along the middle and east Gulf coasts, over the north part of the Florida Peninsula, from the eastern part of the southern plateau region over western and southern Texas, in the middle and upper Missouri and Red River of the North valleys, generally over the middle and northern plateau regions, and in southeastern California.

DEPARTURES FROM NORMAL PRECIPITATION.

The monthly precipitation was generally deficient. An area of excess extended from the extreme south Pacific coast over the southern plateau region and the middle eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains to the lower Missouri valley. A second area of excess occupied a great part of the Lake region and extended thence to the eastern Dakotas, and more than the usual amount of rain fell at points in eastern Virginia and the eastern Carolinas. The most marked deficiency in monthly precipitation was noted in western Washington, where it varied from 4.00 to nearly 6.00. At New Orleans, La., the deficiency was more than 4.00, and it was more than 2.00 on the east and south New England coasts, in New Jersey and eastern Pennsylvania, from Tennessee to the middle and east Gulf and north Florida coasts, and on the Pacific coast north of the 42d parallel. The greatest excess in monthly precipitation occurred at Hatteras, N. O., and Leavenworth, Kans., where it was more than 2.00, and the excess was more than 1.00 at Palestine, Tex., Tucson, Ariz., Marquette, Mich., and Norfolk, Va.; elsewhere in districts where the precipitation was greater than the normal the excess was less than 1.00.

Considered by districts the average percentage of the normal in districts where the monthly precipitation was in excess was about as follows: middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, 242; southern plateau region, 183; lower Missouri valley, 133; upper lake region, 105; south Pacific coast, 103. In districts where the precipitation was deficient the percentage of the normal was about as follows: northern plateau region, 36; New England, 41; east Gulf states, 43; north Pacific coast, 50; Ohio Valley and Tennessee, 68; west Gulf states, 73; middle Atlantic states, 77; southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, 78; middle plateau region, 79; south Atlantic states, 81; middle Pacific coast, 86; Key West, Fla., 94; lower lake region, 96. On the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, in the extreme northwest, and in the upper Missis sippi valley the monthly precipitation averaged about normal.

DEVIATIONS FROM AVERAGE PRECIPITATION.

The following table shows for certain stations, as reported by voluntary observers, (1) the average precipitation for February for a series of years; (2) the length of record during which the observations have been taken and from which the average has been computed; (3) the total precipitation for tation averaged more than double the usual amount in the

greater part of the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions the the average; (5) and the extremes for February during the period of observation and the years of occurrence:

7	for the	1000	Feb.,	from	(5) E	ktremes :	for Fet	ruary.
State and station,	Average for month of F	Length of record	Total for 1892.	Departure average.	Gree	itest.	1	east.
	(1) Av	(2) Le	(3) To	(4) De	Am't.	Year.	Am't.	Year.
Arizona.	Inches.	Years	Inches.		Inches.		Inches	
Fort Apache Fort Mohave Whipple Barracks Arkansas.	1.92 0.91 1.92	16 20 20	2.29 1.74 1.64	‡ 0.37 0.83 - 0.25	4-10 5-00 6-55	1891 1874 1884	0.89	1880
Arkansas. Lead Hill	4-79	10	1-24	- 3-55	10-93	1884	1-24	189:
Riverside	2.43	21	1.20	- 1.23 - 2.20	6.00 7.94	1881 1884	0-00	187
Colorado.	0-26	10	0-53	+ 0.27	0.59	1888	0-00	189
Florida. derritts Island	2.70	14	2.77	+ 0.07	6.01	1888	0.15	188:
Georgia.	4-57	18	4-93	+ 0.36	8.11	1891	1.19	1879
Idaho. Boise Barracks Fort Sherman	1-77	18	0.25	- 1.52 - 1.99	6-49 5-81	1872	T.	1889
Illinois.	3-73	9	5.65	+ 1.92	10-35	1890	0.42	1889
Indiana. A Fayette	3-26	12	2-19	- 1.07		1883	1.20	1885
Indian Territory.	0.77	13	2.19	+ 1.25	7·43 3·06	1874	0.00	1889
Iowa.	1.01	20	1-03	+ 0.01	1.88	1887	0.07	1887
Kansas. ndependence	2-10	20	4.88		7-04	1881	0.25	1877
alina	0.55	9	2.01	‡ 2.78 1.46	2.01	1892	T.	1872
Frand Coteau	3-54	9	2.04	- 1.50	8.42	1891	1-37	1886
Prono	4-10	22	1.96	- 2.14	8-39	1876	1-20	1877
umberland	2-64	19	1.72	- 0.92	4-92	1882	0.60	1877
Alamanoo	2.68	16	2.26	- 0.42	5-44	1881	0-12	1977
hillicotheedalia	2-19	8	2.01 6.42	- 0.18 + 4.00	3-95	1885 1892	0.80	1884
Montana.	0-45	12	0.60	+ 0.15	1-29	1885	0-02	1879
Nebraska, enoa (near)	0.76	16	1-64	+ 0.88	2-55	1891	0.10	1889
Nevada.	0.56	21	0.52	- 0.04	2.05	1872	0.00	1882, 1889
New Hampshire.	1.35	15	1-39	+0.04	4-18	1891	0.08	1877
New Mexico,	2-35	48	1-41	- 0.94	7-67	1887	0.50	1865
ort Wingate	0-42	9	0-86	+ 0-44	1.78	1888 1873	0.00	1883, 1890 1881
ooperstown	2.23	38	2-23	+ 1.13	5-21 2-69	1887 1880	0.60	1856 1888
North Carolina.	4-39	20	2.10	- 2.29	9.00	1873	0-60	
Oklahoma, ort Reno	1.16	7	1.00	- 0.16	2.84	1889	0.13	1891
Oregon.	1.24	30	1.23	- 0.01	3-45	1881	T.	1876
Bandon	9-22 5-60	22	2-11 1-23	- 7·11 - 4·37	17.82	1881 1872	2-11 0-35	1892 1889
yberry	2.79	26	1.29	- 1.50	5-59 7-62	1884	0.60	1877
Vellaborough	3.63	12	3.17	- 0.46 - 3.46	10-93	1887	0.95	1872 1887
south Dakota.	2.76	10	4-23	+ 1.47	5-47	1889	1.18	1883
ort Sully	0-42	21	0.50	+ 0.08	1-50	1871	0.03	1877
ustinilver Falls	2.63	20	2-44	- 0.19 - 0.85	7.22	1888	T. T.	1885
Utah.	0-34	18		0.03	1-30	1881	0.00	† "
Vermont, trafford	2.90	18	1.50	- 1.40	5.90	1887	0.30	1877
Virginia.	3-40	12	1-90	- 1.50	9-00	1884	0.83	1877
Washington. ort Townsend	1.85	17	1.78	- 0.07	3-94	1879	0.37	1886
West Virginia.	3-74	7	4-27	+ 0.53	7.42	1887	1.40	1886
Wisconsin.	3-27	31	3.15	+ 0.88	4-70	1887	0-35	1877
fadison Wyoming.	1.72	27	1.94	+ 0-22	7.90	1869	0.30	1877
ort Washakie	0.31	9	0.30	- 0.01	1-04	1881	0.04	1882

* Frequently.

† 1875, 1876, and 1889.

PRECIPITATION, JANUARY AND FEBRUARY.

For the period January 1 to February 29, 1892, the precipi-

southern plateau region, and was one-tenth to four-tenths greater than usual in the east Gulf states, the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, and on the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains. In New England, at Key West, Fla., in the west Gulf states, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, the extreme northwest, on the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, over the northern plateau region, and along the Pacific coast five-tenths to eight-tenths of the usual precipitation was reported. In the middle and south Atlantic states, the Lake region, on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, and over the middle plateau region the precipitation for the period named averaged about normal.

YEARS OF GREATEST PRECIPITATION FOR FEBRUARY.

At Palestine, Tex., Sedalia, Mo., Salina, Kans., and Montrose, Colo., the precipitation for the current month was the greatest ever reported for February by 0.10, 1.47, 0.24, and 0.16, respectively. In the upper Ohio valley and at Lake Erie stations the greatest precipitation for February occurred in 1887; on the Washington coast in 1885; in the middle Ohio valley, Maine, from New Jersey southwestward over central North Carolina, on the south Pacific coast, and over the west part of the southern plateau region in 1884; in the middle Mississippi and lower Ohio valleys in 1882; from the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains to the upper Mississippi and Red River of the North valleys, and over the northern plateau region and the west part of the middle plateau region in 1881; on the middle Pacific coast in 1878; in the lower Rio Grande valley in 1877; and along the south Atlantic coast

YEARS OF LEAST PRECIPITATION FOR FEBRUARY.

At Pensacola, Fla., New Orleans, La., Lead Hill, Ark., Bandon, Oregon, and Tatoosh Island, Wash., the precipitation for the current month was the least ever reported for February by 1.50, 0.94, 0.23, 0.46, and 2.60, respectively. Over the northern plateau region and generally on the north Pacific coast the least precipitation for February occurred in 1889; on the middle Pacific coast in 1886; on the south Pacific coast in 1885; in the lower Rio Grande valley in 1884; in southern Arizona in 1881; and in the middle and upper Mississippi valleys, the middle and lower Ohio valleys, the Lake region, New York, New England, and Virginia in 1877.

EXCESSIVE PRECIPITATION.

The following tables show, by states, the number of stations reporting monthly precipitation to equal or exceed 10.00; precipitation to equal or exceed 2.50 in 24 hours; and precipitation to equal or exceed 1.00 in 1 hour in February, 1892:

Monthly precipitation to equal or exceed 10.00.

Number of stations.	State.	Number of stations.
1		
	Number of stations.	Num

State.	Number of stations.	Dates.	State,	Number of stations.	Dates.
South Carolina Louisiana Mississippi California Georgia Missouri	5 4 4 3 3 3 2	19-20, 20, 20- 21, 21. 19, 20. 7, 19, 19-20. 19, 20, 21. 7, 7-8, 8-9. 18-19, 24.	Arkansas	III	6. 11-12. 23-24. 28-29. 7. 19.

Precipitation to equal or exceed 1.00 in 1 hour.

			1/	
Texas	2	19.		

Table of excessive precipitation, February, 1892.

State and station.	y rainfall 8, or more.	inch	all 2.50 es, or , in 24 urs.		nfall r nore, in hour.	n one
	Monthly ro inches,	Amt.	Day.	Amt.	Time.	Day.
Arkansas.	Inches.	Inches.		Inches	h.m.	
Osceola	******	2.60	6	*****	*****	*****
Felton	11-13		*******			
Georgetown		3.00	20			
Grass Valley a		2.67	10			
Kennedy Gold Mine	*******	2.94	21			
Hypoluxo		3-24	23-24		*****	*****
La Grange	*******	2.80	7	*****		
Monticello		2.50	7-8			
Quitman a	*******	3.50	8-9		*****	*****
Girard		2.70	20			
Liberty Hill		2.70	10			
Monroe		3.92	20			
North Louisiana Experiment Station Maine.	******	3.52	19		*****	*****
Calais		2.61	11-12	*****	*****	
Fayette		2.91	19-20	******	*****	
Hattiesburgh		2.81	19			
Okolona		2.70	. 7			
Waynesborough a		2-50	19			
Appleton City		2.65	24			
Cofumbia	******	2.78	18-19		*****	*****
Hatteras		2.67	28-29	*****	*****	*****
Anderson		2.75	21			
Belmont		3-25	19-20			
Camden		4-15	20-21			
Effingham		2.87	21			
Winnsborough		2.97	20			
DunlapTexas.		3.21	7			*****
Palestine		3-17	10	1.12	1 00	70
Waco						10

MAXIMUM RAINFALL IN ONE HOUR OR LESS.

The following table is a record of the heaviest rainfall during February, 1892, for periods of five and ten minutes and one hour, as reported by regular stations of the Weather Bureau furnished with self-registering gauges:

		N	faximur	n fall in	-	
Station.	5 min.	Date.	10 min.	Date.	ı hour.	Date.
	Inch.		Inch.		Inch.	
Atlanta, Ga	0.12	20	0.17	20	0.47	20
Bismarck, N. Dak †		*******	*******	******	******	
Boston, Mass †		*******	******	*******		
Buffalo, N. Yf				*******	*******	*******
Cincinnati, Ohio		2	0.05	2	0.20	1
Chicago, Ill *		******				
Cleveland, Ohio	0.02	14	0.03	14	0. 10	14
Denver, Colo†		******		******		
Detroit, Mich		25	0.06	25	0-13	25
Dodge City, Kans *		*******	*******	******	******	
Duluth, Minn †		******	*******	*******	*******	*******
Eastport, Met		*******	*******	******	*******	*******
Galveston, Tex		20	0.35	30	0.80	20
Indianapolis, Ind	0.05	19	0-07	19	0.17	19
Jacksonville, Fla	0-07	15	0.09	15	0.19	15
Jupiter, Fla	0.17	17	0.20	24	0.60	24
Kansas City, Mo	0-05	4.7	0.08	7	0.30	4
Key West, Fla	0.10	24	0.16	24	0.72	24
Marquette, Mich †	*******		*******			*******
Memphis, Tenn	0.30	6	0.55	6	0.65	6
New York, N.Y New Orleans, Lat	0.01	20	0.02	20	0.10	20
Norfolk, Va	0.06	8		8	*******	
Philadelphia, Pa	0.03		0.09		0-35	8
Philadelphia Water Works	0.03	29	0.05	29	0.24	29
Pittsburg, Pa	0.02	25	0.03	25	0.13	29
Portland, Oregon	0-05	25	0.06	25	0.15	25
Saint Louis, Mo	0-05	1	0.10	1	0.30	10
Saint Paul, Minn †	0.03		0.10		0.30	
San Diego, Cal.	0.10	5	0.15	5	0.30	
San Francisco, Cal	0-04	17	0.08	17	0.25	5
Savannah, Ga	0.17	9	0.24	9	0.78	0
Washington, D. C	0.03	20	0.05	20	0-25	20
Wilmington, N. C	0.00	15	0.07	8, 15	0.21	8, 15

^{*} Record incomplete. † No record on account of snow. ‡ Less than 0.05 in 1 hour.

The following tables show the number of years for which monthly precipitation to equal or exceed 10.00 inches, daily

Farleys Camp, Aris. Campo, Cal

precipitation to equal or exceed 2.50 inches, and hourly precipitation to equal or exceed 1.00 inch has been reported in the several states and territories for February during the last 22 years.

Evensing	monthly	precipitation.

State.	No. years noted.	State.	No. years noted.
California	14	New Hampshire	
Washington	11	New Mexico	
Tennessee	9	Arisona	
North Carolina	- 4	Utah	
Texas	8	Colorado	
Alabama	7	The Dakotas	
Indiana	6	Delaware	
Mississippi	6	District of Columbia	1
New York	5	Idaho	1
Georgia	5	Indian Territory	
Florida	4	lowa	1
Louisiana	4	Maine	
Arkansas	3	Minnesota	
Kentucky	3	Missouri	
Pennsylvania	3	Montana	
Illinois	3 2	Nebraska	
Massachusetts	2	Nevada	
Ohio	2	New Jersey	
Rhode Island	2	Vermont	
South Carolina	2	West Virginia	4
Kansas	1	Wisconsin	1
Michigan	1	Wyoming	1

Excessive daily precipitation (24 hours).

Texas	13	Arisona	
Alabama	12	Iowa	
Georgia	12	Massachusetts	
Tennessee	12	The Dakotas	
New York	10	Delaware	
Illinois	9	New Jersey	
Arkansas	9	Rhode Island	
Louisiana	9	South Carolina	
North Carolina	9	Colorado	
	2	District of Columbia	
Florida		***	
Mississippi	6		
Oregon	-	Indian Territory	
Kentucky	5	Minnesota	
Connecticut	5	Montana	
Ohio	5	Nebraska	
California	5	Nevada	
Indiana	4	New Hampshire	
Michigan	4	New Mexico	
Pennsylvania	4	Utah	
Kansas	2	Vermont	
Maryland	3	Washington	
	3	West Virginia.	
Virginia	3		
Maine	3	Wisconsin	
Missouri	3	Wyoming	

Excessive hourly precipitation.

Tennessee	~	Kentucky
North Carolina	4	Maine
Texas	4	Maryland
California	3	Massachusetts
Mississippi	3	Minnesota
Alabama	3	Missouri
		Montana
Arkansas	2	Nebraska
Florida	L	Neural Neural
Georgia	1	New Hampshire
Louisiana	8	
Michigan	I	New Jersey
Pennsylvania	1	New Mexico
Arisona	0	New York
Colorado	0	Ohio
Connecticut	0	Oregon
The Dakotas	0	Rhode Island
Delaware	0	South Carolina
District of Columbia	0	Utah
Idaho	0	Vermont
Illinois	0	Virginia
Indiana	0	Washington
Indian Territory	0	West Virginia
Iowa	0	Wisconsin
Kansas	0	Wyoming

The following tables give exceptionally heavy monthly, daily, and hourly precipitation reported for February during the last 22 years:

Monthly.

Station and state.	Am't.	Year.	Station and state,	Am't.	Year.
Boulder Creek, Cal	32-20 28-95	1891	Felton, Cal	20-70	1891 1887 1891 1891

Amount.	Date.	Station and state.	Amount.	Date.
10.10 8-42 7-55 7-48	21-24, 1891 23-23, 1891 21-23, 1891 13, 1874 12-14, 1891 15, 1891 23-24, 1891	Luling, La Palermo, Cal Vacaville, Cal a Highlands, N. C. Mt. Vernon B'ks, Ala Monroe, La Athens, Gab Los Gatos, Cal	Inches. 6. 24 6. 12 6. 10 6. 01 5. 83 5. 73 5. 36	13-14, 1891 14-15, 1891 14-15, 1891 8-9, 1891 13, 1891 12-13, 1891 7, 1891 14-15, 1891
	23-90 22-40 15-33 10-10 8-42	Inches. 23-90 21-24, 1891 22-40 22-23, 1891 15-33 21-23, 1891 10-10 13, 1874 8-42 12-14, 1891 7-55 15, 1891 7-48 23-24, 1891	Inches. 23-90 21-24, 1891 22-49 22-23, 1891 Palermo, Cal. 15-33 21-23, 1894 Vacaville, Cal a. 16-10 13, 1874 Highlands, N. C. 15, 1891 Mt. Vernon B'ks, Ala. 7-55 15, 1891 Mt. Vernon B'ks, Ala. 7-48 23-24, 1891 Athens, Gab	Station and state. Station

Daily (24 hours).

One hour and less.

Station and state.	Amount.	Time.	Date.
Memphis, Tenn Do	Inches. 0.30 0.25	A. m. 0 05 0 05	6, 1892 8, 1891
Do Little Rock, Ark Louisville, Miss		0 10 0 12 0 30	6, 1892 6, 1892 26, 1890
Galveston, Tex	3.04 3.31	0 55 1 00	27, 1872 22, 1888

snow (in inches and tenths).

The snowfall was reported unusually heavy in the Adirondack Mountains, New York. In nearly all parts of Iowa the snowfall was insufficient to protect crops, and in some localities wheat and other grains were injured. On the 7th an unusually heavy fall of snow was reported at Lordsburgh, N. Mex., and reports stated that the heaviest fall in years occurred in the mountains near that place. Heavy snow was reported on the 8th at Ishpeming, Mich. At Pierre, S. Dak., snow was badly drifted and travel impeded on the 10th. A heavy snowstorm prevailed over a great part of New York and New England on the 11th and 12th, and snow fell on those dates generally over the middle Atlantic states.

MONTHLY SNOWFALL.

The depth of snowfall for the month, as reported by regular and voluntary observers of the Weather Bureau, is shown on Chart V. The greatest depth of snowfall reported was 49, at Calais, Me.; more than 40 fell at Cumbres, Colo., and Turin, N. Y. The monthly snowfall exceeded 30 at Summit, Cal., N. Y. The monthly showfall exceeded 30 at Summit, Cal., Palmetto, Nev., Natural Bridge (Strawberry, Coconino Co.), Ariz., Chama, N. Mex., Atlantic, Mich., and Monroe, Mass.; it exceeded 20 in Maine, except along the coast, in a large area in west-central New England, in northern New Hampshire and northern Vermont, at Blue Knob, Pa., in Upper Michigan, northwest Lower Michigan, northeast Wisconsin, at Hayer Centre, Nebr. Fort Vellowstone Wyo, in the at Hayes Centre, Nebr., Fort Yellowstone, Wyo., in the mountains of Colorado, northern New Mexico, central Arizona, and eastern California, in southwest Nevada, and at Julian, San Diego Co., Cal.; and it exceeded 10 in the mountains of Virginia and West Virginia, over a great part of New York and the upper lake region, from central Nebraska to west-central Kansas, in the middle Rocky Mountain regions, in northern Wyoming, northeast lower Idaho, in an area extending from central Arizona to central Nevada, and in eastern California between the 38th and 40th parallels.

Snowfall of 10 inches, or more, was reported as follows, and in states and territories where the maximum depth was less than that amount the station reporting the greatest is given: Arizona.—Natural Bridge, 32.5; Antelope Valley, 22; Strawberry, 18.51; Whipple Barracks, 11.1. Arkansas.—Lead Hill, trace. California.—Summit, 34; Boca, 26; Cisco, 21; Julian, 20; Towles, 16; Emigrant Gap, 15; Truckee, 12. Colorado.— Cumbres, 45; Steamboat Springs, 32; Climax, 30; Rico, 28.5; Ward District, 28; Red Cliff, 26.8; Amherst, 26; Platoro, 25.7; Pagoda (near), 19; Le Roy, 18.3; Julesburg, 18.2; Jefferson, 17.5; Gold Hill, 17; Dillon, 16.2; Moraine, 15.5;

Smoky Hill Mine and Robb, 15; Avoca, Castle Rock, Dumont, Greenhorn, Meeker, and San Acacia, 13; San Luis, 12.8; Gaynor and Yuma, 12.5; Villa Grove, 12.2; Brash, 12; Liver-

more and Stamford, 11; Grover and Thon, 10.

Connecticut.—Canton, 12; New Hartford, 10.5; West Simsbury, 10. Delaware.—Dover, 2.5. District of Columbia.—Washington, 7.5. Georgia.—Diamond, trace. Idaho.—Henrys Lake, 14. Illinois.—Fairmount, 8.6. Indiana.—Mauzy, 9.2. Indian Territory.—Fort Supply, 4. Iowa.—Webster City, 9.8. Kansas.—McAllaster, 17.2; Norton and Oberlin, 14; Gove City, 12. Kentucky.—Fort Thomas, 5.1. Maine.—Calais, 49; Kents Hill, 39; Indian Stream and Belfast, 24; Farmington, 23; Lewiston, 21; Cornish, 19.5; Fairfield, 19; East Machias, 18; Orono, 17.5; Eastport, 17.3; Houlton, 17; Portland, 16.8; Fort Preble, 12.5. Maryland.—Cumberland (a), 12; Hagerstown, 10.5.

Massachusetts.—Monroe, 30; Groton (a), 27; Fitchburg (a and b), 23; Florida (b) and Leominster, 22; Wakefield, 21; Mount Nonotuck, Savoy, and Gilbertville, 20; Kendall Green and Turners Falls, 19; Concord, 18.5; Ludlow (a), Leicester, North Billerica, and Williamstown, 18; Chesnut Hill, 17.5; Andover and Blue Hill (Summit), 17; Ashland, Mansfield, and Roxbury, 16; Dudley and Westborough, 15; Springfield Armory, 14.5; Amherst Experiment Station (a and b), Lake Cochituate, Lawrence, and Salem (b), 14; Amherst, Milton, Newburyport (a), and Roberts Dam, 12; Boston and Fall River (a), 11.5; Randolph, 11; Fiskdale, Monson, and New

Bedford (a), 10.

Michigan .- Atlantic, 30; Marquette, 27.5; Harbor Springs, 25.5; Cheboygan, 25; Harrisville, 24.1; Lathrop, 24; Berrien Springs (a), 23.5; Escanaba, 23.2; Crystal Falls, 22.5; McMillan, 21; Ivan, 20.2; Weldon Creek, 19.1; Fort Mackinac, 18.4; Calumet and Sand Beach, 18; Charlevoix, 16.6; Sault de Ste. Marie, 16.5; Berlin, 15.6; Alpena, 15.3; Caldwell, 15; Lansing, 14.8; Saint Ignace and Thornville, 14; Washington, 13.5; Grayling, 13; Olivet, 11.2; Fitchburgh and North Aurelius, 11; Bear Lake and Kalamazoo, 10.8; Ball Mountain, 10.6; Bellaire, 10.5; Ann Arbor and Highland Station, 10. Minnesota.-Farmington, 16; Fort Ripley and Rolling Green, 12;

Duluth, 11.4; Maple Plain, 11.2; Fergus Falls (a), 10.

Missouri.—Oregon (a), 2.6. Montana.—Martinsdale, 13.5;

Dearborn Canyon, 12.8. Nebraska.—Hayes Centre, 22.5; Kimball, 15; Fort Sidney and Precept, 12; Marquette, 11.5; Minden, 11.1; Ravenna, 11; Ansley, 10. Nevada.—Palmetto, 38; Elko, 30; Tybo, 23; Pioche, 16.8; Belmont, 16.5; Lewers Ranch, 16; Wadsworth, 13.2; Virginia City, 13; Reno State University, 12; Genoa and Verdi, 10. New Hampshire.—Peterborough, 26; Manchester, 24.6; North Conway, 21; Nashua, 20.2; West Milan and Wiers Bridge, 20; Plymouth, 19; Berlin Mills, 18.5; Newton, 18; East Canterbury, 16; Concord (a), 15; Littleton, 14; Strafford, 10. New Jersey.—Tenafly, 5.5. New Mexico.—Chama, 32.5; Dulce, 18.5; Monero, 18; Fort

New York.—Turin, 42.3; Constableville, 41; Potsdam, 35; Number Four, 33.7; Le Roy, 33; Utica, 31; Oswego, 27.7; Humphrey, 23.7; Baldwinsville, 23.5; Plattsburgh Barracks, 22.9; Glen Falls, 21.8; Sherman, 21.5; Malone, 19.2; Cooperstown, 18; Watervliet Arsenal, 17; South Canisteo and Angelica, 16.5; North Hammond, 15.5; Canton, 13.3; Alfred Centre, 12.8; Oxford, 12.2; Buffalo, 10.8; Madison Barracks, 10.6; Rochester, 10.3; Arcade, 10.1; Palermo, 10. North Carolina .- Bryson City, 2. North Dakota .- Saint Johns, 11.5; Ohio. - Garrettsville and Jacksonborough, 10. Oklahoma.—Gate City, 5. Oregon.—Siskiyou, 5.5. Pennsylvania.—Blue Knob, 22.2; Somerset, 20.5; Confluence, 20; Stoyestown, 19; Grampian Hills, 18.5; Emporium and Saegerstown, 16; Honesdale, 13; Pleasant Mount, 11.2; Wysox, 11; McConnellsburgh, 10.5.

25; Enosburgh Falls and Vernon, 20; Northfield, 19.6; Hartland, 19.2; Chelsea and Strafford, 18; Wells, 17; Lunenburgh, 11.5. Virginia.—Staunton, 16; Lexington, 15; Dale Enterprise, 12.5; Woodstock, 11. Washington.—Spokane, 3.1. West Virginia.-White Sulphur Springs, 17; Alderson, 15; Martinsburgh and Romney, 12.5; Beverly and Parkersburgh,

Wisconsin.—Crandon, 25.8; Florence, 25.7; Embarrass, 23.2; Butternut, 23; Peshtigo, 20; Koepenick, 18; Green Bay, 17.1; Viroqua, 17; Bayfield, 16; De Pere, 15.7; Medford (b), 15.6; Medford (a) and Portage, 15.5; Phillips, 15; Columbia and Portage, 15.5; Harrison 12, 25; Fen Claire, and Hayward, 14.8; Oconto, 14.5; Harvey, 13.3; Eau Claire (a), 13; Chippewa Falls and Oshkosh, 12.5; Appleton and Plover, 12; Menomonie, 11.8; Madison, 11.5; New Holstein and Wittenberg, 11.4; Milwaukee, 10.6; Weston, 10.5; Beaver Dam, 10.2; Fond du Lac, 10. Wyoming. — Fort Yellowstone, 21; Fort McKinney, 13.5; Cheyenne, 11.7; Fort D. A. Russell, 10.

DEPTH OF SNOW ON GROUND ON 15TH AND AT THE CLOSE OF THE MONTH.

Chart VI shows the depth of snow on the ground at the close of the month, as reported by regular and voluntary observers of the Weather Bureau.

On the 15th a depth of 36 was reported in northern New Hampshire, 31 in the interior of Maine, 20 to 40 in the Adiron-dack region in New York, and 20 to 30 in Upper Michigan and parts of northern Lower Michigan, in east-central North Dakota, the mountains of Colorado, and central Idaho. More than 10 was noted generally in New England north of Connecticut, in central and northern New York, over the north half of the upper Lake region, in central and northeast North Dakota, north-central and south-central Colorado, and at many points

in the plateau region between the 39th and 45th parallels. At the close of the month a depth of 24 was reported in the interior of Maine, 20 to 30 in the Adirondacks, New York, 24 at Atlantic, Mich., and more than 20 in the mountains of Colorado. The depth of snow exceeded 10 in northern New England and northern and central New York, over the north part of the upper lake region, in central North Dakota, and in westcentral Idaho.

HAIL.

Description of the more severe hailstorms of the month is given under "Local storms." Hail was reported as follows: 1st, Arizona, New York, and Pennsylvania. 2d, New Jersey and New York. 3d, Arizona and Colorado. 4th, California and Utah. 5th, Arizona, California, Kansas, and Virginia. 6th, California and Arkansas. 7th, Arizona, California, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Texas. 8th, Arizona, California, and Sylvania, Tennessee, and Texas. Sth, Arizona, Canfornia, and Ohio. 11th, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, and New York. 13th, Texas. 14th, Kentucky, New York, and Pennsylvania. 15th, New Mexico. 17th, Kansas. 18th, Iowa and Mississippi. 19th, Iowa, Louisiana, New Jersey, New York, and Texas. 20th, Texas. 22d, Wyoming. 23d, North Carolina. 24th, California. 26th, New Mexico and Washington. 28th, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon, Tennessee, and Virginia. 29th, New York, Pennsylvania. Tennessee. and Virginia. and Virginia. 29th, New York, Pennsylvania, Tennessee,

SLEET.

Description of the more severe sleet storms of the month is given under "Local storms." Sleet was reported as follows: 1st, Michigan, Nebraska, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. 2d, Connecticut, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Virginia. 3d, Maine, New Mexico, Ohio, and Pennsylvania. 4th, California, Iowa, Nebraska, and Wisconsin. 5th, Arizona. 6th, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, and Nebraska. 7th, Connecticut, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana Michigan New Hampshira New Jersey, New York Rhode Island.—Providence (c), 10. South Dakota.—Millbank, 12.5; Spearfish, 11. Tennessee.—Rugby, 1. Texas.—Ochiltree, 0.1. Utah.—Losee, 14.5; Provo City, 11. Vermont.—Burlington and Jacksonville, 26; Brattleborough (a),

9th, Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Pennsylvania. 10th, Illinois and Iowa. 11th, Connecticut, New Mexico, and New York. 12th, Ohio. 13th, Washington. 14th, Connecticut, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, New York, and Pennsylvania. 15th, Iowa and Missouri. 18th, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, and Ohio. 19th, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma Territory, Pennsylvania, and Washington. 20th, consin.

Arkansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, and South Dakota. 22d, Nebraska and North Dakota. 24th, Iowa and Wisconsin. 26th, New Mexico. 27th, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, and Virginia. 28th,

WINDS.

II by arrows flying with the wind. In New England, the middle Atlantic states, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, the lower lake region, the extreme northwest, the upper Mississippi valley, and on the northeast slope of the Rocky Mountains they were generally from northwest to northeast; in the south Atlantic states and over the Florida Peninsula, from north to northeast; in the east Gulf states, from north to east; in the Missouri Valley and on the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains, from northwest to north; on the middle-eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains and on the south Pacific coast, from west to northwest; over the northern plateau region, from southeast to southwest; on the north Pacific coast, from east to south; on the middle Pacific coast, from west to north; and in the west Gulf states, the upper lake region, and over the middle and southern plateau regions, variable.

HIGH WINDS. [In miles per hour.]

Wind velocities of 50 miles, or more, per hour were reported at regular stations of the Weather Bureau as follows: 3d, 60, e., at Tatoosh Island, Wash. 5th, 53, n., at Kitty Hawk, N. C.; 50, n., at Hatteras, N. C. 6th, 60, sw. at Amarillo, Tex. 7th, 55, sw., at Chicago, Ill. 9th, 57, nw., at Fort Assinaboine, Mont. 11th, 60, ne., at Eastport, Me.; 50, e., at Block Island, R. I. 12th, 52, nw., at Fort Assinaboine, Mont. 13th, 54, sw., at Abilene, Tex.; 54, sw., at Amarillo, Tex. 21st, 60, s., at Fort Canby, Wash. 22d, 60, n., at Hatteras, N. C.; 60, n., at Kitty Hawk, N. C. 23d, 56, n., at Hatteras, N. C.; 55, n., at Kitty Hawk, N. C. 24th, 52, n., at Hatteras, N. C. 27th, 64, ne., at Block Island, R. I. 28th, 51, ne., at Block Island, R. I.

LOCAL STORMS.

A heavy rain and snow storm was reported in Yavapai county, Ariz., during the first five days of the month. After the 3d the precipitation at Prescott was largely in the form of snow, and the snowfall in the mountains near that place was quite heavy.

5th .- About 10 a. m., during a snowstorm with high northeast wind, the "Red D" Line S. S. "Venezuela" went ashore on Brigantine Shoals on the New Jersey coast, but was floated off at high tide on the 7th. In the evening heavy north to northwest squalls were reported off the North Carolina coast.

6th.—At Lamonte, Mo., a thunderstorm occurred 1.30 p. m.; a barn was struck by lightning and burned; and one horse was killed and another badly shocked by lightning. At Little Rock, Ark., a thunderstorm from the southwest began 6.15 p. m., with heavy rain and a few small hailstones; 0.70 inch of rain fell in 12 minutes, flooding sewers in the lower part of the city.

in the southern part of Wood county, Ohio, at 3 p. m., local vessel and cargo were reported a total loss.

The prevailing winds in February, 1892, are shown on Chart | time. The path of destruction was 40 rods in width; the storm was preceded by excessive rainfall; it was attended with heavy thunder; hail one-fourth inch in diameter fell; and the damage to buildings in the vicinity of Cygnet was estimated at \$2,500. At Detroit, Mich., the wind reached a velocity of 36 miles per hour from the southwest at 10.55 p. m.; sleet and rain fell at intervals during the day; and at 4.50 p. m. a thunderstorm, with heavy rain, was observed at Windsor, Ontario. A heavy thunderstorm lasting 20 minutes, without precipitation, was reported at Baldwinsville, N. Y.

11th.—A heavy snow and rain storm, with high wind, prevailed along the New England and middle Atlantic coasts. At Boston, Mass., snow fell to a depth of 6 inches; coastwise steamers were delayed; and considerable damage was caused to electric wires. At Leicester, Mass., 12 inches of snow fell, and the storm was reported the most severe of the winter. Woods Holl, Mass., snow changed to rain 10 a. m., and the wind was high in the evening. At Block Island, R. I., heavy rain fell, and the wind reached a velocity of 50 miles per hour from the east at 10.14 a.m. At Nantucket, Mass., the storm was reported the severest of the season. Rain began in the early morning and continued until 2.09 p. m., when thunder and lightning, with heavy hail lasting one minute, were observed. The wind reached a velocity of 49 miles per hour from the southeast at noon; at 2.15 p. m. it shifted to southwest, and at 6.30 to west. At Baltimore, Md., snow began 7.15 a. m., and fell heavily at intervals until 9.25 a. m., when it changed to rain, and the rain ended 10.05 a. m. From 1 to 1.45 p. m. the wind was high from the northwest, reaching a velocity of 35 miles per hour at 1.25 p. m. from Lutherville, about 12 miles north of Baltimore, states that a rain and thunder storm visited that place about 4.10 p. m. The storm advanced from the west, with high wind and small hail, and lasted about 30 minutes. The snowstorm continued in eastern Massachusetts until the early morning of the 12th, a depth of 7 to 12 inches being noted. At Manchester, N. H., snow fell to a depth of 15 inches.

12th .- At Port Angeles, Wash., the wind backed suddenly from east to southwest in the early morning and reached a velocity of 30 miles per hour. At 11.46 a. m. a velocity of 46 miles per hour from the south was recorded, and the gale continued until 4 p. m.

18th .- High south to west winds occurred on the southeast slope of the Rocky Mountains. In the evening thunder and lightning, with heavy dashes of rain, preceded a gust from the southwest, during which a velocity of 54 miles per hour was noted at Abilene, Tex.

19th .- At Palestine, Tex., a thunderstorm from the southwest, with heavy rain, began 5.05 p. m. and ended 9.10 p. m.; 2.64 inches of rain fell in 2 hours and 50 minutes; washouts were reported on railroads, and there was a marked fall in temperature.

22d.—High northerly winds and light rain prevailed at Hatteras, N. C. The schooner "Annie E. Pierce" went ashore about 10 miles north of Hatteras; one person was drowned, another was injured, and the vessel was a total loss.

24th .- At Jupiter, Fla., brisk northeast winds prevailed wer part of the city.

7th.—A destructive storm from the southwest was reported Worth Inlet the schooner "Bessie B." went ashore, and the

INLAND NAVIGATION.

ICE IN LAKES AND RIVERS.

At Burlington, Vt., Lake Champlain was frozen on the 14th. Saint Clair River .- On the 2d the ferryboat broke the ice in a narrow passage between Port Huron and Sarnia and the regular trips were resumed. High wind on the 4th caused the ice to move from the foot of Lake Huron, and the Saint Clair River was open from Port Huron to the Lake. quantities of floating ice were reported in the river on the 20th.

A report from Detroit, Mich., states that Lake Saint Clair was frozen over on the 1st; 5th, floating ice in river at Detroit; 15th, river frozen over, but ice broken by ferryboats; 20th, floating ice disappeared.

The entrance to the harbor at Grand Haven, Mich., was

almost blocked by slush ice on the 9th.

Susquehanna River. - At Lock Haven, Pa., on the west branch of the Susquehanna, the river was frozen from the 1st to 6th, 11th to 13th, and 15th to 25th; ice was moving on the 26th and 27th. At Wilkes Barre, Pa., the river was frozen on the 1st.

Allegheny River .- On the 14th an ice gorge extended from Red Bank, 50 miles above Pittsburg, to above Parkers Landing; on the 16th the ice gorge at Red Bank was 9 miles in length and the ice was 6 to 9 feet in thickness; 18th, ice gorge remained unchanged; 20th, ice gorge broke about noon; 21st, ice from gorge passed Pittsburg in the morning.

At Pittsburg, Pa., floating ice was reported in the Monongahela River on the 1st, 2d, 5th to 7th, and 15th to 21st, and in the Allegheny River on the 1st, 5th to 8th, and 10th to 22d. A report from Parkersburgh, W. Va., states that drift ice from the gorge in the Allegheny River passed that place on the 22d and 23d. At Marietta, Ohio, floating ice was reported in the

Ohio River on the 1st, 2d, 14th, and 17th to 19th.

The first boat of the season from Saint Louis, Mo., reached

Havana, Ill., on the Illinois River, on the 28th.

Mississippi River.—At La Crosse, Wis., the ice was becoming very soft on the 20th; 26th, ice at the mouth of the Black River broke up in the early morning, and a channel opened in the ice at La Crosse. At Dubuque, Iowa, the ice began to break up on the 29th, but the river was gorged with ice below that place. At Le Claire, Iowa, the river was frozen from the 1st to 25th; the ice broke up on the 26th. At Muscatine, Iowa, the ice moved out of the river on the 25th. At Davenport, Iowa, the ice moved out on the 4th.

Missouri River.—At Pierre, S. Dak., the river was frozen over during the month. At Plattsmouth, Nebr., the river was clear of ice on the 24th. At Leavenworth, Kans., the river was clear of ice on the 3d; floating ice on the 8th, 11th, and 15th to 17th. At Saint Joseph, Mo., the river was blocked with ice from the 1st to 16th; 17th, ice running out of river; 18th, river clear of ice.

STAGE OF WATER IN RIVERS.

In the following table are shown the danger-points at the various river stations; the highest and lowest stages for the month, with the dates of occurrence, and the monthly ranges:

Heights of rivers above low-water mark, February, 1892 (in feet and tenths).

Stations.	anger. point on gauge.	Highest	water.	Lowest	Lowest water.	
Stations.	Dan Poi	Date.	Height.	Date.	Height.	Month range.
Red River.						
Shreveport, La	29.9	. 29	11.6	8,9	4-8	6.8
Fort Smith, Ark	22.0	II	8.4	3,4	3-1	5.3
Little Rock, Ark	23.0	23, 24	11.7	3, 4	5.6	5.3
Fort Buford, N. Dak *						
Kansas City, Mo	21.0	29	9-7	4	5.6	4-1
Saint Paul, Minn *	14.0					
La Crosse, Wis	11.8					
Dubuque, Iowa	16.0					
Davenport, Iowa †	15.0	16	8.0	28	4.7	3 - 3
Keokuk, Iowa‡	14.0	·IO	6.8	22, 23, 24	1.3	_5.5
Saint Louis, Mo	30.0	21	17-5	1	6.7	6.8
Cairo, III	40.0	24, 25	32-5	6	17.5	15.0
Memphis, Tenn	33.0	27	24.2	8	12.6	11.6
Vicksburg, Miss	41.0	29	32.8	12	31-1	11.7
New Orleans, La	13.0	29	11.5	14, 15	7-7	3.8
Parkersburgh, W. Va	38.0	23	19-3	3	6.0	13-3
Cincinnati, Ohio	45.0	12	29.6	2	13.9	15.7
Louisville, Ky	24.0	15, 27	11.9	2	7.7	4-2
Nashville, Tenn	40.0	21	17-2	7	5-8	11.4
Chattanooga, Tenn	33.0	10	11-5	7	5-3	6.2
Knoxville, Tenn	29-0	9	6.5	5, 28, 29	2-3	4.2
Pittsburg, Pa	29.0	21	13.0	1	3.4	9.6
Augusta, Ga	32.0	22	25.6	6	8-5	17.1
Portland, Oregon	15.0	I	4-5	9	1.7	2-8
Harrisburg, Pa	17.0	28	5.0	14	I.I	3-9
Montgomery, Ala	48-0	1	15.2	7,8	5.8	9-4

River frozen, † For 23 days. For 27 days

ATMOSPHERIC ELECTRICITY.

THUNDERSTORMS.

Description of the more severe thunderstorms reported for the month is given under "Local storms."

Thunderstorms were reported as follows: East of the Rocky Mountains they were reported in the greatest number of states, 11, on the 6th and 7th; in 9 on the 14th and 19th; in 6 on the 18th and 24th; in 5 on the 11th, 20th, and 28th; in 4 on the 4th, 13th, 23d, and 27th; in 3 on the 2d, 8th, and 9th; in 2 on the 15th, 21st, and 29th; and in 1 on the 1st, 3d, 12th, 16th, 17th, 22d, 25th, and 26th. No thunderstorms were reported on the 5th and 10th.

on the greatest number of dates, 13, in Missouri; on 12 in Texas; on 10 in Kansas; on 6 in Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma Territory, and Tennessee; on 5 in Illinois and North Carolina; on 4 in Florida and Indian Territory; on 3 in Georgia; on 2 in Maryland, Michigan, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and Virginia; and on 1 in Alabama, Wisconsin.

West of the Rocky Mountains thunderstorms were reported in Arizona on the 1st, 3d to 8th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 24th, and 25th; in California on the 6th, 14th, 17th, 23d, and 24th; in Colorado on the 1st, 3d, and 21st; and in New Mexico on the 3d, 26th, and 27th. In states and territories other than those named no thunderstorms were reported.

AURORAS.

Exceptionally brilliant auroral displays were observed generally east of the middle-eastern and northeastern Rocky Mountain slopes and north of the 35th parallel on the 13th. The displays were noted at a number of stations in the morning. In the evening they were observed from 6 to 9 p. m., East of the Rocky Mountains thunderstorms were reported to the greatest number of dates, 13, in Missouri; on 12 in exas; on 10 in Kansas; on 6 in Arkansas, Louisiana, Missisthe 35th parallel owing, probably, to cloudy weather.

Chart VII shows the limits of the region within which the

displays were reported the evening of the 13th, and the period during which they were observed at the several stations. Kentucky, Massachusetts, New Jersey, North Dakota, and following shows the more prominent features of the display at

selected stations:

Auroral	display	of	February	18.	1892.

	Extent o	f display.	
Station.	Asimuth.	Altitude.	Remarks.
Portland, Me	Covered 90	15	Color of arch bright red, with flashes to senith.
Manchester, N. H	In the NW.		
Northfield, Vt	110 to 223	60	Rose color, with streamers,
Boston, Mass New York, N. Y	130 60 310	Zenith	Very brilliant at 7.45 p. m.
New York, N. Y	140 10 220	35	Pale green changing to dull red.
Ithaca, N. Y	125 to 195	80	Pink changing to red, with shafts o white light.
Philadelphia, Pa	158 10 203		
Blue Knob, Pa	135 to 180	*******	
Baltimore, Md	120 to 180	30	
Washington, D. C	135 to 215	30	
Lynchburgh, Va	155 to 205	*********	An arch of red tinged with purple rest- ing on a dark segment.
Charlotte, N. C	95 to 105	25	
Micco, Fla	135 to 225	25	
Parkersburgh, W. Va	In the N.	********	Brilliant rose-colored streamers shot up from dark segment.
Cincinnati, Ohio		*******	Duil red glow in north obscured by
Cleveland, Ohio	135 to 190	55	Color deep green to altitude 25°, with beams of bright corn color to alti- tude 55°.
Vevay, Ind			Red and yellow streamers to the senith.
Chicago, Ill	135 to 225	55	Pink to deep red, with broad rays of white shooting upward.
Lexington, Ky		46	Pale red, with white bands. Red in northwest.
Louisville, Ky		30	Brilliant crimson.
Nashville, Tenn Detroit, Mich	165 to 195 In the NW.	45	Rose color. Obscured by clouds. Pink to crimson, with streamers to the
Port Huron, Mich	90 10 270		zenith. Delicate pink to deep red, with white rays.

Auroral display of February 13, 1892-Continued.

	Extent of	display.	
Station.	Azimuth.	Altitude.	Remarks.
		0	
Sault de Ste. Marie, Mich	130 to 340	80	Dark red changing to pink.
Marquette, Mich	90 to 180	90	Diffused light changing to rose red.
Grand Haven, Mich	90 to 270	85	Rose red arch on dark segment, with white and pale pink streamers.
Milwaukee, Wis	90 to 270	70	Dingy red changing to deep pink.
Saint Paul, Minn	90 to 180	85	Purple glow resting on dark segment.
Saint Vincent, Minn	90 to 270	90	Belt of red, with white streamers mov- ing from west to east.
Duluth, Minn	In the N.	90	Bright pink color,
Davenport, Iowa	150 to 220	60	Bright purple to rosy red, with lumin- ous beams and "merry dancers."
Saint Louis, Mo	In the N.	30	Red changing to scarlet.
Huron, S. Dak		90	Bright rose, with lighter beams.
Bismarck, N. Dak	110 to 250	50	Reddish tint, with bright streamers.
Fort Assinaboine, Mont.	135 to 280		Occurred in morning. Parallel beams of purple and red,
		1	

Auroras were also reported as follows: 24th, in the Dakotas, Iowa, Wisconsin, and east New England. 25th, in east Montana, the Dakotas, Iowa, and Wisconsin. 26th, in east Montana, the Dakotas, Iowa, Wisconsin, Upper Michigan, and east New England. 29th, in east Montana, the Dakotas, Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Upper Michigan. Auroras were noted along the trans-Atlantic steamship tracks east of the 40th meridian from the 14th to 17th. From the 22d to 28th, between N. 58°, W. 37° and N. 52°, W. 36°, nightly displays resembling a subdued twilight were reported. A white arch of altitude 25° to 30°, with streamers to altitude 45° generally appeared. The arch rested on a dark segment and stars were visible below, through, and above the arch. Auroras were also observed along the steamship tracks between the 30th and 50th meridians from the 24th to 27th.

STATE WEATHER SERVICES.

[Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit; precipitation, including melted snow, in inches and hundredths.]

The following extracts and summaries are republished from reports for February, 1892, of the directors of the various state weather services:

ALABAMA.

Temperature.—The mean was 3.5 above the normal; maximum, 83, at Daphne, 4th and 23d; minimum, 18, at Valley Head, 13th; greatest monthly range, 53, at Healing Springs; least monthly range, 34, at Citronelle.

Precipitation.—The average was 1.55 below the normal; greatest monthly, 3.91, at Mayaville; least monthly, 1.12, at Bermuda.

Wind.—Prevailing directions, northeast and southeast.—P. H. Mell, Observer, Weather Bureau, Auburn, director.

ARIZONA.

The month has been favorable for agricultural and cattle interests.

Temperature.—Maximum, 89, at Fort Mohave, 21st; minimum, 7, at Holbrook and Payson, 10th; greatest monthly range, 59, at Payson; least monthly range, 30, at Gila Bend.

recipitation.—Greatest monthly, 5.34, at Farleys Camp; least monthly, 0.08, at Buckeye.

-Prevailing direction, west .- J. C. Hayden, Observer, Weather Bureau, Tucson, director.

. ARKANSAS. Temperature.—The mean was 5.2 above the normal; maximum, 78, at Texarkana, 7th; minimum, 18, at Rogers, 16th; greatest monthly range, 53, at Keesees Ferry; least monthly range, 32, at Newport.

Precipitation.—The average was 1.29 below the normal; greatest monthly, 6.50, at Madding; least monthly, 1.24, at Keesees Ferry.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, north.—M. F. Locke, Commissioner of Agriculture, Little Rock, director; F. H. Clarke, Observer, Weather Bureau,

CALIFORNIA.

Temperature.—The mean was 1.4 above the normal; maximum, 88, at Davisville and Claremont, 11th and 24th; minimum, 11, at Susanville, 9th; greatest monthly range, 50, at Winchester; least monthly range, 28, at Berkeley.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.46 below the normal; greatest monthly, 8.44, at Georgetown; least monthly, trace, at Citrus.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, west.—J. A. Barwick, Observer, Weather Bureau, Sacramento, director.

COLORADO.

Temperature.—The mean was 1.0 above the normal; maximum, 78, at Thon, 22d; minimum, —20, at Steamboat Springs, 25th; greatest monthly range, 76, at Thon; least monthly range, 39, at Fruita.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.30 above the normal; greatest monthly, 4.50, at Cumbres; least monthly, 0.04, at Lamar.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, west.—W. S. Miller, Observer, Weather Bureau, Depart director.

reau, Denver, director.

FLORIDA.

Temperature.—Maximum, 89, at Manatee, 7th; minimum, 27, at Archer, 13th; greatest monthly range, 55, at Archer; least monthly range, 25, at Key West.

Key West.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 4.20, at Hypoluxo; least monthly, 0.24,

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northeast.—E. R. Demain, Observer, Weather Bureau, Jacksonville, director.

GEORGIA.

Temperature.—Maximum, 82, at Quitman, 8th; minimum, 18, at Diamond, 13th; greatest monthly range, 53, at Americus; least monthly range, 34, at Monticello.

Precipitation. - Greatest monthly, 5.98, at La Grange; least monthly, 1.93,

At Hephzibah.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northeast.—Park Morrill, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, Atlanta, director.

ILLINOIS.

The mean was 4.9 above the normal of the last 17 years;

maximum, 72, at Golconda, 24th; minimum, —3, at Lanark, 15th.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.35 below the normal; greatest monthly, 5.05, at Centralia; least monthly, 0.60, at Hennepin.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—John Craig, Observer, Weather Bureau, Springfield, director.

INDIANA.

Temperature.—The mean was 5.0 above the normal; maximum, 70, at Marengo, 24th; minimum, 2, at Angola, 16th; greatest monthly range, 57,

at Connersville; least monthly range, 40, at De Gonia Springs.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.27 below the normal; greatest monthly, 9.25, at Huntingburgh; least monthly, 1.64, at Michigan City.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—Prof.-H. A. Huston, La Fayette, director; C. F. R. Wappenhans, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, assistant.

IOWA WEATHER AND CROP SERVICE.

Temperature.—The mean was 6.0 above the normal; maximum, 68, at Glenwood, 17th; minimum, —20, at Bancroft, 15th; greatest monthly range, 68, at Glenwood; least monthly range, 41, at Winterset.

Precipitation.—The average was slightly below the normal; greatest monthly, 2.18, at Cedar Rapids; least monthly, 0.12, at Elkader.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—J. R. Sage, Des Moines, director; G. M. Chappel, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, assistant.

KANSAS.

Temperature.—The mean was 4.7 above the normal; maximum, 80, at Shields, 1st; minimum, -2, at Leoti, 8th and 9th; greatest monthly range, 79, at Shields; least monthly range, 45, at Independence.

Precipitation.—The average was 2.14 above the normal; greatest monthly, 7.11, at Fort Scott; least monthly, 0.25, at Weskau.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, north.—Prof. J. T. Lovewell, Topeka, director; T. B. Jennings, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

KENTUCKY.

Temperature.—The mean was about 3.0 above the normal; maximum, 70, at Bowling Green, 24th; minimum, 11, at Lexington and Springfield, 12th; greatest monthly range, 57, at Springfield; least monthly range, 32, at Richmond.

Precipitation .--The average was nearly 2.00 below the normal; greatest monthly, 4.50, at Caddo; least monthly, 1.75, at South Fork.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, southwest.—Frank Burke, Observer, Weather

Bureau, Louisville, director.

LOUISIANA.

Temperature.—The mean was 4.3 above the normal; maximum, 81, at Luling, 8th and 20th; minimum, 25, at Winnsborough, 12th; greatest monthly range, 54, at Winnsborough; least monthly range, 26, at Port Eads.

Precipitation.—The average was 1.97 below the normal; greatest monthly, 6.75, at Monroe; least monthly, 0.04, at New Orleans.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northeast.—George E. Hunt, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, New Orleans, director.

MARYLAND.

Temperature.—Maximum, 64, at Cumberland (b), 1st; minimum, —8, at Boettcherville, 6th; greatest monthly range, 68, at Boettcherville; least monthly range, 38, at Leonardtown.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 4.07, at Solomons; least monthly, 1.56,

at Great Falls.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northeast.—Dr. William B. Clark, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, director; Prof. Milton Whitney, Maryland Agricultural College, secretary and treasurer; C. P. Cronk, Observer, Weather Bureau, in charge.

MICHIGAN.

Temperature.—Maximum, 59, at Mottville, 24th; minimum, —24, at Cheboygan, 13th; greatest monthly range, 70, at Standish; least monthly range, 35, at Fairview.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 3.67, at Berlin; least monthly, 0.76, at Standish.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, southeast.—E. A. Evans, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, Detroit, director.

MISSISSIPPI.

Temperature.—The mean was 3.7 above the normal; maximum, 80, at Port Gibson, 6th, and at Hattiesburgh, 6th, 7th, and 8th; minimum, 28, at Louisville, 17th, and at Enterprise, 12th; greatest monthly range, 51, at Port Gibson and Enterprise; least monthly range, 31, at Ship Island.

Precipitation.—The average was 2.49 below the normal; greatest monthly, 5.81, at Waynesborough; least monthly, 0.18, at Natchez.

Wind.—Prevailing directions, north and northeast.—R. B. Fulton, Observer, Weather Bureau, University, director.

MISSOURI.

The month was remarkable for high temperature, excess in rainfall, and the large number of cloudy days.

Temperature.—The mean was 6.3 above the normal; maximum, 71, at Oak Ridge, 24th; minimum, 2, at Harris, 15th; greatest monthly range, 57, at Adrian; least monthly range, 38, at Gordonville.

Precipitation.—The average was 1.96 above the normal; greatest monthly, 8.83, at Appleton City; least monthly, 1.28, at Harris.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—Levi Chubbuck, Secretary of State Board of Agriculture, Columbia, director; J. H. Smith, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

MONTANA.

Temperature.—The mean was 7.0 above the normal; maximum, 66, at Choteau, 26th; minimum, —24, at Fort Buford, 14th.

monthly, 1.36, at Martinsdale; least monthly, 0.02, at Boulder.—E. J. Glass, Observer, Weather Bureau, Helena, director.

NEBRASKA.

Temperature.—Maximum, 71, at Belvidere, 25th; minimum, —10, at North Loup, 8th, and at Fort Niobrara, 15th; greatest monthly range, 78, at Fort Niobrara; least monthly range, 40, at Falls City.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 3.51, at Minden; least monthly, 0.17, at

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—Prof. Goodwin D. Swezey, Crete, director; G. A. Loveland, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

NEVADA.

Temperature.—The mean was 0.1 below the normal; maximum, 65, at Hawthorne, 28th, and at South Camp, 27th; minimum, —18, at Halleck, 8th; greatest monthly range, 76, at Halleck; least monthly range, 19, at Austin.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.18 below the normal; greatest monthly,

at Palmetto; least monthly, 0.12, at Halleck

Wind.—Prevailing direction, south.—Prof. Charles W. Friend, Carson City, director; F. A. Carpenter, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

NEW ENGLAND METEOROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

Temperature.—The mean was 1.8 above the normal; maximum, 54, at Lake Cochituate, 19th; minimum, —26, at West Milan, 17th; greatest monthly range, 74, at West Milan; least monthly range, 32, at Provincetown.

Precipitation.—The average was 1.66 below the normal; greatest monthly, 5.20, at Calais; least monthly range, 0.50, at Cornwall.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—Prof. William H. Niles, Boston, Mass., president; Prof. Winslow Upton, Providence, R. I., secretary; J. Warren Smith, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

NEW JERSEY.

Temperature.—The mean was 2.0 above the normal; maximum, 58, at Trenton and Lancewood, 8th; minimum, 7, at Deckertown, Dover, and Newton, 14th; greatest monthly range, 51, at Dover; least monthly range, 37, at Newark and Oceanic.

Precipitation.—The average was 1.83 below the normal; greatest monthly, 3.62, at Freehold; least monthly, 0.67, at Junction.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—E. W. McGann, Observer, Weather Bureau, New Brunswick, director.

NEW MEXICO.

Temperature.—The mean was slightly above the normal; maximum, 73, at La Luz, 23d; minimum, —7, at Dulce, 11th; greatest monthly range, 67, at Folsom; least monthly range, 39, at Albuquerque.

Precipitation.—The average was considerably above the normal; greatest monthly, 3.95, at Chama; least monthly, 0.13, at Antelope Springs.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, west.—H. B. Hersey, Observer, Weather Bureau, Santa Fé, director.

NEW YORK.

Temperature.—The mean was 1.4 above the normal; maximum, 55, at Rome, 23d; minimum, —17, at Madison Barracks, 6th, and at Canton, 17th; greatest monthly range, 70, at Rome; least monthly range, 32, at Fort

Precipitation.—The average was 0.45 below the normal; greatest monthly, 5.42, at Cherry Creek; least monthly, 0.19, at Au Sable Forks.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—Prof. E. A. Fuertes, Dean of the College of Civil Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, director; R. M. Hardinge, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Temperature.—The mean was 1.3 below the normal; maximum, 72, at Asheville, 22d; minimum, 12, at Pittsborough, 13th; greatest monthly range, 54, at Concord and Chapel Hill; least monthly range, 36, at Hatteras.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.88 below the normal; greatest monthly, 7.12, at Hatteras; least monthly, 1.30, at Mount Airy.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northeast.—Dr. Herbert B. Battle, Raleigh, director; C. F. von Herrmann, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Temperature.—The mean was 4.3 below the normal; maximum, 62, at Medora, 25th; minimum, —41, at Willow City, 15th; greatest monthly range, 83, at Jamestown, least monthly range, 58, at Napoleon.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.02 below the normal; greatest monthly, 1.15, at Saint John; least monthly, 0.25, at Grafton.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—W. H. Fallon, Observer, Weather Bureau, Bismarck, director.

Temperature.—The mean was 4.0 above the normal; maximum, 74, at Portsmouth, 23d; minimum, -1, at McConnellsville, 5th, and at Granville, 6th.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.82 below the normal; greatest monthly, 6.20, at Piqua; least monthly, 1.08, at Pomeroy.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, south.—Prof. B. F. Thomas, Columbus, director; C. M. Strong, Observer, Weather Bureau, secretary and assistant.

OKLAHOMA.

Temperature.—Maximum, 80, at Mangum, 10th; minimum, 10, at Fort apply, 8th; greatest monthly range, 62, at Fort Supply; least monthly range, at Guthri

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 5.14, at Keokuk Falls; least monthly,

0.24, at Mangum.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, north.—Louis Dorman, Observer, Weather Bureau, Oklahoma City, director.

Temperature.—The mean was 3.0 above the normal; maximum, 62, at Pittsburg, 25th; minimum, —18, at Saegerstown, 13th; greatest monthly range, 71, at Saegerstown; least monthly range, 37, at Swarthmore.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 4.48, at Blué Knob; least monthly,

at Swarthmore.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—Under direction of the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia; H. L. Ball, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Temperature. - Maximum, 78, at Charleston, 15th; minimum, 18, at Winnsborough, 12th.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 6.04, at Evergreen.
Wind.—Prevailing directions, northwest and southwest.—A. P. Butler,
Observer, Weather Bureau, Columbia, director.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Temperature.—The mean was 1.3 above the normal; maximum, 61, at ross, 21st; minimum, —26, at Webster. 15th; greatest monthly range, 73, Clark, Watertown, and Webster; least monthly range, 54, at Parkston.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.06 above the normal; greatest monthly, 1.52, at Mitchell; least monthly, 0.03, at Aberdeen.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—S. W. Glenn, Local Forecast

Official, Weather Bureau, Huron, director.

TENNESSEE WEATHER CROP SERVICE.

Temperature.-The mean was 2.0 below the normal; maximum, 71, at

Memphis, 24th; minimum, 16, at Johnson City, 7th; greatest monthly range, 50, at Dunlap; least monthly range, 29, at Missionary Ridge.

Precipitation.—The average was 2.08 below the normal; greatest monthly, 5.44, at Sharp; least monthly, 1.51, at Andersonville.—J. B. Marbury, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, Nashville, director.

Temperature.—The mean was 9.1 above the normal; maximum, 89, at Brownsville, 11th; minimum, 13, at Dallas, 12th; greatest monthly range, 70, at Dallas; least monthly range, 28, at Galveston.

Precipitation.—The average was 0.46 below the normal; greatest monthly, 5.05, at Palestine; least monthly, 0.00, at Sugar Land.—D. D. Bryan, Galveston, director; I. M. Cline, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, assistant.

TITAH.

Temperature. - Maximum, 78, at Moab, 20th; minimum, -18, at Loa, 9th; least monthly range, 33, at Snowville.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 1.52, at Ogden; least monthly, 0.20, at Soldiers Summit.—G. N. Salisbury, Observer, Weather Bureau, Salt Lake City, director.

VIRGINIA.

Temperature.—Maximum, 74, at Richmond, 2d and 3d; minimum, —8, at Dale Enterprise, 6th; greatest monthly range, 71, at Dale Enterprise; least monthly range, 38, at Birdsnest.

Precipitation.—Greatest monthly, 5.32, at Norfolk; least monthly, 1.32, at Blacksburgh.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northeast.—Dr. E. A. Craighill, Lynch-burgh, director; J. N. Ryker, Observer, Weather Bureau, assistant.

WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON.

Temperature.—The mean was 3.7 above the normal; maximum, 65, at Seattle, 27th, and at Vancouver, 24th; minimum, 4, at Waterville, 5th and 6th; greatest monthly range, 46, at Coulee City and Fort Spokane; least monthly range, 16, at Tatoosh Island.

Precipitation.—The average was 2.35 below the normal; greatest monthly, 6.79, at Neah Bay; least monthly, 0.11, at Vashon.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, south.—E. B. Olney, Observer, Weather Bureau, Olympia, director.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Temperature.—Maximum, 72, at Elizabeth, 1st; minimum, —12, at Beverly, 6th; greatest monthly range, 73, at Moorefield; least monthly range, 49, at Wheeling.

Precipitation.—Gre 0.98, at Nuttallburgh. -Greatest monthly, 3.17, at Parkersburgh; least monthly,

Wind.—Prevailing direction, west.—W. W. Dent, Observer, Weather Bureau, Parkersburgh, director.

WISCONSIN.

-The mean was about 5.0 above the normal; maximum, 57, at Prairie du Chien, 25th; minimum, -34, at Butternut, 18th, and at Hayward, 16th; greatest monthly range, 82, at Butternut; least monthly range, 36. at Cadiz

Precipitation.—The average was about normal; greatest monthly, 3.15, at Embarrass; least monthly, 0.75, at Delavan.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, northwest.—W. L. Moore, Local Forecast Official, Weather Bureau, Milwaukee, director.

WYOMING.

Temperature.—Maximum, 77, at Casper, 25th; minimum, —34, at La Barge, 8th; greatest monthly range, 92, at La Barge; least monthly range, 44, at Λtlantic City.

Precipitation. - Greatest monthly, 1.17, at Cheyenne; least monthly, 0.00, at Bitter Creek.

Wind.—Prevailing direction, west.—E. M. Ravenscraft, Observer, Weather Bureau, Cheyenne, director.

CONTRIBUTIONS AND ORIGINAL ARTICLES.

MEAN HEIGHTS AND VELOCITIES OF THE DIFFERENT CLOUD FORMS.

(Measured at Blue Hill Observatory, Mass.)

The following tables show the mean heights and velocities of the different forms of clouds in summer, winter, and for the year. These tables were prepared from records of the Observatory by Mr. H. Clayton, local forecast official, Weather Bureau, by permission of Mr. A. Lawrence Rotch, F. R. M. S., proprietor of the Blue Hill Meteorological Observatory.

		SUMMI	ER.				
	per of	He	Velocity in miles.				
Name of cloud.	Number clouds.	Mean.	Max.	Min.	Mean.	Max.	Min.
Cirrus	42	32, 557 26, 392	48, 984 39, 810	17,691 7,513	63.8	136	ro
Cirro-cumulus	29	17,720	39, 534	7,513	36.2	153 87	11
Upper cumulus	13	6,572	10,919	3,638	31.0	37 46	6
Cumulus	104	4, 833	9,039	1,972	19-5	60	15
Stratus	20	5, 177	6,726	2, 051	21-3	60	13
Nimbus	27	2, 336	5, 643	213		*******	
Seud	14	2, 556	3,983	1,099	15-4	33	4
		WINTI	cr.				
Cirrus	28	26,414	37, 926	12, 349	114-3	231	28
Cirro-stratus	7	19, 292	27,926	22, 386	69.3	127	46
Cirro-cumulus	8 26	16, 280	28, 117	14,997	1.08	183	40
Cumulo-stratus	6	4, 531 3, 763	8,825 6,752	1,745 984	33.0	57 47	7
Stratus	14	3, 012	9,613	394		*******	
Soud	3	1,722	2, 434	984	23.9	27	21

Mean heights and velocities of different cloud forms-Continued.

	Cirrus.	Cirro-stratus.	Cirro-cumulus.	Cumulus.	Cumulo-stratus.	Stratus.	Nimbus.	Soud.
Number of clouds Mean height Maximum height Minimum height Mean velocity Maximum velocity Minimum velocity Minimum velocity	70 29, 485 48, 984 12, 394 89-0 231 10	27 22, 841 39, 810 7, 513 62, 2 153 4	37 16, 998 39: 534 7, 513 58: 2 183 11	130 4,682 11,752 1,745 25.7 57	18 4, 472 9, 029 984 25. I 60 14	34 2,762 9,613 394	27 2, 336 5, 643 213	2, 139 3, 983 984 19.6

Norg. -The forms of cloud to which the names in this table apply are defined in the

SOME OBSERVATIONS OF WIND DIRECTION AT DIFFERENT ALTITUDES AROUND WEST INDIA CYCLONES.

Some very interesting observations of the difference in direction of upper and lower air currents in the vicinity of the centers of West India cyclones were made by the Weather Bureau observer, Mr. H. B. Boyer, at Key West, Fla., in 1891. The direction of the current was determined by the motion of clouds, the observations being made with a nephoscope.

The winds at the surface of the earth in the vicinity of a cyclone blow round the center in the Northern Hemisphere in a direction contrary to the direction of motion of the hands of a watch held with the face uppermost. The direction of motion is inclined in toward the center of the cyclone. With increasing height in the air the direction of the air current is not so much

toward the center, the central tendency constantly diminishing with height, and at a great height it is out from the center.

In the case of a cyclone center southeast of an observer, for instance, the wind at the surface of the earth being from the north-northeast, the low cumulus, cumulo-stratus, and stratus clouds will be moving from the northeast; the high cumulus from the east-northeast; the cirro-stratus from the east; the cirro-cumulus from the east-southeast; and the high cirrus from the south.

The relations of the motions of the air for different altitudes have never been very exactly observed and are in fact even partially surmised. Direct

been very exactly observed and are in fact even partially surmised. Direct observations of these motions are of great practical value in meteorology.

Air pressure observations by means of the barometer are now mainly relied upon as indicating the approach of cyclones.

With exact observations of the differences in direction of air currents at different heights, and the changes in direction as observed in a large number of cases in the vicinity of cyclone centers, it would probably be possible to formulate rules by means of which some idea could be formed from the observed differences in direction and the changes what the probable motion of the center of the cyclone was going to be. This would be of the greatest importance in weather predictions, enabling the predictor to better foretell the direction and force of any coming hurricane winds that might be anticipated. Knowledge of this kind is more especially important in the case of ships at sea. A ship's course can be so regulated as to avoid a cyclone center when the position and direction of motion of the center are known.

The following are the observations of the directions of air currents at Key West, Fla., the approximate distances of cyclone centers from the place at the time, and the estimates of direction of motion of their centers, as shown by the storm-tracks given in the Monthly Weather Review:

Direction from which air currents moved at Key West, Fla., 1891. [Lat. 24° 34' N., Long. 81° 49' W.]

-4 34		*	
Aug. 21, 4 to 6 p. m.	Sept. 19, 4-30 p. m.	Sept. 20, 7.30 a. m.	Oct. 6, 8 a. m.
nnw.	0.	е,	ne.
**********	1		ne.
e.	SW.		WaW.
			W. 100
n. 400	8. 200	n. or s., zero	8. 300
29-0	***********		30-7
e, to w.	se, to nw.	se. to nw.	sw. to ne.
	Ang. 21, 4 to 6 p. m. nnw. n. e. e. 800 8. 400	Aug. 21, 4 to 6 p. m. Sept. 19, 4 30 p. m. nnw. e. e. e. 800 8 400 8 200	4 to 6 p. m. 4.30 p. m. 7.30 n. m. nnw. e. e. ese. ssw. e. sso w. 200 w. 350 s. 400 s. 200 n. or s., zero

Direction from which air currents moved at Key West, Fla., 1891-Cont'd.

	Oct. 6, 4-20 p. m.	Oct. 7, 10 a, m.	Oct. 9, 8 a. m.	Oct. 10, 10 a. m.
Wind at surface of earth Cumulus clouds		88W.	880.	88e.
Cumulo-stratus clouds Cirro-stratus clouds Cirrus clouds	80.	ew. w.	#. #W,	8. 8W.
Cyclone center from Key West in miles. Barometric pressure at cyclone	***********	e. 100 n. 150	W. 100 n. 100	0. 100 B. 400
Motion of center of cyclone	sw. to ne.	sw. to ne.	29.9 sw. to ne.	29.8 sw. to ne.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLES.

Meteorological record of Army post surgeons, voluntary, and other co-oper- Meteorological record of voluntary observers, &c.—Continued.

		mper ahren		p.n.			mper ahren		'n.
Stations.	Mar.	Min.	Mean.	Preci	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'n.
Alabama.	0	0	0	Ins.	Aruzona-Cont'd.	0	0		In
Bermuda * † 5	71	33	51.6	1.12	Florence	79	31	55.0	2.2
Bessemer		24	46.2	1.88	Fort Apache	65	11	40.9	3.1
Brewton †	76	27	57-3	4-40	Fort Bowie		26	46-8	3-3
Corrollton †1	70	32	51.6		Fort Grant		21	47.6	1.5
Childersburgh †				2.65	Fort Huachuca		21	46-3	1.5
ditronelle	71	37	57.6		Fort Mohave †	89	32	57.7	1.7
Claiborne Landing †				2.15	Gila Bend a * † 1	76	46	58.6	2.3
Cordova†				3.50	Gila Bend b *1	86	42	60.4	2.4
Daphne †	83	31	61.2	1.21	Grand Central Mill.				0.6
Decatur a f				5-31	Holbrook †	63	17	39.0	0.9
Double Springs * † 1		29°		5-04	Lochiel t Maricopa*1	67	301	49-21	2.9
Florence at				5-58	Maricopa*1	98	40	64-3	2.4
indeden †				3.22	Mount Huachuca f.	67	19	44-8	2.6
eneva†	77	30	57.3	1.97	Natural Bridge t				4-1
reensborough †1		34	55-7	2.86	Navajo Springs †			*****	0.7
lealing Springs †		26		2.70	New River† Oracle†1	77	33	53-5	3-5
asper †	68	22	47.8	2.55	Oracle † 1	67	26	45-7	
emison †	68	32	54.2	3.90	Oro		*****		1.1
ivingston a T 1	75	31		2.43	Pantano *1	83	29	53-3	
laysville †		*****		4-44	Payson *1	66	7	39-5	4-1
aysville !	64	26	47-3	5-91	Peoria. Phœnix b†	79	35	55.6	2.7
t. Vernon B'ks	76	33	57-4	2.71	Phoenix o T	80	32	55-4	2.3
lount Willing t	71	30	55-1	1.63	Red Rock		40	61.3	2.7
lewburgh †	72	27	51.0	5.48	Reymert†	75	31	51.8	4 - 3
lewton†	76	28	57.0		Saint Johns †		*****	*****	0.2
xanna †	68	26	50.4	2.45	San Carlos	82	27	51.2	3.5
ittsborough †	78	36	57-8		San Simon *1	84	30	54.5	1.0
ushmataha†		30	54.0	4-20	Signal †	77	33	53-4	2.9
elma a †	****	*****	*****		Strawberry f		*****	*****	3.6
cottsboro†	70	22	46.6	4-29	Teviston Texas Hill *1 Tucson a †				0.5
turdevant †				4-75	Twosen at	85	41	56.9	
alladega †			*****	3.85	Tucson a 1	70	32	53.0	2.5
allassee Falls t					Tucson b *1 Walnut Grove t	74	30	49.8	3.5
uscaloosa †	72	28	49.8		Walnut Ranch * † 1		******	*****	3-1
useumbia a 1	09	29	48.4		Whinnle Barracke	70	17	44.0	2-1
nion Springs †	70	28	50.7	2.73	Whipple Barracks. Willcox*1	70	0	36.6	1.6
niontown	73	30 18	54.0	3-94	Wilmat	80	34	54-7	1.4
alley Head †1	00		44-4		Wilgus† Winslow*†5	70	20	42. I	1.7
iggins †	14-	25 ^m	56.4m	2.41	Woodruff †	10	20	davi	1.3
illianoo † 1	47	10	29-9	7-30	Yuma*1	Ra .	40	61.9	0.8
etlakahtia †		21	35.9	6.44	Arkansas,	03	40	01.9	000
Arizona.	2.		30.9	0.44	Arkadelphiat				3-9
ntelope Valley †				3-76	Arkansas City t				5-1
ris, Can. Co. Dam.		33	57-2	2.27	Black Rock *†1	70	20	46.6	
enson *1		33	49-1	1.30	Arkansas City † Black Rock * † 1 Brinkley †	70	30	51.7	
	70	22	45-4	2.39	Camden † 1	72	31	52.0	4.7
nekevet	70		49.4	0.03	Camden † 1 Conway * 1	66	20	49.0	2.4
lahaman + +1	70	32	49-9	1-73	Corner Stone *1	705	328	50.38	
sa Grande *1	72	30	54.8	2-35	Corner Stone *1 Dallas † 1	70	27		4.3
rittenden t	741		54.0		Dardanelle †		-/		2.2
rittenden†	14			2. 27	El Dorado t	COSO	30	FR 5	4.5
ramon t				2.67	Favetteville t 1	66	31	43- I	2-3
ragoon †ragoon Summit *1	68	45	48- I	1.83	Forrest City !	71	27	53-7	4-51
udleyville * † 1	75	32	52.2	2.69	Fayetteville†¹ Forrest City† Fulton† Gaines Landing†	12	34	23.1	3.6
arleys Camp	10	30	50.3		Claimen Landings				4.12

g		mpers ahreni),u.		Te:	mpera ahreni	ture.	'b'
Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'
Arkansas-Cont'd.	0	0	0	Ins.	California-Cont'd.	0	0	0	Ins.
Harrisburgh †1	68	28	44-8		Chico #1	76	32	49.6	3-2
Harrison t	68	20	45-2	2.00	U1800 *1	43	12	32.1	
Helena a †				5.00	Citrus 1	74	23	47.8	7.61 T.
Helenab†	70	31	52.6	4-55	Claremont T	88	34	56.6	2.00
Hot Springs	70	25	50.2		Colfax * 1	66	30	46.0	7-55
Hot Springs Lead Hill*	74	21			Coiton *1	72	36	54-9	3.30
Lono Landing	70	31	53.0		Corning *1. Crescent City	74	33	52.2	1.3
Luna Landing Madding *5	72	34	53.0	3.55	Crescent City L. H.	****		*****	3.4
Malvornt	00	32	51.6		Davieville a #1	60	*****	*****	3-11
Malvern† Marshall†	68	25	49-9		Davisville a *1 Davisville b	00	39	53.0	2.0
Mount Nebo †	65	24	45-2		Delano *1	72	38 38	58.5	1.8
Newportat			40.0	2-83	Delta #1	74	28	50. I	
Newport bt	62	30	48.0		Downov #1	dw(C)	40	60.0	
Osceola †1	68	23	46.3		Drytown	68	31	50-3	3.75
Ozark†	66€	258	50-38	2.45			36	56.0	2.0
Ozone †1	62	23	43.8	4.64	Dunnigan * 1 Dunsmuir * 1	66	32	48.7	2.2
Paragould †	68	23	45.4		Dunsmuir*1	63	24	43-2	3.31
Pine Bluff †		30	53.2		East Brother L. H.			000000	1.52
Rogers †	00	18	42.2	1.36	Edgwood * 1		27	39-5	0.12
Stuttgart †	71	28	51.6	5.06	El Casco * 1 El Dorado * 1	72	30	46.0	
Texarkana† Washington *1	PROD.	29	54-2		Elmira*1	70	33	53-5	5.75
Winslow * † 1	65	35	40-8	2.81	El Verano *1	60	34	51.8	4-04
California.	03		40.0	2.01	Emigrant Gap #1	50	35	37-3	4.62
Agnew1	60	31	50-6	0.89	Emigrant Gap *1 Esparto *1	74	34	54.2	7.46
Alcalde #1	72	38	53-5	0.94	Evergreen		34	24	1.36
Alcatraz Island	66	42	51-1	2.81	Farmington *1	71	33	54-3	2.20
Almaden *1	67	33	52.7	1.75 0.81	Felton *1	78	29	51.2	11.13
Alvarado†	73	36	54.8		Fernando #1	PRES	32	49-5	2.53
Anaheim *1	74	40	55- I	2.35	Florence *1	76	40	53-9	2.47
Angel Island	72	36	52.4	3.07	Florin * 5	71	29	52.6	*****
Antioch *1	67	37	51.3	1.63	Folsom City a * 1 Folsom City b	75	38	53-5	3.15
Arcata	05	30	52.8	4.90	Forestville t	70	*****	46.0	3.03
Arcata	will	31	53.8	1.10	Forestville †	73 58	16	46.0	5.19
Auburn *1	70	35	52.2	4-91	Fort Gaston	68	27	47.6	1.20
Bakersfield a *1	70	40	53.8		Fort Mason	65	40	52.3	2.51
Bakersfield b†	75	28	53-9	0.48	Freano *1	70	36	55-8	0.68
Bakersfield b† Ballast Point L. H.				2.25	Fruto *1	74	35	53.6	3-53
Beaumont *1	80	30	48-4	3-53	Galt #1	70	33	49-6	1.78
Belmont *1	67	40	53.0		Georgetown†	65	27	46.7	8.44
Benicia Barracks	65	34	50-4	1.98	Georgetown†	66	30	51.4	1.90
Berendo 1	68	38	53-4	1.67	Girard *1	64	30	45-4	0.30
Berkeley 1	00	38	50.9	4-20	Glen Ellen*1 Goshen *1	70	30	50.6	6.27
Bishop Čreek *1	71	21	46.4	0.70	Green Valley o	71	30	48.9	1.70
Borden *1	30	-20	52.1	3-35	Grass Valley b	60		44.0	7-15
Boulder Creek #1	70	34 28	50.8	9-51	Havwardagi.	6.0	23	44-3	5.92
Brentwood *1	70	33	51.9	1.13	Hollister *1	73	36	54.0	1.38
Brighton *1	60	28	52.0	2.06	Hornbrook *1	63	25	42.6	1.53
Boulder Creek *1 Brentwood *1 Brighton *1 Byron *1	70	34	51.0	1.13	Hollister *1 Hornbrook *1 Humboldt L. H		-3	45.0	2.34
Willente	78	40	52.8	1.00	Huron *1	70	35	55-4	1.30
Calistoga * 1	77	32	56.0	5-52	Hyde Ranch		*****	4	2.68
Cape MendocinoL.H.				2.03	Indio *1	80	37	59-5	0.43
astroville *1	73	39	55-1	2.00	Ione *1	60	27	50.3	2.85
Centreville *1	72		55.8	1.41	Iowa Hill *1	60	31	48.2	5-36

	Ter	mpera	ture.		ary observers, &c		mpera					npera					mpera	
Stations.		hren		p, in	Stations.		ahrenh		b'n	Stations.		hrenh		ip'n.	Stations.	-	hrenh	eit.)
	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'		Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'		Max.	Min.	Mean	Prec		Max.	Min.	Меал
ifornia-Cont'd.	0	0		Ins.	California—Cont'd.	0	0	0	Ins.	Colorado-Cont'd.	0	0	0	Ins.	Florida-Con.	0	0	0
con		*****		3.03	Santa Ana *1 Santa Barbara a	78	39 38	58-8	2.36	Gold Hill		*****		1.45	Ocala*†¹ Orange City†¹	80	32	60.5
an † 1	67	26	44-1	6.69	Santa Barbara b *1		42	53.7	2-55	Greenhorn †	62	2	32.8	1.30	Orlando†	82	40	63.8
ler *1	62	24	45-5	0.19	Santa Barbara L. H.		*****	*****		Grover†		- 4	24.7	0.78	Pasadena † St. Andrews Bay † .	83	34	62.0
nedy Gold	67	33	47-9	2.22	Santa Clara Santa Cruza *1			52.6	1-44	Hugo *1		- 2	33.2	0.30	St. Francis B'ks		33	58.8
ine *1	66	28	47.8	4.61	Santa Crusb	70	37 26	52.4	4.60	Idaho Springs †	54	-1	30-4	0.80	St. Petersburg † 1	82	35	62.3
g City ol	62	32	48-7	1.27	Santa Cruz L. H Santa Margarita *1.	60	25	44.8	4.29	Julesburg t	51	- 6 - 9	24.8	1.75	Tallahassee † 1 Tarpon Springs †	80	34	58.3
gaburgh * 1 ghts Landing * 1	76	35	54-4	2-38	Santa Maria		40		2-15	Kit Carson *1	64	8	31.0	0-40	Georgia.		1	
ropel	72	35	53.8	1.76	Santa Monica * 1	70	42	53-8 53-1	3.99	Lake* Lamar†	66	8	36.4	0.04	Adamsville †	70h	22h 28	48.71
rel*1	73	30	48-8	7-30	Santa Rosa *1	68	32	51-5	5.07	La Porte				1-34	Americus †	80	27	54-6
e Point L. H				0.33	Saticoy †	784	304	53-84	3.964	Las Animas † Lavender		0	34-2	0.53	Athens a 1	65	27	48.3
ngston *1	70	30	52.8	1.08	Selma*1 Seven Palma*1	83	33	54.8	0.26	Lay				0.99	Blakely * † 1	72	29	47-4 56-4
	69	31	53-4	1.81	Shasta †	62	24	42.8	4-17	Leslie			29-3	2.24	Canton† Dahlonega†	641	231	46.0
Angeles *1	74	36 40	54.5	3-21	Shingle Springs *1.	68	30	52-5	5.29	Livermore	56	0		1-10	Darien T	801	321	57.6
Banos *1	74	34	50.6	1.07	Sims *1	59	20	40. I	0.66	Loveland				0.55	Diamond †	65	18	43-4
Gatos b	71	30	51-3	3-43	Soledad *1 Sonoma *4	70	32	50.7	3-57	Magnolia Manhattan					Forsyth *1	70 76	33	54-9
moth Tank *1.	82	34	57-3	0-42	Sonora † Soquel *1		*****	*****	3-55	Meeker †	54	- 2	29-0	1.30	Fort Gaines † Fort McPherson	76	30	54-7
e Island L. H		****	50.0	3-14	South Vallejo *1	66	32 35	53.7	2.73	Middle Box Elder Minneapolis †				0.90	Gillsville * † 1	66	28	39.8
tines * 1 ysville a *1	80	34	55-4	3-14	Spadra *1	79		56-3		Monte Vista a	42	-14	17.8	0.49	Hephzibah * † 3	68	33	52.2
lo Park *1	69	32	52.9	1.39	Steeles	70	33 38 32	52.6 52.1	2.98 1.25	Moraine† Pagoda (near)†	48	- 8	29-0	1.90	La Grange * † 1 Louis ville †		30	50.3
on (near)*1	70	33 37	50-5	0.79	Stockton b *1	69	35	54-4	1.73	Pagoda (near)† Parachute†	581	61	33-7	0-82	Marietta † 1	65	24	46.6
esto a *1	85	. 33	55.8	1.91	Summit *1 Suisun City *1 Susanville *†1	43	38	30.0	3-40	Platoro †			15-4	3.10	Milledgeville†		29	51-3
estob	0.000.0	30	48-8	0.47	Susanville * †1	57	II	30.9	2.96	Red Cliff			*****	2-68	Monticello † 3	64	30	49-5
50B * 1	74	36	54-2	T. 25	Sutter Creek	6/2	26	42.8	2.34	Robb†	£8	- I	31.4	2.85	Point Peter *4		28 26	53-8
tague *1	6B	33	33.5	1.50	Tehachapi *1	74	37	55-1	1.59	Rocky Ford t	60	- 5	34.8	0.80	Quitman a		32	57.7
terev (Hotel					Templeton *1	71	30	51.8	2.12	Saint Cloud				0.52	Resaca †	82	30	58.0
Monte)*1	73	39	53-7	2.10	Towles *1	72	37	52. I	7.16	Sanborn				0.60	Romet			
City a	69	39	50-4	4.82	Tracy *1 Traver *1 Trinidad L. H	74	31	49-2	1.50	San Luis t				1.25	Thomasville †	76	30	57-3
onal City	04	32	54.6	3-43	Tropico *1	78	40	53-2	2.83	Sedgwick Sheridan Lake • † 1 .	60	15	32-2	0.17	Union Point †	68	27	47.2
lles†ark *1	80	39	57.2	1-31	Truckee *1	50	0	32-1	2.80	Smoky Hill Minet.	55	5	32.6	0.89	Washington † Waynesborough †		28h	******
Castle †	68	35	53.7	3-71	Tulare *1	68	34	54-0	1.47	Springfield				1-10	Idaho.		80-	53.0
hall #1	77	• 30	51.8	3-02	Turlock b *1	78	32	50.6	1.38	Steamboat Spring †. Surface Creek †	44		20.0	3.20 1.62	American Falls † Boise Barracks	46	- 7	24-7
man *1		34	52.7	I-45 I-39	Upper Lake Upper Mattole *1	75	27	50-9	2-50 5-58	Table Rock †	57	10 - 4	33.5	1.11	Era†	45	- 6	29.9
ihoff †	79	50	52.0	2-75	Vecaville a #1	70	34 38	54-7	3-45	Table Rock † T. S. Ranch †	58	17	35.8	1.14	Fort Sherman Garden Valley 1		8 - 2	
and a	75	42 36	55.6	3.68	Vacaville 8 *1 Valley Springs *1	75	37	54-1	3.07	Thon t	70		33-1	0.64	Henrys Lake†	48	-18	19.5
ando	62	38	52.6	3.60	Ventura f				4-54	Vilas				0.87	Kootenai * † 1 Moscow * † 1	50	4	29.8
by *1	88	46	47-9	4-53	Vina *1. Volcano Springs *1.	75	40	53-2	0-59	Ward District					Ruthburg * † 1	57	12	36.3
rio at	75	35	53.3	3.01	Volta *1	65	36	55-0	1.36	Watervale					Alton †			
gevale t	68	37	51-1	1.93	Walla Walla C'k * 5. West Butte *		32	39-6	0.47 2.59	Yuma†	*****	*****	*****	1.33	Aurora af	40	0	39.6
nd *1	72	37	49-9	3.81	Westley *1 Wheatland	71	40	55-7	1.32	Canton	46	1	28-4	I-54 I-22	Aurora b 1 Beardstown †	53	2	30.5
rmo f	70	32	51.8	3.63	Whittier *1	73	3I 40	51-9	3.55	Colchester Falls Village				1.36	Beason *6	53	7	33-8
Robles *1	69	20	49-5	1.39	Whittier *1	70	30	53.0	1-34	Fort Trumbull		8		1.12	Bloomington† Carlinville†	60	8	32.6
ras Biancas LH .	68	33	53-2	3.03	Willowa ?	72	34	50.3	3.20	Hartford b Lake Konomoc	*****				Centralia	62	14	38.4
on Point L. H				1.10	Winchester !	81	31	54-7	1.47	Lebanon			*****	1.31	Charleston *1 Chester †	58	12	35.6
santon *1	68	29	48-7 52-8	6.83	Winters *1 Woodland *1	72 66	38	55.8 49-3	3.13	Mansfield 1 New Hartford a * † 1		-3	23.3	1.86	Dixon †1		0	30.7
no Nuevo L.H	****		*****	3.10	Yerba Buena L H				2.90	New Hartford b	*****			3-30	East Peoria *1 Elisworth †	54 58	8	35-4
t Arena L. H t Bonita L. H		*****		6.55	Yreka†	67	40	41.8		N. Grosvenor Dale 1 Norwalk a †	48	8	32-9	0.91	Fairmount †	59	111	32.6
onception L.H.				2.82	Yuba City *5 Colorado.					Norwalk b	SI	6	29.7	1.26	Fort Sheridan Golconda *1	48	0	39-7
t Fermin L. H				2.88	Abbott	58	10	32.6	0.70	Southington *1 South Manchester.	40	0	28.9	1.68	Greenville1	63	15	42.0 37-1
t Montara L. H.		*****		2-10	Almay	39	-10	19-3	0.35	Stevenson				1.09	Griggsville†1 Havana†	59	15 8 8	35.0
E Pinos L. H				2.24	Amherst †	47	- 3	24-2	0.20	Voluntown * † 1 Wallingford †		0	29-9	1.72	Hennepin†	46	3	36.5
ona *1	87	34	52-9	2.25	Apishapa * †2	48	18	35.0	0-30	Waterbury	47	4	27 - 4	1.30	Irishtown Jerseyville †			35-4
ersville *1	72	33	55-3 48-0	1.33	Arboles	*****	*****	*****	0.30	West Simsbury	*****	*****	*****	1	Jordans Grove † 1		11	40-4
60 91	78	38	57.2	1.79	A voca				1.80	Dover † 1	56	12	36.2		La Grange † Lanark * 4	481	41	29.2
nna •1 Bluff •1	79	34	51.8	3-00	Box Elder					Kirkwood **	52	8	33.0	2.02	Louisville *3	50	- 3 19	37-3
ing a *1	75	34	50-6	1.32	Byora #1	69		25.0	0.70	Seaford † 1. District of Columbia.	33				Manchester *3 Martinsville *1		5	
ands 1	75	33	52.0	3-53	Carson of J	42	-10	11.7	0.85	Dist'ing Reserv'r *5 Kendall Green * † 1.	54	10	36.2	3-70	Mascoutah *		15	33.2 40.1
rside a †	80	32	53.8	4-37	Carson * † 1 Castle Rock † Cheyenne Wells * † 1	63	4	28.6	0.60	Long Bridge †			*****	2.23	Mattoon 1	55	19	37.84
Island L.H				1-93	Chivington f	26		16.5	3.00	Rec'ing Reserv'r * 5 Washington B'ks	54	5	35-9	3.08	Mount Carmel 7		30	40-8
lin *1	60	32 34	52.8	2-84	Climax * † 1			32.7	0-11	West Washington 1.		6	39-2	3.98	Muddy Valley 1	684	24 ^d	43-54
mento a1	66	34 26	47.2	2.58	Como (near) t		0	30.9	0.41	Florida.	70	31	56.2	2.60	Olney a *1	62	18	40.2 38.4
mentocol	60	31 38	54.9	1.99	Crook 1	·57ª	-13 ^d	27.40	1.00d	Archert	82	37	58.2	0-32	Olney b * 1	48	- 2	29-2
Helena	66	38 36	*****	4-48	Cumbres † Deer Trail	42	- 0	19.8	4.50	Brooksville † Eustis † 1	79	35 36	60.2	0.82	Ottawa † 1	62	3	33-3
as 6 *1	62	33	50-5	1.57	Del Norte†	54	- 6	23-9	0.10	Federal Point †	80	37	58.8	0.26	Pana *1	69	12	38-4
n e1 I	00	30	59-3	0.43	Delta f	63	II	34-4	0-45	Flatwood *		32	59.8	0.40	Peoria a†	57	7	35-0
er Junction • 1.	70	35 31	53-3	0.85	Dillon †	50	- 2	31.0	1.38	Fort Meade †	82	35	59.8	1.87	Philo †1	57	9	33-9
Ardo 6 7	72	30	53.8	1.83	Downing †	****			1.30	Gramere	Sa .	39	61.6		Riley +	55	2	31.9
Bernardino f Diego B'ks	77	31	53-4	3.30	First View Fort Collins (near).		*****	*****	0.30	Green Cove Sp'gs †. Homeland *1. Hypoluxo * † 3	79	31 34	58-3	1.50	Riley † Rockford 1	47	- 1	27.8 28.6
abrial ol	72	39 35	53.0	2.51	Fort Logan	64	2	34-0	0.77	Hypoluxo * 13	81	45	66-0	4-20	ROCK Island Ars'1	51	- 2	29-4
losé * 1	67	35	52.5	1.60	Fort Logan Fruita f Garnett	61	33	38-4	0.80	Kissimmee City † . Madison †		36	59-01	2.361	Rushville Saint John*3	63	8 22	36.8
Mateo e 1	64	35	49-5	3-97	Gaynor				1.38	Manatee f	80	43	64.5	1.50	Sandwich t	51	4	31-3
figuel o 1	64	30	49-9	0-97	Georgetown † Glen Eyrie †	484	84	29.74	0. 80 ^d	Merritts Island f	78	43	63.9	2.77	Shawneetown † Sycamore *1			

Meteorolo	gic	al rec	ord of	volur	stary observers, &c	-C	ontinu	ned.		Meteorolo	gica	il reco	rd of	volun	tary observers, &c	-Co	ntinu	ed.	
Stations.		emper Fahrer	rature. sheit.)	ecip'n.	Stations.		emper ahren		ecip'n.	Stations.		mper ahren	heit.)	p'n.	Stations.		mpera ahreni		ip'n.
	Max.	Min.	Mean	Prec		Max.	Min.	Mean	Preci	Stations	Max.	Min.	Mean	Preci		Max.	Min.	M ean	Preo
Illinois-Cont'd.		0		Ins.	lowa-Cont'd,	6	0	0	Ins.	Kentucky-Con.		0	0	Ins.	Massachusetts-Con.		0	0	Inc.
Walnut †		1	32.2	1 -1	Vinton *1 Washington	49	- 6	27.0 33.1	1.82		60	16	40.9	2.62	Concord †	48	- 4	30.0	2.27
White Hall * 4 Winnebago * 1	62	13	35-4	4.09	Webster City *1	42	-10	25.2	1-53	La Grange †	661	131	39-9i	2-38	Deerfield *1	50	-10	25.8	
Incliana.	1		28.9		Williams *1 Winterset †	49	- 2	28.7	0.75	Middlesborough †1.	66	20	42.8	3-41	Egg Rock, Nahant	42	6	27.5	2.06
Angola *1		. 12	31.0	4.05	Kansas.	65	16	38.0	3-17	Newport Barracks . Paducah †		14	38.2	3.0I 2.56	Fall River a *1 Fiskdale		7	30.8	1.90
Columbia City *6	53	8	32.3	2.33	Allison * † 2	59	20	34.6	6.14	Pellville † Richmond † 1	67	18	41.4	3-99 1-91	Fitchburg a *1	44	- 3	25.2 25.1	2.81
Connersville † De Gonia Springs 1.	64	7 20	37-3	3.77	Antelope †	62	15	36.4	3.10	Shelbyville 11	68	15	39.6	4.26	Florida a †	45	-10	19-1	
Evansville †	****			3.79	Atchison †	62	13	36.2	2.68	Springfield † 1	68	11	41.4	2.60	Fort Warren	43	- 7 - 3	23.6	2.59
Franklin 1	- 61	14	36.1	3.80	Belleville †					Williamsburgh †			*****	2.00	Gilbertville	49	- 1	27.6	3-20
Hammond † Huntingburgh 1	51 63	3 20	31.1	9.25	Buffalo Park * Burr Oak *	60	12	*****		Abbeville	82 76	39 28	53.8	1.70	Groton a	48	- 1	27.6	2.63
Huntington † Jeffersonville 1				2.58	Cawker City *1 Collyer *	55	10	33-3	6.00	Amite City† Baton Rouge	78	30	55.0	1.27	Heath *6		10	32.6	2.14
La Fayette †	56	18	41.8 35.0	3.70	Columbus †	78	20	40-2	5.26	Cameron t	80	36 36	56.7	1.33	Lake Cochituate	54	- 7	27.6	3.48
Logansport b		9	36.5	2.39	Cunningham † 1	66	7	32.2	2.36	Cheneyville †	77 79 ^d	35	62.84	3.08 1.384	Lawrence	44	- 1 - 3	25.0	1.89
Marion †	70	7	33-4	6.82	Downs		16	38.2	3.30			27	55.8	2.60	Leominster Long Plain			28.0	2.52
Mausy	60	7	33-7	4.16	Elk Falls T	58	21	39.2	6-25	Davis			33.0	3.51	Lowell a	45	- 2	25.7	2-74
Michigan City Mount Vernon a †			33-3	2.83	Ellis* Emporia † 1 Englewood * 1	58	16	37.9	4-15	Dethi † Donaldsonville	80	38	60.6	4.70	Lowell b	46	- 4	24.8	*****
Mount Vernonb1	65	20 16	41-4 33-1	2.83	Englewood * 1 Eureka Ranch †	66	15	38.4	1.83	Edgard	78	39 36	59-1	0.27	Ludlow a	45	-10 4	24.8	2.15
Muncie † Point Isabel †	65	10	34.8	3.06	Ft. Leavenworth a.	60	11	37.6	3.82	Farmerville	79	31	55-2	3.90	Lynn	48	2	28-2	2.43
Princeton † 1	59	18	36.6	3.87	Fort Riley	60	13	38.6	2.83	Grand Cane	79	32	56.1	4.59	Milton	45	3	29.2	3.75
Rushville†	64	14	41.5	3.57	Fort Scott 6	64	14	******	7.11 6.88	Grand Coteau 1 Houms †	77 81	42 38	60.6	0.05	Monroe	52	- 6 - 2	25.2	3.13
Shelbyville * † 6 Terre Haute †	59	13	38-0	3.73	Fremont †	61	4 2	32.0 31.4	0.72	Jackson Barracks Jeanerette	83	37 38	59.3	0.07	Mount Nonotuck Mystic Lake				
Vevay1	68	16	40-3	3.79	Gove City * † 1	50	5	30.7	1-90	La Fayette†	75	37	58.7	1.83	Mystic Station		*****		2.60
Vincennes † Worthington †	60	11	39-7	4.18	Grainfield Greensburgh †	53	4	*****	0.80	Lake Charles	78	32 46	57.0	0.30	Nahant New Bedford a 1	48	6 2	28-2	2.35
Indian Territory.				1.89	Grenola*1 Grinnell *	64	12	40-4	5-55	Liberty Hill	78	27 35	56.0	3.74	New Bedford b	49	7 4	30.8	2.22
Fort Supply	72	10	38.8	2.02	Halstead	62	16	35-7	3.28		80	36	58.8	1.95	Newburyport b				2.46
Healdton † Purcell †	75	36	48.8	1.18	Horton †	64	II	34-2	0.75	Maurepas	78	35	58-7	3.01	Northampton North Billerica	48	0	27.5	2.24
South McAlester † . Tulsa †		27	50.0		Hutchinson t	61	19	39-7	3.56		77 75	35 35	53.6	6.75	Plymouth *1 Provincetown	45	6	31.4	3.72 1.88
Algona *1		-10	22.5	0.84		66	21	36.6	4.88	N. La. Ex. Station .	72	29	54-3	5-53	Randolph				1.96
Altaa†1	43	-13	22.8	0.94	Kellogg			*****	4-05	Plaquemine	79 79	37 28	55.8	1.53	Roxbury 1	44	6	29.2	2.52
Amana †		-13 - 4	22.8	0.94	Kirwin		19	40.0	2.78	Shell Beach	80 76	31	57.0	2.40	Salem b	47 1	-14	19.0	2.58
Atlantic† 1	48	-12 - 8	24.6	0.30	La Crosse †	55	8 7	34-4 33-1	0.40	Sugar Ex. Station †. Thibodeaux		40		0.00	Somerset *1 South Hingham	54	6	30.6	2.66
Atlantic† 1 Bancroft † 1 Belle Plaine 1	42	-20	23.7	1.00	Lawrence 1	61	14	36.6	4.96	West End Winnsborough				3.60	Springfield Armr'y. Taunton a 1	AR	4	27.7	2.09
Blakeville *1	56	- 8	27.1	1.15	Leoti †	61	- 2	37.8	4-54	Maine.		25			Taunton b	50	5	31.0	2-33
Blockton† Bonaparte *1	56	3	31.3	1.48	Lincoln 1 McAllaster •	60	18	34-2	6-75	Belfast * 6	45	- 2		5.20	Taunton d 1	44	6	31-3	3.41
Carroll †	48	- 9	24.6	0.86	McPherson† Manhattan a†	63	15	36.6	3.05	Cornish East Machias †	47	= 4		1.95	Turners Falls Wakefield	47	- 5	26.5	1.67
Cedar Rapids † 1 Clarinda † 1	SI	- 3	30.3	2.18	Manhattan b1 Manhattan c*1	64	12	34.6	2.95	Fairfield Farmington †	45	-14	19-2	2.28	Waltham		0	*****	2.71
Clinton1	52	- 1	29-9	1.76	Medicine Lodge		*****	31.7	3.14	Fort Preble	46	-10 - 4	27.0	2.33 1.80	Westborough f	48	- 1	25.6	2.95
College Springs *1. Corning b †	54	6	33.3	0.60	Minneapolis*1 Monument *3	50	8	33.6	1.00	Houlton † Indian Stream 1	44 45	-19 -17		2.14	Williamstown ¹	43	- 3	25.2	3.03
Corydon t	56	-16	30-4	1.70	Morton * 1	61	10	35-4 35-1	4-79	Kennebec Arsenal	45	-13 -6		1.60	Michigan.		_ ,		2.60
Cresco † 1		-10	24-8	1.13	Norton† Oakley *1	54	- 2	30-8	1-28	Lewiston 1	46	- 9	22.3	2.31	Allegan	50	2	29-9	2.17
Fayette†		-10	26.5	1.05	Oberlin †		12	*****	2.37	Petit Menan *1	50	- 5 5		1.96	Alma Ann Arbor	46 -	- 9 - 1		1.33
	59 48	-12	35-9	0.70	Ogallah Oswego †1	66	20	41.6	5.48	Maryland. Barren Cr'k Sp'gs † 1	60	9	36.8	2.38	Arbela	40 -	- 3	18.0	3.00
Glenwood † Grand Meadow * 1	68	-13	32.5	0.53		54	8		4-45		60 58	- 8	37-4	1.95	Ball Mountain Bear Lake	44 -	- 9	26.4	2.60 1.56
Greenfield 1	50	- 4	27.2	1.33	Phillipsburgh t	70	2	31.6	2.08	Cumberland b1	54	3	37.8	1.62	Bellaire	40 -	18	19.8	0.90
Grundy Centre * 1	48	- 5		0.88	Pleasant Dale *1	60 59	- I		2.95			12	25.0	2.46	Benton Harbor Bensonia	39	- 5	23.1	3.02 I.44
Hampton * 1 Havelock †	45,	-14 -14	23.0	1.12	Quinter *	58 61	10		3.96	Easton †	60	13		2.98	Berlin * 1 Berrien Springs a 1.	48 -	-13	20.2	3.67 5.36
Hawk Eye				1.25	Salina * † 1	58	24	34-9	2.01	Fort McHenry	96	13	36-2	2.19	Berrien Springs b Birch Run				2.15
Hopeville † 1		- 9		0-87	Seneca†1	65 59	20	32.0	2.03	Frederick	55	4	35-7	1.56	Birmingham 1	47 -	- 8		2.22
Iowa City † 1	52 50	- 2	30.6	1.24	Shields †	80 60 .	7		0.46	Jewell *2	60	- 2		2.75	Caldwell	54	-13		1.19
Keossuqua † Larrabee * † 1	57	-14		1.89		75 ^j	143	41.83	3.17	Leonardtown †	54 53	16	37 - I	2.95	Calumet	40 -	- 7	17.6	1.65
Le Claire !		*****		1.38	Wa Keeney *1	54	14	*****	1.30	Mt. St. Marys Col † 1	52	10	32-5	2.53	Cheboygan	43 -	-24	17.9	2.28
Logan f 1 McCausland a 1	48	3	29-3	1.14.	Wallace of	60	10		0.50	New Market 1	55	10	37.2	4-48		48 -	- 2	29-3	3.30
Maquoketa *1 Marshalltown†	48	- 4 - 5	29-1	1.71	Weskau b†	52			0.25	Taneytown †		- 3		2.50	Crystal Falls	47 SI -	-19	17.0	3.05
Mason City †	43	-16	22.7	0.84	Winona *1	59	9	30.0	0.80	Massachuseits.	-				Fairview	37	2	23.2	1.59
Mechanicsville * 1	50 51	- 4	29.0	1.32	Yates Centre † (12		6.31	Amherst Ex.St'na	49	- 2 - 5 - 8	27.3	1.81	Flint	46 -	-12	20.4	2.40
	50 56	78		1.18	Bowling Green † 1		20		1.88		46 -	-8	25.7	I.59 I.90	Fort Brady	4I -	-26		1.21
	50	- 6	30-2	1.67	Caddo†¹		15	36.9	4.50	Andover 1	48	ó	24- I	1.38		47	1	29.7	2.62
Murray t	55	0	29-9	1.88	Canton * † 1		25	45-I	2-97	Blue Hill (sum't)	43	0	25.7	1.93	Gladwin	41 -	-15	23.1	1-35
Muscatine 1	54	-17	31.0	0.88	Earlington		28 18	46.5	3.04			0		2.46	Grape	49 - 52 -	- 2 5		1-47.
Osage * † 3 Oskaloosa † 1 Panama †	57	- 6	30.6	1.54	Falmouth †	***	14	*****	3.42	Cambridge a	44	2	28.4	1.70	Grayling	42 -	-23	19-7	1.30
Richland *3 Storm Lake †		0	27-5	1.83	Frankfort† Franklin * † 1 6			44-2	2.35	Chestnut Hill	44		27.6	2.78	Harbor Springs	43 -	-14	21.8	2-45 1-26
Tipton †	52	-13 - 3		0.97	Grand Rivers	7=	24"	45-2m I	.16"	Clinton				1.75	Harrisville	36		19-9	

Meteorological record of voluntary observers, &c Continue	ed.
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Meteorological	record of	voluntary	observers,	&c.—Continued.
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04-24		mpera ahreni		o'n.			mpera),n.			emper ahren		, B.			mper		j.
Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip
Michigan-Cont'd.	0			Ins.	Missouri-Cont'd.		0	0	Ins.	Nebraska-Cont'd.	0	0	0	Ins.	New Jersey-Cont'd,	0	0		Ins
Hart	42	- 0	25-9		Eldon * 1 Excelsior Springs*1	70 65	18	40. I 33. 6	7-34	Whitman *1	60 ^d	64		d 0.55	Paterson Plainfield	55	13	34.3	1.1
Hilladale *1	50	7	30-1	0.93	Fayette	64	14	38.6	5-34	Wilcoxo	48	2	29-1	****	Rancocas *		11	33-4	1.6
Howell	45	-15	26.7		Fayette	64	15	38-8	3.24	York	56*	20	28.9	0-170	Readington *1	54	16	34-2	
Ivan	43	- 9	22.8	3.22	Harris * † 5	55°	20	39.7	1.28	Austin	47	5	29-8		Somerville	53	15	35.0	
Jeddo	41	- 9	30.2	2.88	Hermann * † 5 Jefferson Barracks.	63	19	39-9	5.92	Battle Mountain *1. Belleville *1	51	10	28.9		South Orange T 1	5.1	12	31.8	1.5
Lansing 1	49	- 6	27.7	1.64	Jefferson City †	67	18	40.0		Beimont	51	0	30.4		Tenafy Trenton *1	58	10	32-9	
McMillan	000		22.2		Jerome †		224	41.0	5-43		5.9	- 8 16	26-4	1.00	Vineland	57	13	36.1	1.8
Madison	61	- 5	29-0	2.19	Lamar †			41.0-		Carlin *1	40	- 9	39.8		New Mexico.	58	11	35.0	1.2
Marshall 1	51	- 5	28-8		Lebanon	67	19	40-3		Carlin *1 Carson City 1	62	- 3	34-2	1.39	Albert †		21	44-4	0. 1
May Mio	37	-25	19-8		Liberty Louisiana Bridge †	0.3	10	35-1	3-74	Cranes Ranch	57	17	37-4	0.75	Albuquerque† Antelope Springs †.	56	30	47 · I 36 · I	0.8
Montague	30	3	26.2		Marble Hill	62	18	42.3	3-10	Elko *1	46	- 8	24-0	3.00	Bloomfield †	65	8	36.5	1.3
Mottville	43	1	31.0		Marshall†	65	12	37.8	4-56	Eureka	59	9	33.8	0-52	Coolidge †	64	16	31.4	3-9:
North Aureline					Mine La Motte	64	18	43.7	2.54	Fenelon *1	55	5	30.9	0.20	Deming *1	72	20	50-4	0.8
North Marshall	48	= 4	25·4 37·1		Oak Ridge #4	71	16 26	45.0	5-25	Genoa	52	8	34.6	0.31	Dulce f East Las Vegas †	57	7	39-4	0.0
Ovid	45	- 5	26.7	2-54	Oregon 6† 1	60	9	32.9	1.68	Halleck *1	58	-18	20.3	0-32	Embudo	68	. 15	38.7	1. 1
Parkville	50	- 3	29.6		Phillipsburgh	30	9	33-3	5.09	Hawthorne b	65	22 11	39-1	0.72	Estalina Springs † . Folsom †	55g	98	34-21	
Rockland	52	-18	15.4		Pickering *1	50	4	39-1	1.76	Hot Springs * 1	62	15	32.7	2.10	Fort Bayard	67	16	42.4	0.8
Romeo	46	-16	26.0 18.0		Platte River*3 Princeton*1	54	5	31.4	2.78 1.75	Humboldt *1 Lewers Ranch	51	12	35.0	1.92	Fort Marcy	55 68	11	34.8	1.3 T.
Sand Beach	38	- 6	21.8	1.85	Rollat	59	19	40-3	5.06	Lovelock #1	62	10	36-7		Fort Wingate	62	8	36.0	
Standish	54	-16 - 3	25.6		Saint Charles 61 Saint Joseph f	67	18	38-3	4-97	Mill City *1 Monitors Ranch	60	-15F		0.15	Gallinas Spring † Halls Peak †	-66	20 6	34-0	0. I
Thornville 1	46	-10	18.5	3-03	Baint Louis	09	19	39-0	4-29	Palisade *1	50	0	26.0	0.80	Hillsborough f	697	18	44-5	
Vandslia Vienna	51	I	30-7	2.36	Shelbina	62	13	37-4	3.14	Palmetto	60	- 1	33.8	3-77		71	28	52-0	0.5
Washington	48	-13	31-2	2.56	Stellada	52	16	39-9	4.80	Reno *1	57	13	35.0	0.70	Los Lunas †	70 65	27 15	42.3	0.25
Weldon Creek White Pigeon *2	silk .	-13	23.6		Warrensburgh *1	60	15	37-7	5.87	Reno State Univ'sy Saint Clair	61	6	40-4	0.66	Monero †	51	- 1	28-5	2.21
Pailanti	54 48	0	39.3	2.58	Warrenton	07	14	38-5	3.42	South Campf	64	10	35-3	0.56	Olio† Pojuaque		12	36.8	I-86
Minnesota.		-		0.61	Montana.	- 1			0-60	Sunnyside	62	- 8	35-2	1-24	Red Canon t	69	15	42-6	0.71
Albert Lea† 1	42	-30	31.6	0.79	Camp Poplar River. Fort Assinaboine	47 50	-32 -16	9-4	0.70	Tecoma*1	48	- 8	28.3	1.65	Socorro † Springer †	61	21	48-4	0-18
Alma City ? 1 4	16	-22	21-4	1.21	Fort Custer				0.60	Tuscarora f	63	- 2	32.2	1-56	Taos f	54	2	30-4	1.35
Caledonia†	s/A	-15 -27	22.4	0-90	Fort Keogh	55	-4		0-32	Tybo Verdi *1	64	- 1	33.0	1.00	Wallace †	03	17	40-3	0-80
Farmington *1 4	18	-22	22.8	2.60	Nebraska.					Virginia City	56	15	32.2	0.93	Adams Centre		*****		2.21
Fergus Falls of 4	19	-30	17.5	1.13	Agee *2	62	2	26.4	0-21	Wadsworth *1	50	10	37.6	0.60	Addison ¹ Alfred Centre	47	3	28.1	1.58
Fort Ripley !			*****	0.97	Ansley † 1 Auburn a* † 1	65	- 8	25-3	1.30	Wella *1	44	0	26.7	0.34	Angelica †1	47	0	36- I	3.06
Fort Snelling 4 Branite Falls 4	17	-21	18.3	0.59	Hannett 91	ion is	- 4	25.6	0-20	Winnemucca *1 New Hampshire.	60	10	34-4	*****	Arcade 1	45	- 4	24-7	3.35
Kinbrae † 1 4	14	-20	19.7	1.05	Beatrice !	57	7	30.8	0.46	Belmont		*****		1-84	Avon				2-45
dankato 1 4	15	-34	12.6	I-00	Belvidere *1 Burwell *1		4	31.6	0-69	Berlin Falls Berlin Mills	AA	-24 -24	17.4	F. 22	Baldwinsville 1 Bedford	43	- 3	26-1	2-39
daple Plain * 3 4 dinneapolis * 3 4	17	-15 -30	31.7	1.82	Creignton T	23 .	- 5	23.2	0.80	Concord a	40	- 5	25-4		Binghamton †1	47	- 1	27.7	1-90
finneapolis *1 4 fontevideo † 4	I	-30	30-8	I-54 0-54	Culbertsons†	58	0	29-2	1.25	East Canterbury Groveton *1	48	- 4 -18	23-3	1.79	Bloods Depot			*****	2.16
forris1 4	10	-25	17.0	1-35	David City †	3	- 2	26.0	1.10	Hanover al	45	-11	18.8	I-41	Bolivar Boyds Corners *1	40	8	31.0	3-16
Northneld T 1 4	14	-20	31-4	1.73	De Soto 1	90	0		0-76	Hanover b Lake Village	46	-16	22.8	1-42	Brookfield 1	50	-16	24-2	0.74
Prtonville f	5	-14	34.3	1.90	Dunning * 1	3	3		0-42	Littleton 1	42	-16	19-9	1.84	Carmel	40	-17 3	18-1	1-34
Palla?		1		1-41	Ewing * † 1 6	10	0	25.7	0.27	Manchester	50	- 3	25.8	2.71	Central Park, N. Y.	50	14	33-4	0-94
tolling Green † 1 4 aint Charles * † 2 4	2 5	-26 -17	19.7	0.73	Fairbury *	10	14		0.73	Mine Falls Nashua	45	- 5	25-9	2.93	Cherry Creek Constable ville † 1,	42	-14	19.9	3-48
neidon 3	Š	-13	23.6	1-59	Fairfield 5	6	. 0	30-4	1.91	Newton	44	0	25-2	1.86	Cooperatown 1	49	-77	22.2	2.23
Mississippi. gricultural Col'ge 7	2	32	52.0	7. 57	Fort Omaha	6	-10		0-31	North Conway Pennichuck Station .	47	-13	22-2	2.10	Davids Island De Kalb Junction	50	10	29.8	1.61
lay Saint Louis 7 7	9	45	60.4	0.75	Fort Omaha	0 -	- 5	27.2	0-19	Peterborough **	48	-14	23.8	*****	Demster				2-47
anton 7		29	54.6	3-09	Fremont *1 4	5	7 0		0-58	Plymouth 1	46	-12 -20		0-70	Easton	****			2.65
olumbus at			34.0	2-12	Geneva				1.70	Walpoie	48	-22	22-3	2-04	Eden Centre	50	0	28.9	
dwards † 7: Interprise † 7:	5	34	55.8	2.89	Genoa † 1 Gering †	0	9		0-40	West Milan Wiers Bridge	48	-26	18.1	2.05 1.48	Elmira * † 1 Factoryville † 1	475	4 2	30.0 28.1	1.53
ayettef 7	3	36	57.5	3-77	Grand Island 4	9 -	- 1	28.6	1.40	Wolfborough				1-55	Fleming 1	43	3	25.8	1.39
reenville 6	7	35	53.2	3.60	Hartington t	8	5		0.96	New Jersey.	88	9	33.6		Fort Columbus Fort Hamilton	47	15	32.6	0.94
osciusko ? 7		32		2.00	Hartington † 4 Hastings * † 1 5 Hayes Centre * † 1 6	4	4	30-0	1.63	Asbury Park	52	12	33-7	1.50	Fort Niagara	43	8		
ogtown†		35 28	53-4 58-8	3-07	May Singings 41 6	W 7	10		0.20	Bayonne	52	13	33- I	1.67	Fort Porter Fort Schuyler	45	10	27.2	0.96
latches † 7		32	54-2 58-1	0.18	Hebron 5	6	5	32.0	0.80	Belvidere	40	13	31.3	1.36	Fort Wadsworth	53	12	31.2	1.25
kolona 7 7	8	39	51.6	3-99	Holdrege • 1				1.90	Beverly † 1	55	13	32.8	1.87	Galway				3.05
alo Alto † 7.		31	51.1	3-71	Hebron	3			0.48	Bridgeton a	56	16		2.72	Glens Falls!		3	28.0	
ort Gibson † 96	0	29	54-3	3.68	Kimball † 6	0 -	- 6	30-4	1.52	Bridgeton b	60	15	37.8	2.02	Hess Road Stat'n † 1 Honeymead Brook 1	42	6	27-1	3.36
hip Island † 76	8		59-8	3.72					0.90	Camden	55	15		2-24	Humphrey †1	AD	3	27-7	3-45
Vashington † 78	8	35	56.7	2.50	Lincoln 1 5 Long Pine * 1 6	6 -	- 6 .		0.70	Deckerton 1	47	7	28.7	1.00	Ithaca1	56	5	30-3	1-33
ater Valley 7	3			5-81	Marquette* 5	0			1.65	Dover Egg Harbor City 1	58	7		0.85	Jamestown * † 1 Kings Station	43			2.30
azoo City f				3-19	Mayberry 6 Minden *1 5 Norfolk † 1 9	2	0	27.5	3-51	Elizabeth†	10	10	31.1	2.13	Le Roy	44	2	24-7	5-33
Missouri.				6.54	Norfolk†1 9 North Loup†1 4	0 -			0.70	Franklinville	55	II		2.62	Liberty	47	4	*****	1.10
ppleton City † 63	8	18	39.6	8.83	O'Neill *1 5	3 -	- 4	24-X	0.40	Gillette1	12	12	31.8	2-14	Lowville2		*****	19.0	1-42
oonville†58					Ough b†				1.65	Highland Park†	52	12		1.81	Lyndonville Madison Barracks . 4	46		23.2	1.89
ape Girardeau †			*****	4-30	Plattsmouth †			*****	2.10	Imlaystown 5	53	12	34.0	1.75	Malone 1	40 -	-13	18.0	2.51
arrollton 57		9	36.6	4-58	Precept *1 5	1 -	- 6	29-2	1.70	Junction			*****	0.67	Middletown Minnewaska 1	45	6	27.6	1.41
arthage * † 1 68 hillicothe a 63		24		3-59	Ravenna 5				0.60	Locktown s	50	14		I. 02	Mount Morris	ST	4	28.0	2-00
nillicotheb† 58		8	41.2	2.01	Springview 6:		-6 :	24.6	0.55	Moorestown 1 5	96	13	34-0	2.73	Newark Valley				1.16
neeption 1 57		40	37.6	5-75	Syracuse *1 5	5			0.71	Mount Holly 5 Newark 5	55	15	35.4 .	1.62	New Lisbon *1 A	50	-12 -14	24.3	1.52
neordia				7 20	Balannah				0.40			12	24.0		Number Four †		-14	20-4	3.37
oncordia			02000		Tekamah 5	3					53		34-0	1.05				W	- 70
neordia 64		10	39-3	3-41	Thedford 66 Wallace *1 66 Weeping Water *1 . 56	50 -	- 40 1	34-4°	0.55		58	13	33.0	1-77	Oxford	14 -	- 3	24-4	1.66

	P			1	stary observers, &c	_			1					1	tary observers, &c.	1 -		
Stations.		emper Fahren			Stations.		ahren		p'n.	Stations.	(Fa	mpera	ture.	p'n.	Stations	(F	mpera	ture.
Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean.	Precip	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean
New York-Cont'd,	0	0		Inc.	Ohio-Cont'd.			e	Ins.	Pennsulvania-Cont.	0	0	0	Ins.	S. Dakota-Cont'd.	0	0	0
attsburgh B'ks			19-2		Fostorial	59	10	31-5	2.24	Frankford Arsenai.		13	32.6	0.85	Forest City t	59€	- 95	22.4
rt Jervis		6	29-1			54	- 3	28.9	3-42	Frederick		*****		0.83	Fort Meade Fort Randall	56	-13	25.2
ughkeepsie	51	-13	27-5		Granville * 1	62	- 1	39-1	3.62	Freeport †	50	9	30.3	3.17	Fort Sully	51	- 7 -10	25.6
aker Street	42	- 6	22.0	2.50	Gratiot	62	1	35.8	2.77	Girardville 1	48	0	28.5	3-17	Frankfort T	40	-25	16-2
me	55	15	24-4		Greenfield	59	9	38.0	4-50	Greensborough f		*****	*****	2.20	Gary †	46	-24	15.2
mulus	43	4	27.1		Hanging Rock 1	58	7	34·4 39·1	3.08	Hamburgh	57	12	32.8	2.37	Howard †	53	-15	19.9
auket † 1	48	13	31.6	1.40	Harbor I	52	7	30.9	3.10	Honesdale 1	48	T	27.6	2.02	Kimball† Millbank†¹ Mitchell†¹	57	-24	12.9
rman 1	50	- 9	27.0	4-01	Hiram	53	I	29.5	3-43	Hulmeville	53	14	33.5	1.64	Mitchell†1	55	-10	20.9
th Canisteo 1 theast Reserv'r.	47	0	25-5	3-40	Jacksonborough Kenton †	66	14	35.6	3-95	Huntingdon †	58	9	33-1	1.86	Onida † 1	54	- 8 -15	23.3
th Kortright	44	- 8	24.9		Leipsic	58	7	33.0	3.26	Kane	40	2	27.6	2.59	Parker t	48	-13	13.3
in	44	-13	20-5	4-33	Logan 1	67	2	36.5	3.38	Kennett Square			32.0	1-24	Parkston * † 1 Saint Lawrence * † 1	50	- 4	23.7
ppingers Falls	49	- s	24-7		Lordstown1	55	0	30.8	2.87	Kilmer 1 Lancaster	51	15	29.5	1.96	Saint Lawrence * 7 1	48	-8	20.0
tertown			22-7		McArthur ¹ Mansfield †	03	0	35.8	3.39	Lansdale	59	13	33-3	0.75	Sioux Falls † Spearfish † 1	60	-16 - 5	20.4
tervliet Ars'l	42	- 2	23.3	1.35	Marietta a†			*****	2.77	Lebanon 1	55	13	33.0	0.95	Tyndall †	50	- 7	23.8
st Chazy					Marietta o	64	5	38.9	3-33	Le Roy† Ligonier¹	43	4	26.8	1.09	Vermillion 7	49	- 9	23.0
ite Plains *1	45	13	31.2		Napoleon † 1	03	- 1	35-5	2.93	Lock Haven † 1	60	-6	33-2	2.59	Watertown †	50	-23 -26	19.0
lets Point	51	7	33-4			56	7	35.0	2.35	Lock No. 4†	31	7	31.5	2.44	Webster † 1 Wentworth † 1	32k	-15k	12.6
North Carolina.		1			New Comerstown 1.	58	0	33.8	2.25	Mahoning †				3-33	Wessington Sp'gs †	50	-18	19.9
eville†1		20	45- I		New Holland		0	34.0	2.83	McConnellsburgh 1.		2	34-0	1-47	Wolsey * † 1	45	-17	16.2
ersville† son City †		15	38.8		North Lewisburgh 1	52	I 4	35.1	4-10	Meadville New Castle † 1	58	- 9 5		2.56	Tennessee. Andersonville *1	64	20	42.4
pel Hill †	68	14	42.6		Oberlin 1 O. S. University 1	62	0	34.6	3.27	Oil City †	34		34.3	2.07	Ashwood * † 1	64	25	43.4
cord	70	16	45-4	4-21	Orangeville	52	- 1	30.1	2.80	Ottaville				I.II	Austin * †1	68	23	45.0
glas					Pomeroy 1	6g			1.08	Parkers Landing t Philadelphia s	****	*****	*****	1.83	Bethel Springs *1 Carthage t	66	28	44.8
etteville †		14		2.90	Portsmouth a †	9	8	39.6	3-44	Philadelphia b	58	15		1.10	Charleston f		*****	******
dersonville • † 1	63	21	41.9		Portsmouth b 1	74	8	40. I	3-39	Philadelphia c	52	14	34.0	0.81	Clarksville	07	23	45- I
oir*1		18	41.8		Sidney †					Phoenixville	548	148	32.8#		Clinton †			
ington †		15	43-9		Springborough	57	11	32.2		Pleasant Mount Point Pleasant	****		*****	1.29	Covington a † 1	600	28	48.0
		7	38-3		Upper Sandusky 1	57	7	33.7	2.41	Pottstown	SI	12	34-2	2.22	Dunlap *1	70	20	48.1
rille†leton†	68	16	40.9	3-22	Van Wert	60	7	32.0	2.37	Quakertown 1	52	8	31.9	1.35	Dunlap *1	66	26	48.5
Isourgn *	03	18	41.6		Warren	52	5	31.6	3-18	Reading †	****	*****		0.54	Fayetteville *1	66	26	47-5
nt Airy†	67	141	42.4		Wauseon 1	33	14	38.2	3.56 3.51	Ridgway † Saegerstown 1	52	-18	29.0	4.24	Franklin *1	64	24 26	45.3
nt Holly †			*****	0	Waynesville1			30.2	3.57	Salem Corners 1	46	1 -	24.5	1.02	Greeneville *1	61	20	41.2
nt Pleasant 1		16	44-I		Westerville 1	50	1		3.17	Saltsburgh !				2.83	Harriman t	68	22	44-0
Berne†			*****	1	West Milton *6	10	11		4.75	Seisholtsville Selins Grove 1				0.88	Jacksboro #1	598	228	40. 28
Ridge 1		18	45-4	3.70	Wheeler * † 3	24	6		1.73	Smiths Corners			30.8	1.25	Jackson * Johnson City 1	56	25 16	38.7
	64	12	41.8	2.90	Youngstown 1	53	8		2.22	Somerset 1	54 -		30.1	2.95	Johnsonville T			
igh †		17	45.0		Zanesville †				2.02	South Eaton	52	6	30- I	0-91	Kingston T			
	63	25 16	45.5	2.87	Oklahoma Ter. Burnet * † 1		20	44.6	1.35	State College 1 Stoyestown 7	52	1	30-1	3.02	Loudon t	64	******	*****
thfield	6q	17	43-3	2.65	Fort Reno			44-6	1.00	Swarthmore	53	14	35-4	0.43	Lynnville *1 McMinnville *1	66	25	44.9
leville†	68	17	45-0	3-49	Fort Sill 7	7.3	24	47.8	1.23	Uniontown 1	60	0	36.9	2.62	Missionary Ridge *3		28	45.2
	65	19	42.4	2.95	Gate City †1	10	13		1.95	Warren †				3.20	Newport *1	63	22	43.2
orth Dakota,	05	16	41.6	4-10	Guthrie†1 6 Keokuk Falls†	70	19		5.14	West Chester	52	12	33.6	1.31	Nunnelly *1 Parksville *1	66	25	47.0
ley †		-31	8.8		Mangum f		23		0-24	West Newton †		- 1		0.87	Riddleton †	64	21	44-4
gate†		-27	7-2		Oregon.					Westtown 1	52	11	33-4	1.66	Rockwood †			
ineau †		-29 -35	5.0	0.30	Albany a † 1 6	10	24	41.5	1.91	Wilkes Barre† Williamsport	57	11	33-3	2.83	Rugby *1		20 18f	40.3
rchs Ferry † ;	35	-31	7.0	0.93	Ashland a *1 6	00	21		0.33	Wysox1	48		29.1	1.39	Savannah *1	6g	26	48.4
inson †	47	-19	16.4	0.60	Aurora*1 6	3	26	44-7	1.38	York	53k	5k	30.6k	10g	Sharp *1Strawberry Plains †	70	24	48.6
ndale † 8	47		13.6	0-30	Bandon * 4 5 Brownsville * 1 5	7	30		2.11	Rhode Island. Bristol 1	16	-		1.46	Waynesborough *1.	60	*****	*****
Buford	45	-25	12.6	0.35	Comstock *1	2	24		1.58	Fort Adams	50	9	30.3	0.70	Texas.	03	23	44-0
Pembina	16	-34	6.3	0.28	Corvallis b *1 5	7	24		2.05	Kingston a	48	5		1.87	Arthur City †			
Yates	50	-20	15-4		East Portland * 6				2.18	Kingston b1		4		1.72	Austin b *5	75	40	57 · I
ton †			7.0	0.27	Grants Pass b*1 7	19	25		1.23	Olneyville		8		****	Big Spring	70	40	59-4
d Forks †1	108	-31 -258	7.9		Junction City *1 5		29 26		0.30	Pawtucket		0	32.0	1.74	Brady †1	781	270	53.98
d Rapids †1	10	-31	9.6	0.86	La Fayette *1 6	0	22	39-3	1.46	Providence a	46	8	30.6	1.72	Brady † 1	83	44	62. I
t	36	-28	9.6	0.50	Leland *1 6		22	41-4	1.15	Providence b	50	5	29.0	1.55	Brenham t	-0	39	61.9
estown†	54	-29 -26	10.2	0.86	McMinnville b *1 5		27 28		1.83	Providence c South Carolina.	40	0	28.0	1.84	Brownwood † 1	79	29	53-5
tat	35	-28	10.1	0.90	Portland *1 5	8	26		2.10	Anderson †				5.20	Camp Eagle Pass	90	34	54.0
ora † 6	521	-151	26.2	0.071	Riddles #1	14	28	41-0	1.18	Belmont 1	67	22	47-8	5-41	Camp P. Colorado	78	24	51.2
on†	35	-33	6.9		Roseburgh *1 6	5	39		1.36	Charawat			47.7	5.65	College Station	75	26	45.2
leon † 1	33	-26 -25	7.2	0.68	Salem *1 5 Sheridan *1 5		27		0.76	Cheraw of	00	20	47-7	5.05	Colorado D		39	62-4
er †1 d	13	-27	13.9	0.94	Silverton *1 Siskiyou *1 5	3	24		2.19	Conway	72	23	48-2	3.05	Columbia †	79	45	63.6
Johnst 3	3.3	-26	4-4	1.15	Siskiyou *1 5	2	26	38.7	3.05	Effingham †			*****	6.54	Corsicana a †	76d	28ª	54-4ª
Thomas †	37	-25 -29	7.7	0-40	Springfield *1 5 West Fork *1 6	8	22		1.80	Evergreen Greenville †	69	22	45-7	3.67	Cuero b †	75 81	30	53.5
peton †	14	-23	14.0	0.55	Pennsylvania.	3	27	43-7	2.27	Kitchings Mills †	60		49-0	3-97		83	44 13	59-1
Rice † 2			11.2	0.99	Allegheny Arsenal. 6		10	35-0	2.21	Mount Carmel †				3.68	Devine	82	39	62.2
ow City † 3	35	-41	0.4		Altoona 5	5	17	38.9	1.57	Nichols †			*****	6.19	Duval *1	80	40	59.6
Ohio.	ř.E	-38	2.6	0.34	Aqueduct *1 5 Blooming Grove *1. 4		14		0.22	Port Royal * † 1	72			1-08	Forestburgh †	74	32	55.2
n 1 5	4	8	32.4	3-45	Blue Knob 4		- 6		4.03	Statesburgh † 1		19		3-54	Fort Brown		24 54	49.8
and 5	54	6	31.0	2.54	Brookville†				3.00	Tillers Ferry †				4-68	Fort Clark	90 80	40	59.8
ns 1 6	3	3 8	37.0	3.26	Browers Lock				0.71	Trial	71	23	31.6	2.05	Fort Hancock	79	12	47.8
orville1 5	56 56	8	32.2	3.49	Carlisle ¹ 5 Clarion † 5	4	16		1.15	Walhalla	80	25		5.30	Fort McIntosh	90	47	66.9
ent *1 6	0	4	30.1	1.60	Coatesville 1 5	5	II	32.8	1.16	Winnsborough †1	69	18		5.09	Fredericksb'gh * † 1	90	34	56.2
ionia†		*****		3.36	Confluence f				2.92	South Dakota.					Gainesville t	74 86	34 26	49.8
on †1 5		6	32.8	2.67	Coopersburgh 5	4	II	32.5	1.05	Aberdeen †		-18		0.03	Gallinas †1		40	60.6
ollton 5	7	3 12	32.5	3.24	Corry 1 5 Davis Island Damt	1	- 3		3.71	Alexandria†	13	-12 -24		0.69	Graham † Grape Vine †	76	25 27	51.1
evillet			30.0	2.22	Drifton 4	80	40	27.200	. 560	Britton † 1 Brookings † 1	48 -	-19	18.0	0.36	Hallettsville * †1	80	40	64.1
ksville1 5	8	15	36.2	2.58	Doylestown				1.17	Castlewood f	46E -	-17k	14.8k	0.57	Hartley †	67	17	43.6
eland 1 9	6	10	32.4	2.96	Du Boist				3.47	Clark †	50 -	-23	17.9	0.82	Hartley † Haskell † Haymond	67	32	49.6
mbus Barracks 6		8	36.7	3.42	Dyberry † 1 4 East Mauch Chunk 1 5	3			1-29	Cross * † 4	16	- 4		0.25	Hearne†	72	42	58.1
081 5	8	10	37.2	3.09	Easton 4	B	9		1.08	Elkton *1	28 -		16.5	0.35	Highland	79	42	57.0
worth		*****		2.60	Edinborough *1 4	3	-4	26.7 .	****	Faulkton * † 2	42 -	-21	13.5 .		Houston †	75	42	61.8
ın 6	0	5	33.0	2-54	Emporium 5 F'ks of Neshaminy 1	I		31.3					19-2	1.08	Huntsville †	74	33	58.2

Meteorolo	gica	l reco	rd of	volun	tary observers, &c	-Co	ntinu	ed.	
Stations.		mpera		j.d			mpera		D'n.
Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'n.
Teras-Cont'd.				Ins.	Washington_Cont'd	0	0	0	Ins.
Llano †	81	34	57.8	0-36	Fort Canby	63	24	40.9	5-27
Lulingt	70	32	56.6	3.12	Fort Spokane	53	28	34.0	0.18
Luling†	79	30	52-8	0.29	Fort Townsend	52	23	39-9	1.78
Mesquite 7 Mountain Springs 7	78	29	53-7	0.87	Fort Walla Walla	52	23	35.0	2.50
Nacogdoches †	de la	30	63.4	3-99	Madrone t	56	28	42.0	1.96
New Braunfels † New Ulm 1	78	42	60.2	0.54	Pomeroy †	58	25	40.0	I-04
Ochiltree 7		39	61.2	0.91	Seattle †	65	28	33-4	0-55
Panter * † 1	78	32	54-5	0.31	Sehome †1	55	27	40.5	1.72
Quanah †	74	25	47.6		Vancouver B'ks		28	42.2	2.35
Round Rock †	80	34	59.6	1.52	Vashon	55	26	40-9	0-11
San Antonio a	81	43	62.0		Waterville † West Virginia.	40	4	29.9	0.76
Sierra Blanca at	73	24	50.0	0.63	Alderson† Beverly†	60	10	39-4	2.40
Silver Falls † 1		******		0.62	Beverly † Buckhannon a †	65	-13	36.0	2.40
Sugar Land 1	79	38	47.8 61.6	0-00	Buckhannon b f	62	- 8	37-1	2.00
Temple †	76	32	53-3	1-45	Charleston †		61		2.15
Van Horn Venus †	71	20	51.6	0.30	Elisabeth† Elkhorn†	62		43-7	
Waco †	78	34	56-4	1-45	Ella†1	55	10	34.8	2.77
Utah.	78	19	49-2	0.20	Fairmont †	67	2	38-2	2.31
Blue Creek *1	54	XX	29-7	1-15	Grafton †	65	- 5	35.8	2.87
Corinne *1	64	25	41.9	0.65	Harpers Ferry t		*****	*****	1.30
Corinne *1 Deseret † 1	631	161	35-3	1.30	Huntington † Kingwood †	72	19	41.8	2.25
FORE DODGIAS	500	*****		0-68	Kingwood † 1	62	1	35-9	1.72
Fort Du Chesne Green River † Grouse Creek †	63	21	39-9	0.30	Martinsburgh † 1 Moorefield †	65	-8	35.0	1.35
Grouse Creek †			*****	0.38	Morgantown a f			*****	2.98
Kelton *1 Lake Park	54	14	34-3	0.25	Morgantown 5 † 1 Nuttallburgh	710	16*	37.8	2.05
Levant*	46	7	30.0	0.55	Parkersburgh † 1 Piedmont * † 1	64	5	37.3	4.27
Lose † 1	53	-13	39.8	1.45	Pleasant Hill *3	56	- 2	30.6	*****
Moab†1	73	22	40.1	0.71	Point Pleasant †				2.90
Mount Carmel * † 1.,	60	8	35.9	1.16	Romney * † 1 Rowlesburgh †	601	- 31	34.7	2.08
Nephi †	55	- 3	27-3	0.35	Spencer †	60	7	39.6	3. 20
OEUCHO! "			32.4	1.52	Spencer †	55	- 5	34-4	*****
		3	35.8	1.03	Weston† Wheeling a†			******	3.50
Promontory 1	50	0	27.5	0.45	Wheeling b †	61	13	38-9	2.65
Parowan †	50	12	30.7	0.50	White Sul. Springs †	*****	*****	*****	2.00
COUNTRIES FARRAGARA	45	-24	37.2	0.85	Amherst	45	-17	20-0	0-85
Snowville f	47	14	32.3	0.34	Appleton†	42	-11	24-2	1.19
Snowville †	*****	*****	28.7		Barron t	42	-30	18.8	1.73
Terrace *1	65	6	33.6		Bayfield Beaver Dam	51	_17 _ 8	21.4	
Thistlet		13	34.6	1.43	Beloit	44	- 1	27.4	1-49
Brattleborough a	48	-10	25-4	2.22	Black River Falls †.	50	-12 -21	30. I	
Brattleborough a Burlington † Chelsea *1	44	- 5	22.3 18.8	1.67	Butternut †			23.5 18.24	2.30
				0.50	Cadig 2			27.2	2.41
Enosburgh Falls †. Hartland †. Jacksonville	48	-24 -17	17.9	2.00	Centralia Chippewa Falls†		- 2	20.0	1.25
Jacksonville	50	-15	23.8	2.55	Columbus	47	- 9	25.6	2.08
Saxtons River 1		-11 -13	22.6	1-15	Crandon† Delavan†	38° 45	-29ª - 3	16.4 ⁴ 28.4	2.57
Strafford #1	40	- 4	21.1	1.50	Delavan (near) *3	39	- 4	24-8	1.03
Vernon *6	46	-12 - 5	24-3	2.23	De Pere	43	-11	23.0	1.80
Weathersfield C'tre Wells	46	-13	19.8	1.84	Eau Claires	44	-17	22.8	1.60
Virgima. Abingdon †					Delavan † Delavan (near) *3. De Pere Dodgeville † Eau Claire s Embarrass * †1. Florence † Fond du Lac ¹ Hammond †	47	-24 -25	21.4	3.15
Ashland *3	73	12	40- I	1.83	Fond du Lac 1	42	-14	24.0	2.00
Redford City	68	3	39-4	1.47	Harvey t	43	-18 - 5	22.7 26.1	1.99
Bedford City † Big Stone Gap † 1	64	14	38.8	3.84	Hayward †	44	-34	15.9	
Blacksburgh 1		20	40.9	3-25	Hillsborough	46	-15 - 2	23.6	2.18 1.25
Cape Charles * † 1 Charlottesville	59	20	38.5	3-34	Juneau†	43	-11	23.6	1.53
Charlottesville Christiansburgh †	67	7	40-0	2.32	Juneau † Koepenick * † ¹ Lincoln ²	44	-24	24.8	0.57
Clarksville !			******	4-53	Madison	40		24-8	1.94
Dale Enterprise !	63	- 8	35.6	1.90	Manitowoc1	43	- 7 - 9	27-4	1.49
Port Monroe	62	18	40-6	3.41	Meadow Valley † Medford a †	47	-17	24.0	1-77
Fort Myor	61	8 4	35.8	3.70	Medford b †	47	-24	21.6	1.56
Marion f	60	14	38.3	3.42	Menomonie	48	-18 -23	21.1	1.90
Nottaway C. H	70	13	39-5	3.83	Neillsville† New Holstein†	43	-11	24-8	I- 14
Richmond 1	70	16	39.1	3.28	Uconomowoe 7	40	- 7 -13	26.6	2.02
Salem †	65	18	41.7	2.94 3.88	OcontoOsceola Mills † 1	47	-23	20-8	1-47
Danville † Fort Monroe Fort Myer Lexington † Marion † Nottaway C H Petersburgh † Richmond f Salem † Stanardaville † Stanardaville † Woodstock † Washington,	65	16	38.9	3.88	Oshkosh† Pepin'	52	-12 -18	24-4	2.33
Staunton †	66	- 0	37-1	2.45	Peshtigo	44	-25	21.5	1.91
Woodstock †				2.09	Phillips †	42	-35	19.8	1.50
Abandaan 43	-	400	42.0	4-95	Portage !	44.	-25°	19.5	2.39
Centreville †	59	23	41.7	0.55	Prairie du Chien	57	-10	28.6	1.21
Chelant	59	34 12	41.8	3.32	Shawano	51	-12 -15	26.2	1.23
Coulee City †	52	6	31.0	0-97	Portage †	43	-22	20.5	1.01
Centreville † Chehalis † Chelan † Coulee City † Dayton Doe Bay † 1	54	32	39.0	1-02	Viroqua	42	-15 -15	23-6	1.92
White or Printers	30	30	42-3	1-15	Watertown	46	- 6	27-1	
Eilensburgh †!	54	14	35-2	0. 27	Waukesha†	****			1-45

Meteorological	record of	voluntary	observers.	&cContinued	

		mpera ahrenl		p'n.			mpera hrenh		p.m.
Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip'n.	Stations.	Max.	Min.	Mean	Precip's
Wisconsin-Cont'd.			10	In.	Wyoming-Cont'd.	0	0		Ins.
Westfield t	44	-20	23-7	1.61	La Barge †	58	-34	22.8	0.45
Weston *†3	48	-15	21.2	1.65	Lander	52	2	20-2	T.
Whitehall t	52	-22	34-2	1.86	Laramie b	40	-13	25.0	0.36
Wittenberg † 1	46	-20	22.1	1.41	Lusk †	54	- 4	26.0	0.17
Wyoming.					Saratoga †	48	-10	26-8	0.47
Atlantic City * † 5	48	4	26.0	0.60	Sundance	50	- 6	22.2	0.46
Bitter Creek † Camp Pilot Butte	53 54	- 3	30.7	T.	Wheatland †	61	5	34-2	0.90
Casper t		2	38.4	0.35	La Logia	82	46	65.5	0.33
Evanston	77	- 6	23.0	0.80	Leon de Aldamas	77	45	62-4	0.24
Fort D. A. Russell. Fort Fetterman †	57	4	35.9	1.00 0.62	New Brunswick.	73	34	59-5	0.65
Fort Laramie †	58	0	29.0	0.22	Saint John	42	- 2	22.6	1-17
Fort Washakie	54	-12	36. Q	0.30	Grand Turk Island.				1.84
Fort Yellowstone	42	4	24-7	2-10	Hamilton, Bermuda	68	48	60- I	5-57

Reports received too late to be used in general discussion of weather for February, 1892.

Alabama,					Montana-Cont'd.				
Warrior †		*****		2.90	Virginia City †	48	2	25-0	0-04
Arizona,					White Sul. Sp'gs † .			27.0	0.10
Phoenix at	81	31	57-8	2.20	Nebraska,				
Tempe	81	34	55.8	1.88	Harvard		*****		1.30
Wood Cañon				4-00	New Hampshire.				
California.					Concord b	48	- 2	23-9	1.70
Campo †				4-55	New Mexico.				
Florida.		34		5-18	New York.	73	18	46. I	0.36
Mullet Key †				0.84	Arkwright1	45	7	29-0	
Idaho,		1		-	Brentwood	50	9	30-5	3.75
Elk City †	40	- 4	21.7	2-04	Brockport	45	3	27.7	2.51
Payette †	47	-11	22.2	0.44	Dunkirk a1		8	20- I	
Illinois,	4,		-		Hammondsport		3	20.0	2.63
Parist	58	10	37-7	1.31	Lyons 1	43	3	27.2	1.39
Iowa.	-		90 ,		Lyon Mountain a1.		- 9	20.8	
Charles City†	44	-12	23-4	0.73	Peekskill	48	8	30.0	2.52
Sac City †1	45	12	20.2	0.55	Rondout †	44	3	28.4	1.66
Michigan,	4-			- 00	Saratoga 1	62	- 2	26.9	
Albion1	51	- 2	31-4	7-30	Wedgwood 1 North Carolina.	52	0	24.8	2.50
Montana.					Highlands †1	62	11	36.7	4-10
Boulder Valley †1	48	- 2	28.2	0.02	Morganton * † 1	70	21	43- I	2.84
Choteau †	66	-10	25-4	0-74	Southern Pines †		11	45-4	3-20
Cokedale *1	50	8	30-7	0.70	South Carolina.	0 -		10 .	-
Dearborn Canyont.		- 8	27.2	0.81	Aiken 1	71	27	48.0	4-93
Deer Lodge City † .	65	0	32.5	0-35	Texas.				
Fort Logan †	52	- 3	26-7	0.20	Durham t				0.21
Glendive †	51	-13	20-5	0.80	Fort Worth †	73	20	52.4	0.95
Great Falls †		-15	36-2	0-41	Odessa †	80	24	52.8	0.33
Livingston † 2			30-5	0.50	San Angelof			*****	0.44
Martinsdale †1	50	-13	27.4	1.35	Mexico.				-
Powder Rivert	53	-15	20.6	0.48	Topolobampo * 3	84	55	63.0	0-30

Received too late for publication in January, 1892.

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Alabama.			*****	4-74	New Hampshire.	48	- 8	22.3	3.88
Talladega†					New York. Brentwood	57	5	29-3	5-13
Georgia. Washington†				7-80	Palermo † 1	52	-18 - 2 - 6	19.8	3.11
Hlinois.					Wedgwood 1 South Carolina.	48	- 6	19-5	3.50
Chester †	63	- 6	24.8	1.85	Anderson † Mount Carmel †	****			6.36
Sac City † 1	42	-32	13.2	0-55	Texas. Red River City †				
Kansas.	-		0		Washington,				
Mississippi,		-16	24.8	0-30	Colfax † Dayton	47 62	-19 - 8	29-3 33-4	3.89
Hattiesburgh†	70 738	161	44-0		Wyoming.	58	-26	21.0	0.45
Missouri, Cape Girardeau †					Mexico. Topolohampo *3	45	50	61.0	
cape difficulty ()			*****	11.30	roporocampo	49	Sec	01.0	

- *Extremes of temperature from observed readings of dry thermometer.

 † Weather Bureau instruments.

 A numeral following the name of a station indicates the hours of observation from which the mean temperature was obtained, thus:

 ¹ Mean of 7 a. m. + 2 p. m. + 9 p. m. + 9. p. m. + 4.

 ² Mean of 8 a. m. + 8 p. m. + 2.

 ³ Mean of 7 a. m. + 7 p. m. + 2.

 ⁵ Mean of 7 a. m. + 2 p. m. + 2.

 ⁵ Mean of 7 a. m. + 2 p. m. + 2.

 ⁵ Mean from readings at various hours reduced to true daily mean by special tables.

 The absence of a numeral indicates that the mean temperature has been obtained from daily readings of the maximum and minimum thermometers.

 An Italic letter following the name of a station, as "Livingston a," "Livingston b," indicates that two or more observers, as the case may be, are reporting from the same station.

 A small Roman letter in figure columns indicates the number of days missing from
- A small Roman letter in figure columns indicates the number of days missing from the record; example, "4" four days missing, etc.

 Corrections: January, 1892, Ypsilanti, Mich., all temperature readings too high about 10°.

	1	Pressure	e.	Tempe	erature.	Precip	pitation.	tion	-	1	resssur	e.	Temp	erature.	Preci	pitation.	tion
Station.	Mean not re- duced.	Mean reduced.	Departure from normal.	Mean.	Departure from normal.	Total.	Departure from normal.	Prevailing direct	Station.	Mean not re-	Mean reduced.	Departure from normal.	Mean.	Departure from normal.	Total.	Departure from normal.	Prevailing direct
aint Johns, N. F	29.96 29.93 30.00 29.98 30.02 30.03	30.02 30.07 30.05 30.06 30.07 30.07	Inches. + .06 + .05 + .02	25.5 22.8 22.2	0.0	7.76 4.76 2.60 1.84 2.57 2.72 1.28	- 2.10 - 1.72 - 3.25 - 1.04 - 2.42	n. n. e. ne. n. n. nw.	Parry Sound, Ont Port Arthur, Ont Winnipeg, Man Minnedosa, Man Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia Medicine Hat, Assiniboia Swift Current, Assiniboia Calgary, Alberta Prince Albert, Saskatch'n	29.42 29.30 28.20 27.71 27.62 27.36 26.29	Inches. 30. 15 30. 17 30. 21 30. 18 30. 17 30. 07 30. 13 30. 02	Inches. + .09 + .06 + .05 + .03 + .03 07 01 07	17.5 10.0 - 0.2 - 2.0 0.4 15.0 8.6 16.3	5.5 4.5 4.8 4.0 + 2.9 + 4.5 + 2.0 + 6.8	Inches. 2.56 0.32 0.60 0.29 0.48 0.40 0.94 0.03	+ 0.16 - 1.01 - 0.57 - 0.69 - 0.19 - 0.04 + 0.29 - 0.73	se, n. nw. nw. nw.
hatham, N. B	30-12 29-82 29-94 29-60 29-82	30-10 30-15 30-47 30-16 30-15 30-15	+ .09 + .12 + .13 + .10 + .09 + .06 + .05	17.8 12.0 15.5 16.2 13.0 18.1 24.4	+ 8.3 + 2.0 + 5.5 + 3.2 + 6.5 + 1.8 + 3.9	2.08 1.62 1.53 3.27 1.54 2.29 2.25	- 1.23 0.00 - 1.86 + 0.45 - 0.78 - 0.15 - 0.06	ne. w. ne. ne. se. ne.	Esquimalt, B. C	30-00 28-83	30. 03 29-94	+ .10	38-9	+ 3.9	0-80 5-46 0-89	- 1.93 + 0.37	0.
hite River, Ont ort Stanley, Ont	28.76	30. 22	+ .09			-		n. e.	Battleford, Saskatchewan Grindstone, Gulf St. L Hamilton, Bermuda	28. 26	30.12		7.3	*******	0.04	*******	80.

Table of miscellaneous meteorological data for February, 1892-Weather Bureau observations

	8 3	ra,		ssure		Ter	mperat		of th			legre	ees	Hum	idity a	nd pred	ipita	ion.		W	ind.					ness.	8	ture o		in
		0	-	- CHUCA	8	P	8			3	1	m.	A	10	re	6	g	6,	1	00	M	aximu	m		days.	dine	Sec	ening	See	cie
Districts and sta- tions.	vation at level, f	Length of r.	Mean pressure, 8 a. m. and 8 p. m. + 2.	Mean reduced.	Departure from	Mean max. an min. + 2.	Departure froi normal.	Maximum.	Date.	Mean maximum	Minimum.	Mean minimum	Greatest daily	Mean temper ture of th	Mean relative humidity, per cent.	Precipitation in inches.	Departure froi normal.	Days with .or, or or more.	Total movement, miles.	Prevailing direction.	Miles per hour.	Direction.		Cloudless days.		Average clot	Highest fo	month.	Lowest for month.	-
New England.						2.93	+ 1.3			T	İ		1	-		1.77	- 2.4								T	T	1	T		Ì
stport rtland	53	31	30.02	30-05	1:13	24-4	+ 0.9	44	26 ;	31	0 1	7 1	9 22 8 36 8 32	16	73	2-18	- 2.4 - 1.6	II	9,821	DW.	45	ne. ne. nw.	II	14	4	II 5	- 2 31.	5 1877 8 1877	19.2	2 1
rthfield	247 872	5	39.18	30. 18	******	18.6		44	23 2		-19 1	7	9 41	17	74	1-73		IO	3, 537 5, 117 8, 115	8.	24 32	8.	13	6	9	14 6	- 4 22.	2 1890 2 1890	11.6	6 1
aton		6	30.09	30.10	+ .09	31-4	+ 0.6	47	15 3		5 I	3 2		21 26	78 79	1.46	- 1.6	9	10, 228	nw.	32 49 48	w. se.			TO	9 5	-7 35-	2 1890 6 1890	27.9	9 1
oods Holl neyard Haven	23		******				+ 0-5		15 3	3.1	10 1	7 3	5 24		*****	1.63	- 1.6	12	10,860	no. nw.	48	nw.	13	8	I	18	38.	7 1880	29.9	I I
ock Island rragansett Pier.	27		30-10			32-1	+ 0.6	46 51	15 3	17	7 1	3 2		25	78	1.35	-3.6 -3.9	5	14, 235	ne.	64	ne.	27	7				2 1890 5 1890	24-2	2 1
w Haven w London	107	20	30.01	30-13	+ .04	31.2	+ 2.7	50	9 3 3 8 3	8	8 I	3 2		22	74	1.56	- 3·9 - 2·8 - 2·4	9	6, 644 5, 878	ne.	30	nw.	13 13	7	9	13 5	9 35	6 1877 8 1890	19.7	7 1
d. Atlantic States.	85						+ 0.7		23 3			6 I		30	82		- 2.4 - 0.8 - 0.5		4, 935		30	n.	27					0 1884	14.7	1
w York, N. Y	185	23	39-94	30-14	1 .09	33-2	+ 1.0	51	8 3	19 .	12 I	3 2	7 31	25 24	74	1.27	- 2.6	9	9, 571	ne.	36	nw.	15	5	7	17 6	-6 40.	4 1890	23- I	E I
rrisburg	117	22	30.03	30-16	+ .03	35-2	0.0	54	8 4	I	14 1	3 2	9 29	25	71	0.98	- 2.4	9	8,982	ne.	36 44	nw.	15	7	9	12 6	2 41.	6 1890 4 1890 2 1890	25.2	4 1
antic City w Brunswick			30.09			33-2	*****	52	8 4	0	10 1	3 2	7 32	30	83	1.81		IO	11, 302	nw.	40	nw.	12		12	4				
shington, D. C.	179	22	30-04	30. 16	+ .03	37.0	+ 0.9	57	8 4	4		5 3	34	28	78	3-64	1.3 + 0.2 + 0.1	14	5,966		36	nw.	12	7 7	9 1	13 6	· I 43.	4 1890	26.5	9 1
e Henry	685 2	18	29-41	30-17	+ .03	42.3	- 0.9	67	19 5	9	20 I	5 3	40	28	68	To TIL	- O. E	Y 175		ne. nw.	24	nw.	12	9	4 1	16	52.	2 1890	35-5	5 H
folk	43		30.08	30-13	01	42.0	= 1:7	65	2 4	9	19 1;			32	75	5-32 3-04	+ 1.5	12	7,683	n.	42	nw.	12	10	7 1	12 5	. 8 52.	2 1890 4 1890	37 - 2	
riotteteras	773		30.10			45.6	- 0.3 - 2.6	68	2 5 15 5		30 I;		31	37 42	82 89	3.36	1.2	10	6, 461 13, 590	no.	32	n. n.	22	16	4 1			8 1890 4 1890	38.5	1
y Hawk	9 1	16	30.08	30.09	*****	42-7	- 2.8	64	15 4	8	21 1	3 37	1 29	36 34	79 76	3.66	- 0.4	13	14-017	n.	60	n. nw.	22	7	5 1	7 6	. 7 53-	2 1890 7 1890	37·7 38·2	7
hport	34 1 78 2			30-11		47.0	- 2.3	64	II 5	3	17 I	3 41	26	43	88	2.00 -	- 0.1	**		n.	33	nw.	12	9	7 1	3 6	. 2 56.	2 1890	42.5	5 1
mington	52 1	12	30-04	30.14	10	53.0	- 2.5 - 0.7	73	15 5	I .	22 I3 32 I3	3 4	34	43	8o 77	I-54 -	+ 0.2	10	7, 308	SW.	42 28	nw.	13	9	II	9 5	7 60	4 1890 6 1890	44-4	ĮĮ1
umbis	209 1		29-94	30.18	+ .01	51.0	- I.O	70	2 6 15 6		23 ° 28 I;	31	35	39	72		- I.O	8	3,849	nw.	30	w.	11		3 1	7	7 58.	6 1890 2 1890	44.0	
ksonville	87 2 43 2	12	30.05	30. 15	02	54-4	- 1-4 - 1-8	75	15 6	3	32 I3 36 I3	3 45	30	43 48	76 77	1-31 -	- 1.9	0	5, 964 5, 468	ne.	30	nw.	12	7	12 1	0 5	.961.	2 1890 6 1891	48.0	> 1
rida Peninsula.			30.08					0.1	9 7		40 13		-	60	87				6, 958		36	ne.		IO			1	6 1891	64.8	
West	33 1	13	30.10	30-12	- 00	69.9	- 1.9	SI	10 7	4	96 13	66	12	61	75	1-71-	- 0.1	4	7,837	ne.	38	nw.	13	10	13	6 4	2 75.	o 1883 6 1891	66.0	1
eo	36		30-10	30. 14		63.0		79	7 7	2 7	9° 13	54	28	54	82	1-13 .	*****	8	3, 034	n.4 ne.	22								60-3	
wille	44	5	30.09	30.13		55.8	+ 1.5	83	9 6	9 '	42 13	56	28	55	84	2.11	2.8	10	7, 280	n.	36	n.	22	11		1	1	6 1891	57-0	1 3
nta 1	56 I		38-95			47.8	+ 1.7	65	5 5	6 3	96 I3 40 I3	40	29	39 51	79 83		- 1-7	II	7,516	e.	48	nw.	12		7	8 4	7 54-	8 1890 3 1887	39-5	
arn	35 2	I .	30.07			47.6		70 74	7 6	0 :	22 I3	35	34	49	84	3.72 .	- 2.8	8 .	5, 240	e.	34		13	9	12	8	58.	2 1890 5 1887	42.7	1
idian	217 2	10	29.90	30. 14 -	02	54.6	+ 1.1	75	7 6	4	33 13	45	31	43	75 86	3-04-	- 2.5	9	3. 978 4. 423	no.	24		XX	8	12	9 5	I 59.	8 1890	45.4	1
csburg	254 2	II :	29.76 29.82	30.09 -	06	56.4	+ 3.0		14 6	5	31 13 36 12	48		46	75	3-52 -	- 1-5	5	5, 469	ne.	28	SW.	25	7	15	7 4	8 60.	0 1890	46.7	1
versity	54 2	2	30.06			60.6	+ 2.1	70 80	8 6		13 13 16 *	53	31 22	51	78	4-83	- 4-4	2	5, 991	se. ne.		se.	6	8	II I	0 5.	5 65.	2 1887	43·1 53·1	1
Eads	****				*****	57.6	+ 4.4	72	19 66	6 4	16 .	53	23	*****	*****	2.66	- 1.0	-	*****	ne.	****		***	8	9 1	2			*****	ľ
sveport	249 2 492 I	0	29.83	30.09 -	04	56.0	4.2	73	2 65	3	33 12 36 15	47 38	28 33	46 36	76 72	3.63 -	- I.2 - I.0	9	4,964	8. e.	29	sw.						4 1990 0 1890	45.0	1
le Rock	300 I	3 :	29.78	10. II -	+ -03		4.5		18 59 11 73	0 3	10 12	42	30	49 62	73	3-44 -	- 2.8	II	4,738	n.	24	8.	13	10	9 1	0 5.	3 54-	0 1882	40-8	E
pus Christi	30 43 2	0	30.00	30.05		04.0		53	11 69	9 4	8 12 8 12	39	25	58	83	1-09 .		0	8, 048	90.	36	80. Be.	13	0	IO I	9 8.	2 64.		57.0	I
stine	SIL	I I	30.07 3 39.55 3	30-10-	03	58.0-	5.3	Sa	5 67	7 3	14 12	49	32	55 45	71	5-05 +	- 1-1	9	4. 546	no.	34	BW.	6	12	8	9 4-	8 60-	7 1882	45.6	I
Antonio o Val. & Tonn.	705 I		29.40		.00	42.0	5.5 8	53	6 71		13 12		27	45	61	3.11	1.4		4,838		28		1	1		1		2 1892	53.0	
tanooga	783 14	2 2	19.32 3 19.10 3				1.1 6	56	24 54	1 2	13 13	37	36	36 34 38	71 70 60	3.61 -	- 2.0	II		ne.	26 26	nw. sw.	14	8	13	8 5.	3 51-1	0 1890 8 1890	38.4	I
phis	330 2 553 2		19-77 3 19-53 3	10 I3 -	03	46.4-	4-4 2	57	24 58	. 1	15 12	38	34	35	71	3-15-		6	5,718	nw.	31	80.	6	4	6 1	2 5.	5 51.	9 1882 7 1882 1 1890	39.0	
ington	551 3	9 2	19.02		*****	41.2-	4.0 6	56	24 49 24 50		6 12		35	33	75 72	3-10 -		10 1	6, 384	nw.	48 36		I4	6	9 1	4 6.	2 47-1	1 1890	30.3	H
anapolis	766 21 638 21	ES	19. 27 3 19. 44 3	30.11-	10	36.4	4.3 6	SE	24 43 24 46	1	1 12	30	36	32	76 78	3-53	0-0	12	5, 423 1	10.	24	0.	7	5	4 2	0 7.	3 42.	1882	20-5	
burg	837 1	6 1	19-21 3	10. 14 -	02	35-7 -	3.5 6	58 3	28 43 25 43	1	8 6	39	31	28	78	3.35 -	- 0-4	13	6, 268	ne.	30	sw.	7	3	II I	5 7.	541-2	1882	19-4	1
ersburgh	638		19-44 3			37.8			25 47		6 6		32	29	73 75	3.17	0.3	14	4,816	n.			14					1890	30-0	I
lo	690 2		19-34 3			28. 2 -	3.7 4	17	14 34		4 13		28	22	79 86	3.66 +	- 0.9	16	6,989			sw.	2		15 1	2 7-	0 32.6	1882	12.8	
ester	335 22 523 21	2 2	19-76 3 19-55 3	0. 15	00	28.2 -	- 1.0 4	16	14 31 85 34		1 18 6 13	22	36 26	21	79 85	2.29 -	0.1	17	8, 471 1 5, 813 1		37	sw.	13	4	q I	5 7-	3 32.6	1882	13.7	I
eland	714 19		19.31 3			31.6	3-4 5	6 :	14 36 14 37		8 13 c 13		33	24	82	3.10+			6,019			8.	7	5	5 I	7.	3 30.5	1882	15.5	I
do	639 15		19.42 3			31.6-	3.2 5	15 3	7 37 7 37		9 I3 0 I2	25 25	31 27	25 25	81 82	2.58 -			7, 457			nw.	14	2	6 2	1 8.	3 38-6	1882	17-1	
oit or Lake Region.	724 21		9-32 3			29.1	1.9 5		7 35		4 16	-01	23	24	85	2: 57 ‡	0.2	12	7, 026			sw.	7	5	9 1	7.	1 39-9	1882	12.0	
na	609 20		9-45 3		06	21.9-	4-4 3	B	1 18	-	8 16	16	-10	17	84	1.69	0.6	15 1	6,853		-	6.	7	4 8	8 17	7.	3 28.6	1882	3.4	L
d Haven	628 21	1 2	9.40 3	0-11-0	04	28.6-	4-4 3 -6-7 4 -4-1 4	5	7 34	1	4 17	23	34	24	87 86		0.0	17 1	7, 162 4	la l	30	sw.	7	3	2 2	L 8.	7 35-9	1883	12-51	ES
uette	734 20	2	9-44 3	0.14		20.2	4.7 4	6 1	14 30	-	9 .	14	25	16	86	2.77 +	1.1	18	5, 287 6 5, 754 1	W.	32	w. sw.	17	3	5 21	7.	9 32.9	1890	2.2	11
de Ste. Marie.	639 IN	1 3	9.29 3 9.43 3 9.41 3	0-15	67	16.8	4.2 4	5 2	14 32 15 24	-	4 10	10	38	112	8a 86	2.71+	1.0	15	7, 583 I 5, 582 B	1.	36	W. se.		2 1	9 18	7 -	4 16.8	1882	7.01	I
ago	824 22 673 22	1 4	9-20 3	0-12	03	30.2	- 2.5 4 - 5 2 4	0	1 35	1	2 15 4 15	25	32	26 22	85 80	1.57 -	0.8	14 II	7,709 8	10.	55		7	4 2 1	8 17	7.	3 38. 2	1882	7-51	18
n Bay	617 6 656 22	2	9-45 3	0-15		22.0	cense A		1 33 5 28 5 24	-1	3 16	16	39	16	77	z.84		ER I	5, 965 E	le ,	30	n.		3	7 19	7.1	8 22-5	1890	0.71	18
eme Northwest,		1				17.6	5.0			1					95	0.57	0.0	4								1		1882 -		
CARROLL COCCOCCO	935 12 804 12	2	9-09 30	0.19	+04	5.2	- 7·5 4 - 5.8 3 - 2·3 4	9 3	5 20		5 15		36	8	85 68	0.91+			3, 391 n				27 16 I		0 13	000	0.9	1881 -	3. 4.	20

1884 1884 1875

Table of miscellaneous meteorological data for February, 1892-Weather Bureau observations-Continued.

	sea-	rd,		ssure	, in	Cous n	npera		of th			degr	rees	Humi	dity as		cipita	tion.		W	ind.				.8	ness	6000	ature	n tem data g of s	since
Districts and sta-	above feet.	f reco	nd 8	. ped.	from J.	and 2.	from I.			mum.	T	with the	daily	pera- the	ative	ion,	from .	,0I,	move- miles.	direc		ximu		days.	dy days.	100	hs.		for	
tions.	Elevation s	0	Mean pressure, 8 a. m. and 8 p. m. + 2.	Mean reduced	Departure fr normal.	Mean max. min. +2	Departure f normal.	Maximum.	Date.	Mean maximum	Minimum.		est	Mean temper ture of the dew-point.	Mean relative humidity, per cent.	Precipitatio	Departure f	Days with or more.		Prevailing cion.	Miles per hour.	Direction.	Date.		Partly cloudy	9	ter	month.	Lowest	month Veer.
ex. Northwest—Con.	1,899	14	27.99	30-16	10.	13.2	‡ 8:8	45	12	24 -	-24	14	2 43	6	80	o. 38 2. 25	- 0. I	9	5, 000	ne.	40	w.	12	8	9	12	6.02	1.4 18	32 - 5	5-0 18
Upper Miss. Valley. dinneapolis led Wing	759		20, 20	30-16	*****	23-0		48	26 25	30 -	-17 -16		16 26 17 31	15	75	1-37		II	5, 586	8.	27	w.	8	5 4	7 9	16	6.7			
aint Paul	850	22	29.20	30-17		20.8	± 5.4	42	26	26 -	-18 -12	15	16 27 19 34	18	89 79	1.44 1.87	10.8	10	5, 354 3, 663		24 26	n.	13	7	9	16	7-33	7.3 18	77 - 2	5. 3 18
avenport	613	21	29.46	30.15	+ .04	31.0	6.4	53	13	37 -	- 1	15	25 40 23 27	25 23	83	1.38	- 0.4	14	7, 182 5, 858		31 24	nw.	14	3	5	18	7-34	0. 3 181 5. 0 181	52 10	6 18
as Moines	651	19	29-40	30-14	+ .04	28.6	+ 6.3	51	25	34 -	- 5	15	23 30	22 27	- 79 80	1.02	- 0.6 - 0.3	7	3, 988 5, 260	80.	22 26	nw.	14	5	7	17 1	7 - 3 3	5.7 188	82 6	5. 1 18
eokuk		31	29.73	30.12	+ .01	44.6	5.4	67	24	52	5 24	12	27 33 37 29	35	76	3.32	- 1.0	12	6,573	nw.	38	80.	7	5	10	14 (5-7 49	9.0 18	32 31	1.9 18
oringfield, Ill	571	13	29.40	30.11	- · 02 - · 02	34.8	1 3.6	68	I		7 20		28 35 33 33	33	83 79	4.89	+ 1.8 + 0.4	13	8,624		36	w.	7	4	9	13	5.04	2. 2 188 3. 9 188	32 26	5.0 18
Missouri Valley.						29.0	± 4:8	65	13	40	14	15	30 32			6.80	+ 0.4	14	5,691	nw.	28	nw.	II	6	6	17	7-3-			
ansas City	963	4				36.8	*****	60		44	22	15	30 30 34 32	30	8o 77	4.27		II	5, 930 7, 346	nw.	35 36	n. s.	14	6	8	15	5.6 30	6.8 186 6.2 188	22 28	3. 5 18 2. 6 18
oringfield, Mo	857	21	29.19	30.15	+ .01	36.4	+ 4.1	61	13	44	12	15	29 33	27	74		‡ 0.3 2.1		6, 287	nw.	36	nw.	IO	96	7	16 ;	7 - 3 42	7.2 18	32 20	5.8 18
naha	1, 113	5 22	28.93	30-15	02	37.2	+ 5.5	54	13		3	15	28 40 23 27	24	83	0.54	- 0-2	8	5, 534	n.	28	nw.	10	4	9	16	7 - 3 37	7-3 18	77 13	3.4 18
ete		5			.00	30.9	+ 3-3	58	25		- 4		21 33 14 45	17	77		- 0. I		6, 355	nw.	43	nw.	10	6	9	7	1.92	7.7 18		2.6 18
ony City	1, 148		28.84	30-16		34-7		49	26 26	32 -	- 8		17 40 8 34	19	83				7, 221	nw.	34 36	nw.	10		9	18	7.8			
erreuron	1,310	I II	28.08	30. 10	+ .01	17-4	+ 4-3	54 48	24	27 -	-18	15	8 36	12	84	0.70	+ 0.2	6	9,613	nw.	42	DW.	10	7	IO	12	5.1 2	4-7 18	32 3	3.6 18
Northern Slope.	1, 232	19	28-77	30.17	+ .01	23-4	‡ 4·3 4·0	50	1 1		- 6		16 29	18	84		0.0		6,747		36	8.	22	1	- 1			3.7 18		
ort Assinaboine					13	21.8	6.9	60	12		-14 -10	7	9 41	14	78 87		- 0.3		5,414		57	nw.	10	9	13	7	5.6.6	0.3 18	36 — 2	
elena pid City	4, 118	12	25.72	30.00	09	32.4	+10.0	54	12	41	6	17	24 42 14 39	17	57 69	0.17	- 0.5 - 0.6	4	5, 567	BW.	48	BW.	12	7	II	II !	5.8 3	5-0 18	88 5	5. 4 18
nevenne	0, 105	21	23-93	30.05	- ·03	30-4	+ 2.2	54	12	30	9	8	22 27	19	69	1.17	+ 0.8	5	6,545	nw.	44	W.	9	10	15	4	4.63	3-4 18	36 18	3.9 18
ander orth Platte	5, 377		24.50	30- 10	01	25.0	- 0.1		21 26	40 36			12 47 16 33	18	67 78	0.45	+ 0.6	3 5	1, 594 5, 226	W.	24 27	w. nw.	13	15	13	9	5-33	5-3 18	78 16	5.8 18
Middle Slope.			1		.00	34.1	+ 2.7		12	44	3	8	23 39	18	61	0.75	+ 0.8	6	3,668	8.	34	nw.	10	11	14	4	1-4 35	3.6	22	2.0 18
nver	4,734	4	25-21	30. 11		35.8		64	17	50	3	7 :	22 44 25 31	16 25	55 82	0.00		1	5, 171	nw.	44	n.		IÒ	15	4 1	1.23	5.8 184	31	1.3 18
ncordiaodge City	2,523	18			10.+	34-7	+ 5.1	63	17	43 45	12	7	25 34	25	79	1.01	1.6	10	6, 391	nw.	36	nw.	28	12	7	IO !	5-34	1.3 187	76 25	5.8 18
ichitaklahoma City	1,366	4			*****			74		47 54	19		30 36 34 34	30	78 74	2.22		10	5, 943		30	nw.	28					8.5 18	,,,,,,	
Southern Slope.			1			45.1	1.4		18	1	29	15	42 31	39	72	0.70	- 0.2 - 0.1		8, 023		54	sw.	13	6	16	7	5. 2 5	1.4 189	00 45	5.9 18
marillo	3, 691		36.25	30-11		41.9		67	23	54	19	15	30 38	27 20	69 55	0.57	- 0.4	7	11,763	8.	60	sw.	13	13		7	1.5			
Southern Plateau.	6, 152	7				30-0	+ 0.6		17				27 41	1		1.10	+ 0.5		4,875		38									5. 7 18
l Paso	3,796	14	26.21	30.02	10	34.8	1.9	72 54		62	12	8 :	39 34 27 24	25	47 60	1.22	1 0.1	5	5,509	ne.	43	W. 88.	13	22	3	4 3	3. 1 3	7.0 18	79 24	1.2 18
eson	3, 432	9	27.45	30.03		52. 5	+ 0.4	78	23 (71	36	9 1	41 37 48 35	39 40	68 57	2.63	1.7	11	4, 693	n.	34	sw.		14	10			5.0 18	77 52	7.2 1
eeler Middle Plateau.	3, 632	7	26.28	29-95		40.0	+ 0.8	67	-81	55			38 26	30	56	0.19	- 0.4	5	3, 244	sw.	27	8.	I					0.8 18		0.018
rson City		5			*****	38.0	+ 0.7	66		50			26 44	25	65	1.61		7						13	4	12	4.8 4	0. 3 18		3.0 18
innemucca	4, 340	14	25.65	30-19	01	33.6.	+ 0.2	55	28 2	42			22 28 26 26	27	50 81	0.68	- 0.3 - 0.8	12	7, 297	nw.	32 16	nw.	28	5	IO	14 (5.34	0.0 18	79 24	1.2 18
ontrose	5.795	8	24.26	30.12	+ .02	33-3	6.1	54	29	43	11	7	23 29	20	68	0.75	+ 0.6	7	2,882	8.	23	nw.	23	11	II	7	1-2 3	1.9 18	38 25	5.4 18
ker City	3, 430		26-47	30-14		26-0		47	10	35 -	-12	40.0	17 30	17	73	0.78		9	2,896	de	20	nw.	13		II	9	5. 2	8. 2 185	88 18	18
okanealla Walla					02 04	42.0	5:4	62	21	50	22		34 24	35	79	0.70	- 1.4 - 1.2 - 3.7	7	3, 484	sw.	32	8.	21					5.4 18		3.0 18
Pac. Coast Region.	179				+ .02		+ 2.3		24	48	34	6	39 18	42	92	4.89	-3.7 -2.5	15	6, 228	se.	60	8.	21	8	8	13	5.640	6.6 18	36 34	4.4 18
ah Bay		9	30.01			42.8	2.4	60	28	50			36 26 35 22	38	87	6.79	- 4·4 - 5·6	14	1,903		20	w.	12	7 2	9	18 .	7.64	4.8 188 5. I 188	5 31	.6 18
rt Angeles	14	15	30-01	30.02	02	40.0	- 3-3	52	9	16	28 1	7	34 18	36	86	0.81	- 5.0	9	3, 391	8.	45	sw.	12	7	13	9 !	5.8 4	2.7 188	35 28	1.3 18
toosh Island	86	7				44.0.	1.0	58	23 4	19		6	40 9 39 16	42	95	6.69	- 4·2 - 0·5	17	10, 504	W.	50	e.	3	5 9	6	14 -	40	5.2 18	35 30	3. 4 18
ortland	80	21	29·98 29·51	30.07	10	43.4	2.0	60	24 9		27 28		37 24 39 25	38	82 82	1.58	- 4·4 - 3·2	11	3, 232 1, 724	8.	30 28	s. sw.	9 21	5	10	14	5. 4 4	7.2 188 8.0 188	35 31 35 33	3.6 18
id. Pac. Coast Reg.						52.5	- 2.0		21	1		1	12 17	45	92	2.95	- 0.5		2,825		34	n.	8					8-2 18	80 41	1.4 18
arekaed Bluff	342	15		30.03	08	52.9	+ 3.6	77	24 (53	34	9	43 32	44	75	3.11	- 0.4	9	4, 279	nw.	30	86.	21	10	13	6	4.95	4.5 18	36 43	3-4 IS
cramento n Francisco					09	52.4	1.9	66	24 (57	42	7 4	43 29 47 18	43 46	75 82	2.90	- 0.2 - 0.9	9	4, 289	W.	22 24	8. W.	5	9	8	12	5.95	5.8 18	56 47	7.0 1
oint Reyes Light Pac. Coast Region.						51.0	- 0.3	65	II S	57	39		45 19			4.37	+ 0.1	7		nw.			000	8						
resno	338	5	29.65			53.2		70	28 6				43 29	44	72 80	1.00	- 0.3	5	3, 049	nw.	18	nw.	6	8	15	6	4-95	3-2	86 Sc	7. 2 18
n Diego	330	15	29.66	30.01	07	54-4	0.0	60	12 (53	42 1		46 30 49 25	45 48	80	3. 13	+ 0.5	AL	3, 259	100	24	8.	1		-	79	8.00	8. 5 18	36 80	0.8 18

Note.—The data at stations having no departures are not used in computing the district averages. Letters of the alphabet denote number of days missing from the record.

*Two or more directions, dates, or years. † Received too late to be considered in departures, etc.

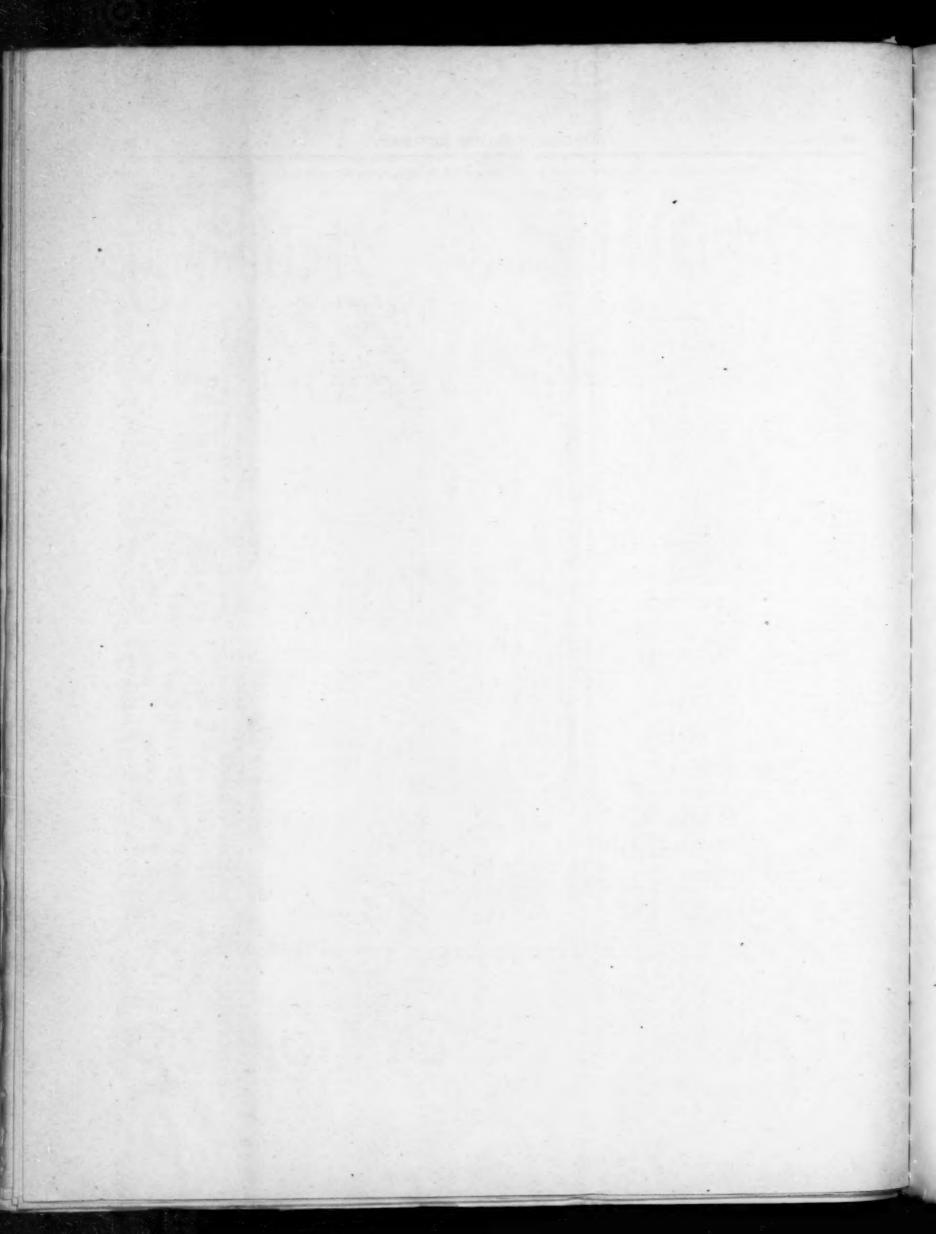
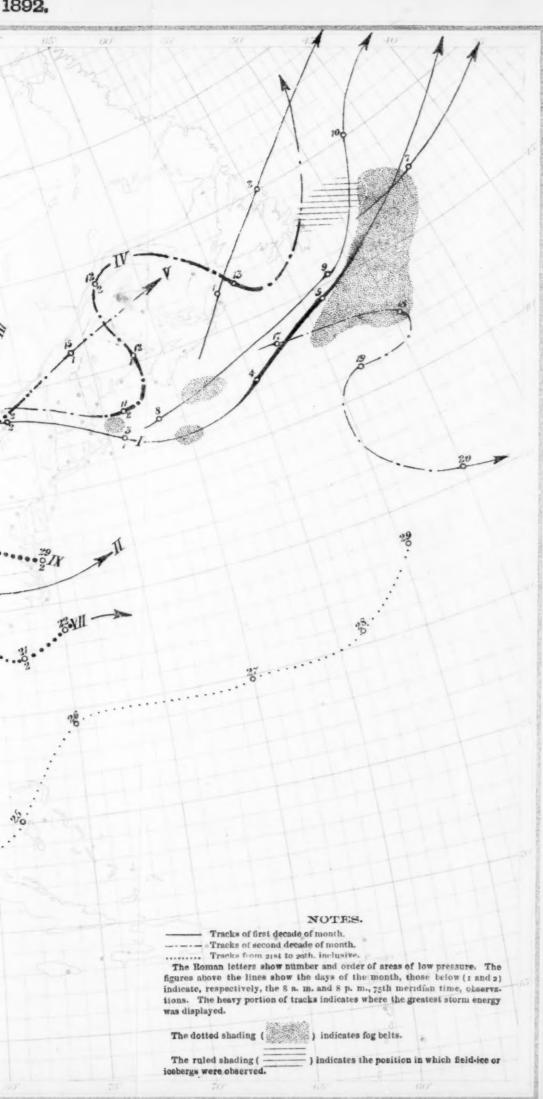
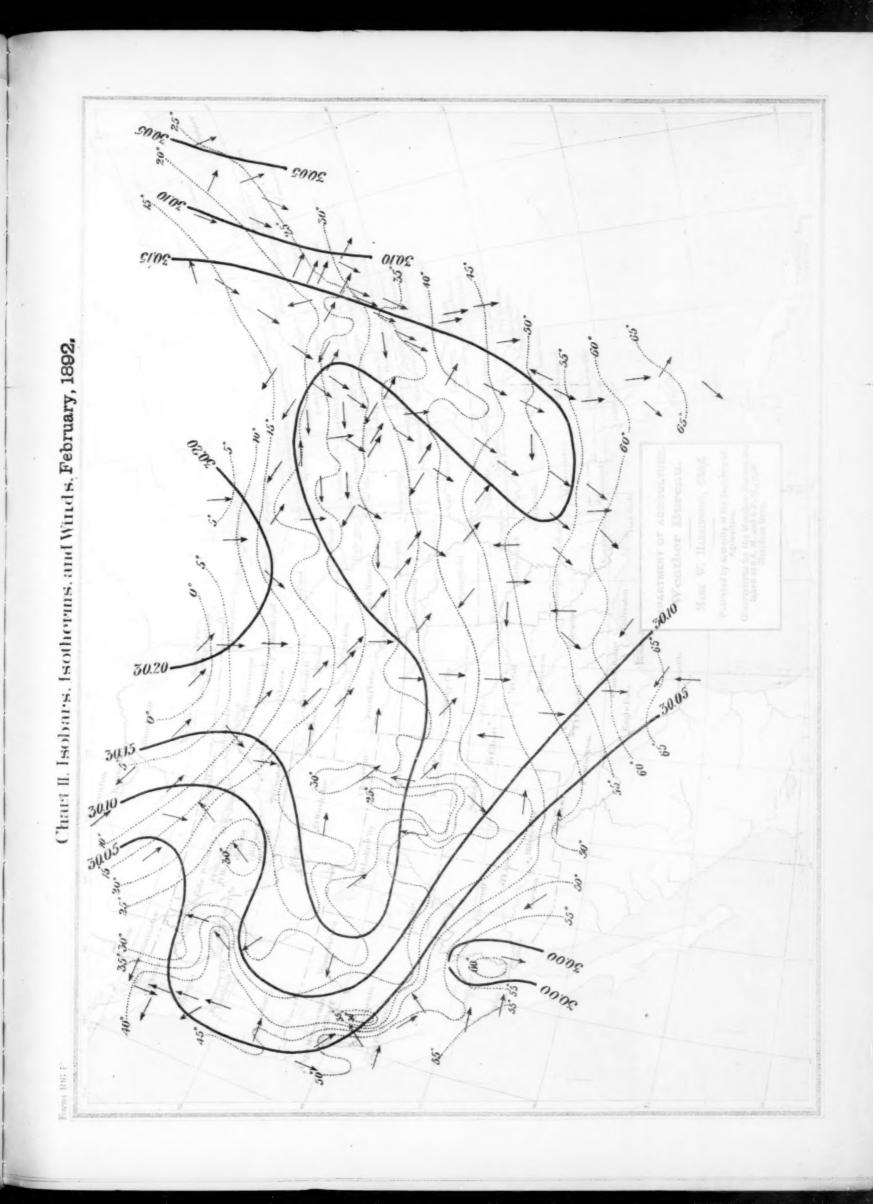


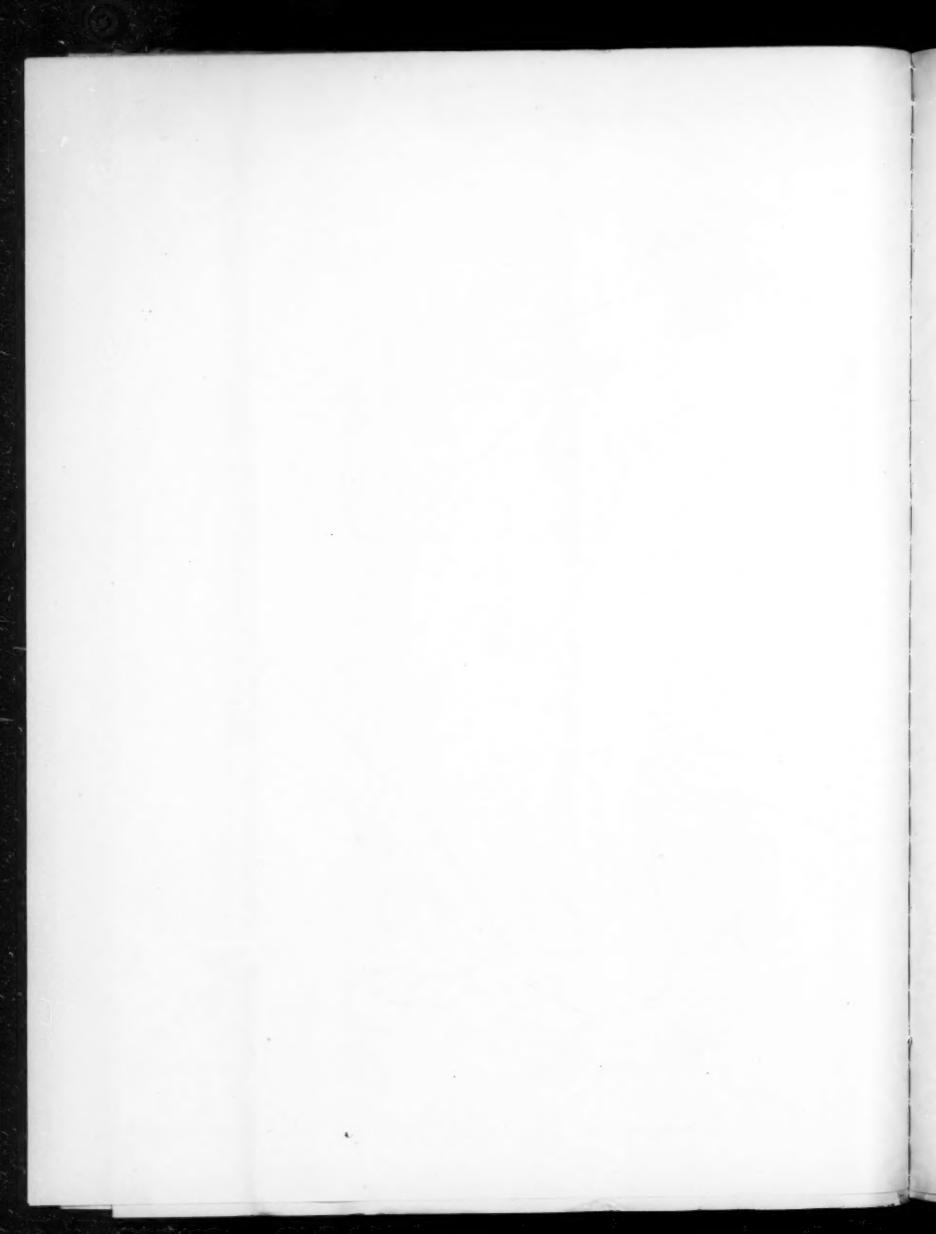


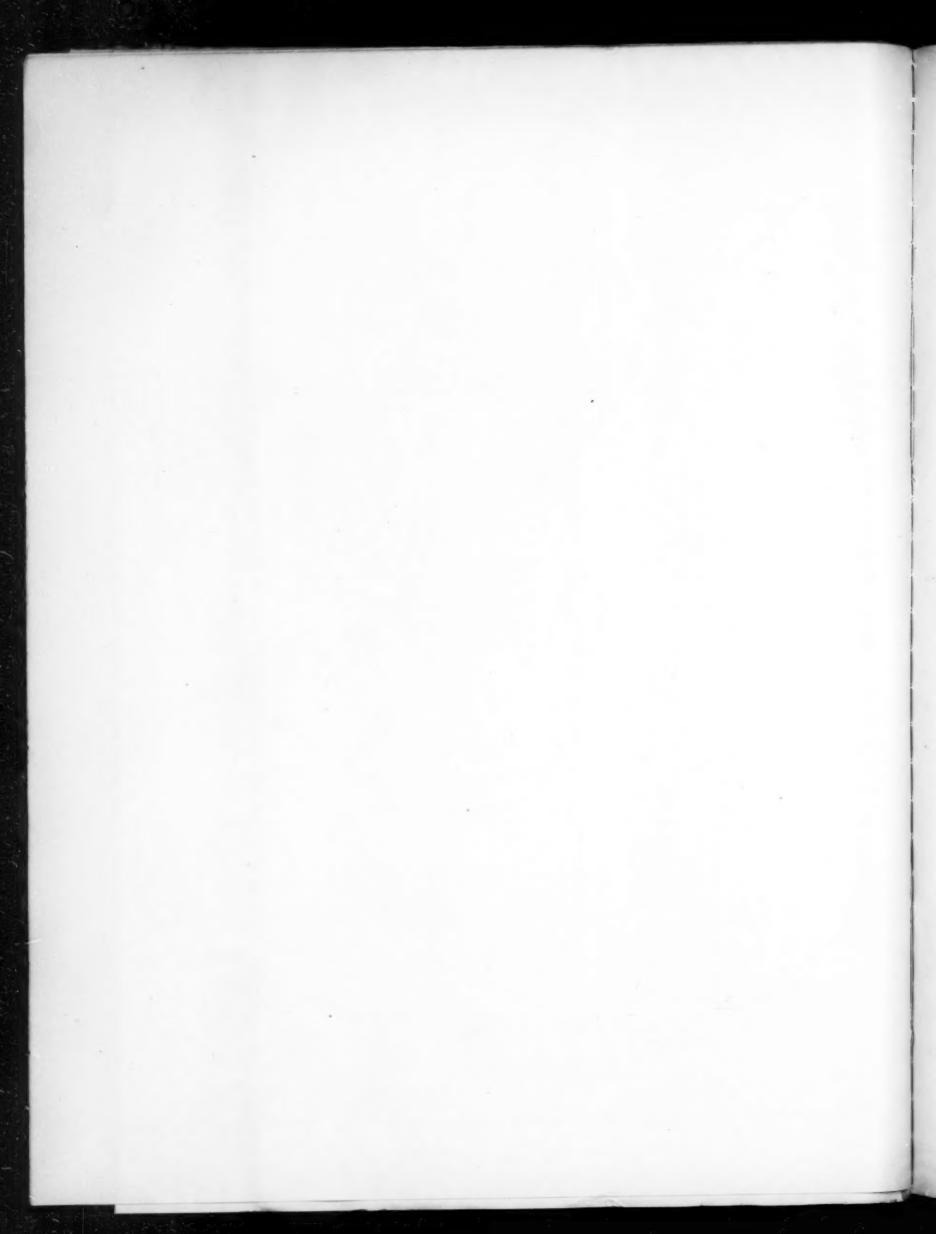
Chart I. Tracks of Areas of Low Pressure. February, 1892. VII ..

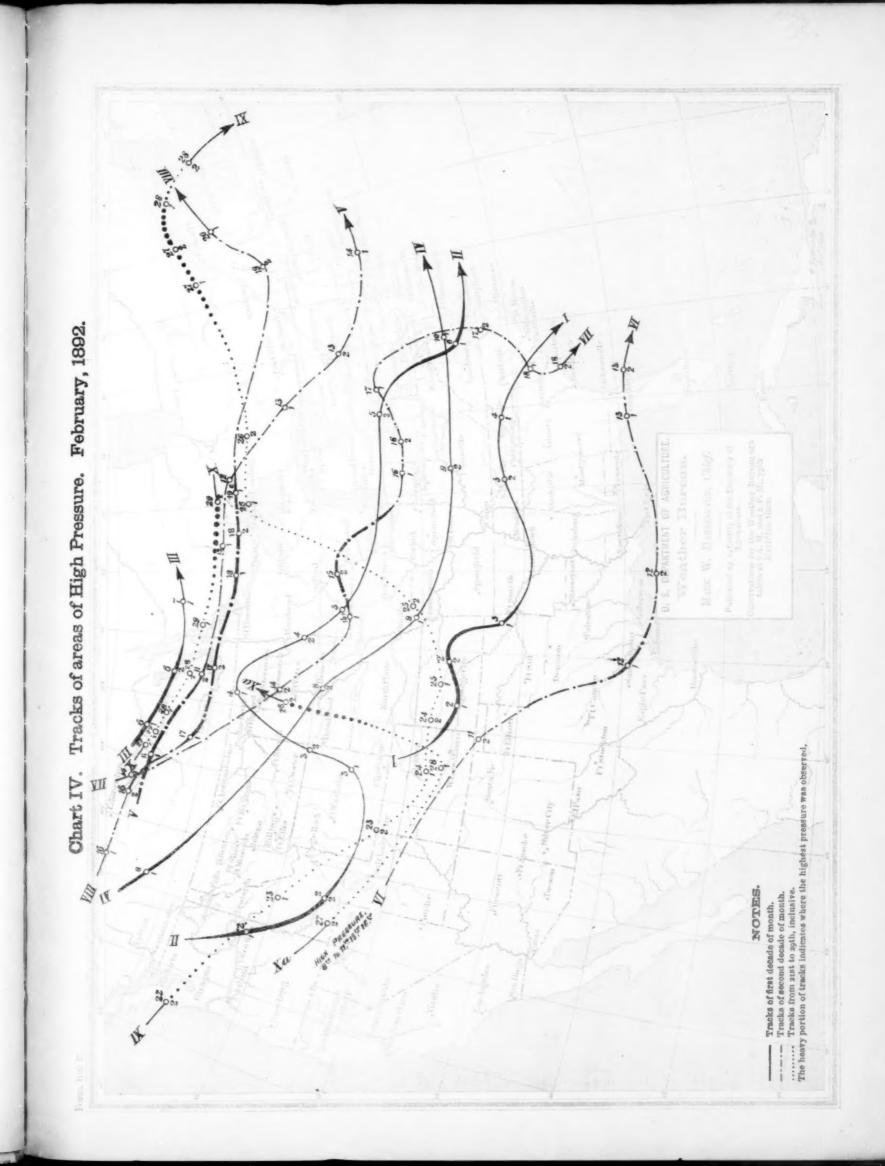












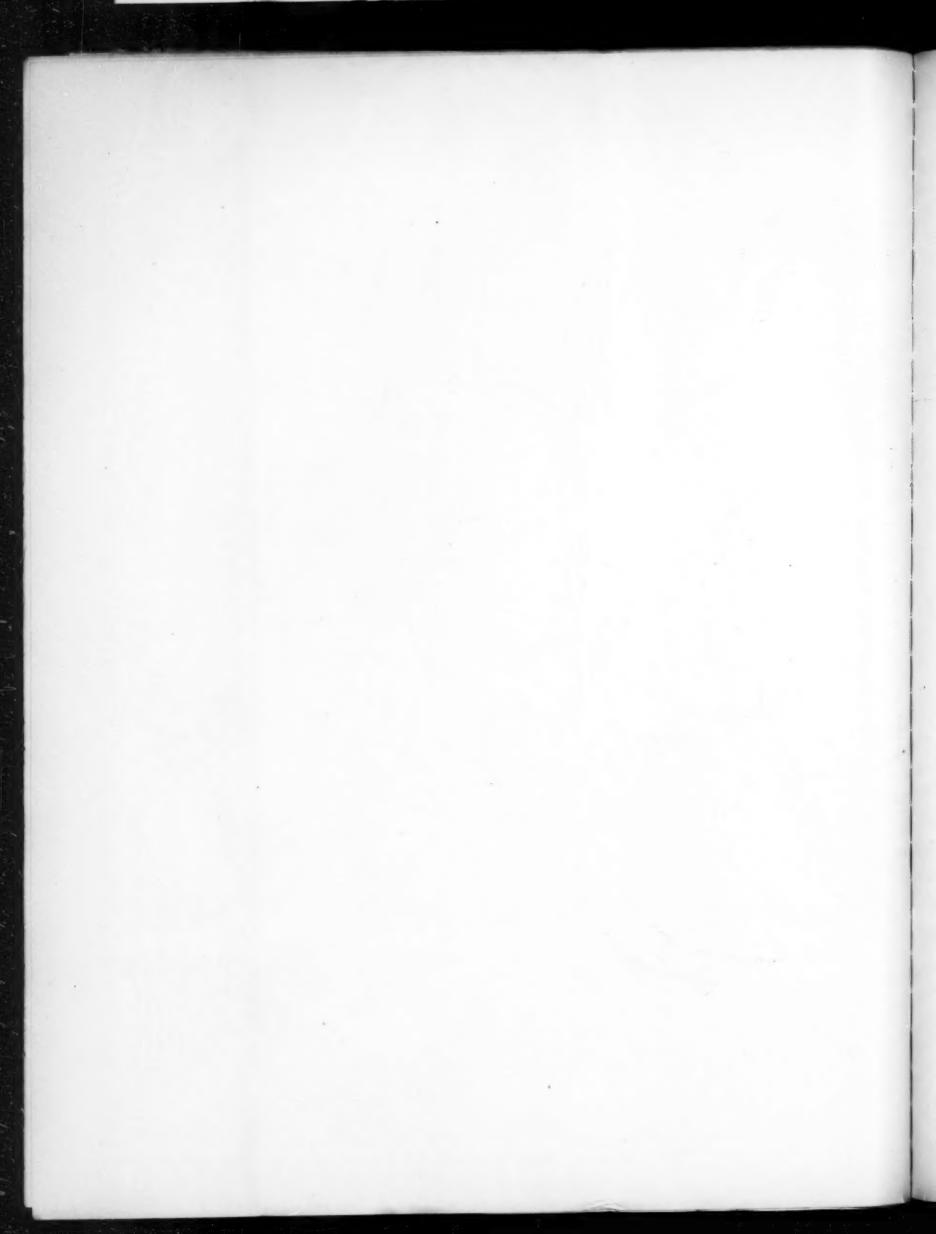
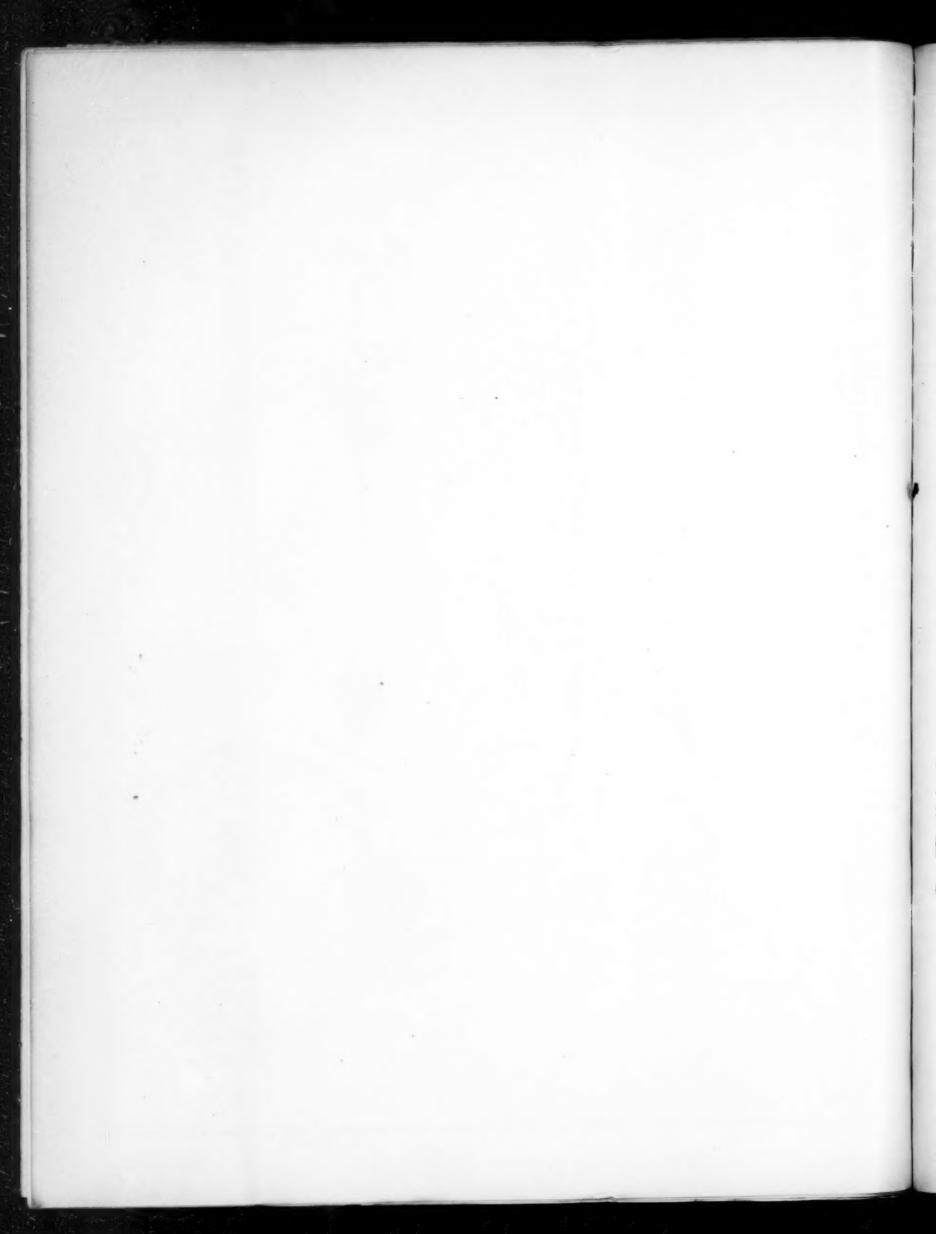


Chart V. Depth of Snowfall (inches) during February, 1892, and Limits of Freezing Weather.



Chart VI. Depth of Snow (inches) reported on ground February 29, 1892. Form 106 P



6.30 to 8.10 p.m. 8.45 to 8.50. pe 781. 7.45 to 8. P. IV. 7.08 to 8.00 pm: 6.55 to 7.40 pm: 6.50 to 8.30 pm: 6.50 to 8.50 pm: 7.65 to 8 pm: 6.30 to 8.40 p.m. 7.20 to 8.30 p.m. Chart VII. Limits of region in which auroral displays were reported February 13, 1892, and the period (Tie Tag p.m. Claude 7 to 10 p.m 10 8.25 p.ms. Managhto 63000 815 pm. 76 630 10 130 p.m. 630 100 0 45 p.m. 710 0 45 p.m. 630 10 0 0.25 p.m. 6.30 to 8 p.m. 7.10 to 8.15 p. me. during which they were observed. 75th Meridian time. Neather 7408 pame. Weather Empon 7.50 to 3.10 p.m. Cloudy 7.30 to 7.50 p.m 6.20 to 8.20 p.m. 13040 8pm. 1010 8.20 pm. Realier 7.15 to 8.10 pm. 7.30 to 8.10 pm. Cloudy FORM HALL IT